The New-York Times.

VOL. IX—NO. 2619. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1860. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TRANSATLANTIC NEWS.

THE CANADA AT HALIFAX.

Negotiations Regarding the Protection of Sailors.

Interesting Rumors touching Italian Affairs.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM PIUS IX.

General and Commercial Intelligence.

HALIFAX, Friday, Feb. 10.

The Royal Mail steamship *Canada*, which left Liverpool at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 28th ult., and Queenstown on the afternoon of the following day, arrived here at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

An attempt was made to send her news direct to Boston, which unfortunately failed, in consequence of the line breaking east of Lewiston, Maine. The news was then started to Montreal, *via* Quebec, and what we have so reached this City, but a second break occurred to the eastward of Quebec, unhappily suspended further communication.

The steamship *Etna* was to leave for New-Yor shortly after the *Canada*.

The steamship *Kangaroo*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 27th.

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Lords on the 26th, Lord BROUGHAM gave notice that he would, on an early day, move for some returns relative to Slavery, and would bring the whole question before the House. He would also move for a return of the cotton imported into England from America.

He made his motion on the following evening.

The Duke of NEWCASTLE, in response, said the returns should be produced, and the Government would do all in its power to suppress the Slave-trade.

The Marquis of NORMANBY asked the Government whether they had received any information of negotiations said to be progressing between France and Sardinia for the anexation of Savoy to France.

Earl GRANVILLE said the Government had no information of any negotiations of the kind, and the French Government had not been made acquainted with their opinions as to such an arrangement.

On the 27th, in the Commons, Mr. GRIFFITH called attention to a rumor that 30,000 French troops were expected at Leghorn, and inquired whether there was any reason to suppose that the object of such a movement was to prevent the annexation of Central Italy to Sardinia.

Lord JOHN RUSSELL said there was no truth in the statement, and he had no reason whatever to believe that the French Government contemplated any such step with the view imputed to it in the question.

Lord JOHN RUSSELL also stated, in reply to a question by Mr. MONCKTON MILNES, that in compliance with the address of the House on the cruelties practiced on board American ships, he had communicated with the American Government, and power had been given by it to Mr. DALLAS to enter into negotiations to put an end to the atrocities, so disgraceful to humanity; a Convention was being drawn up with this object in view. [Cheers.]

The Attorney-General gave notice of a bill for the consolidation and amendment of the bankruptcy laws.

The remains of Capt. HARRISON were removed from Southampton, on the 26th, amidst every demonstration of respect. The bells were tolled, minute guns were fired and the shops closed.

The commercial treaty between England and France attracted much attention. Some of its provisions had been published.

Later advices had been received from Australia. There was a panic at Mellbourne, and numerous failures had occurred.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LISBON, Thursday, Jan. 26.

The Cortes have been opened to-day. The King's speech mentions the friendly relations of Portugal with all nations.

MADRID, Friday, Jan. 27.

There is nothing new from the seat of war.

PARIS, Sunday, Jan. 29.

The *Univers* publishes a letter of the Pope to the Archbishops and Bishops, stating the motives of his refusal to accept the advice of the Emperor to give up the Romagna.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The sales of Cotton in the Liverpool Market added up for the week 83,000 bales, of which 16,000 were on speculation, and 11,500 for export. Cotton active. The market closed active, with an improvement upon the fair and middling qualities of 1-16d.@⅛d., particularly in uplands. The sales on Friday were 10,000 bales, of which 3,000 were to speculators and exporters, the market closing firm. The following are the authorized quotations:

Fair Orleans	7⅝	Middling Orleans	6 15-16
Fair Mobile	7¼	Middling Mobile	6¾
Fair Uplands	7	Middling Uplands	6⅝

The stock in port was 642,000 bales, of which 446,000 were American.

STATE OF TRADE IN MANCHESTER.

The advices from Manchester were favorable. Goods and yarns were selling at full prices.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. report FLOUR dull, with a declining tendency; sales at 23s.@26s. 6d. WHEAT dull, with a downward tendency, and previous quotations barely maintained. CORN steady, with rather more inquiry; sales of Yellow at 30s. 6d. @32s.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., and BIGLAND, ATHAYA & Co., report BEEF steady; holders offered freely, but showed no disposition to press sales. PORK quiet but steady. BACON steady; Cumberland 46s.; Middles, 49s.@51s. LARD steady, at 57s.@58s. 6d. TALLOW firm; Butchers' 49s. CHEESE very firm for good.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

The Brokers' circular reports ASHES quiet at 28s. 6d. @29s. for Pots and 30s. for Pearls. SUGAR heavy. COFFEE quiet. RICE firm. Philadelphia BARK 9s. 6d. @9s. 9d.; Baltimore 8s. 3d. CLOVER SEED in speculative demand at 50s.@51s. COD OIL £33@£34. LINSEED OIL 28s. 6d.@29s. RESIN steady; common, 4s. 4d.@4s. 6d; medium to fine 4s. 9d.@13s. SPIRITS TURPENTINE firm at 36s.@36s. 6d. TEA firm and tending upwards.

LONDON MARKETS.

BARINGS' circular reports BREADSTUFFS quiet but steady. IRON steady at £5 10s.@£5 15s. for both rails and bars. PIG steady at 58s.@58s. 3d. SUGARS firm. TEA slightly higher; Congou, 1s. 5d.@1s. 5½d., closing quieter. SPIRITS TURPENTINE steady at 36s. TALLOW steady at 59s. COFFEE quiet. OILS steady; Sperm advanced to £96; Linseed, 27s. 6d. RICE heavy.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

MONEY was in good demand at unchanged rates.

CONSOLS closed on Friday at 94⅜@94½ for both Money and account.

The Bullion in the Bank of England had decreased £325,000.

BARINGS' Circular quotes BAR SILVER 5s. 2⅛d.; DOLLARS 5s. 2⅛d.; EAGLES 76s. 3½d.

HAVRE MARKETS.

For the week ending Jan. 24, inclusive.

COTTON—The sales of the week foot up 5,000 bales. New-Orleans *très ordinaire*, 109f.; ditto *bas*, 99f. The market closed dull, and with these quotations barely maintained. The stock in port was 102,500 bales. FLOUR was declining. POT and PEARL ASHES were dull, and quotations barely maintained. COFFEE buoyant. OILS were slow of sale, and prices unaltered. RICE firm. SUGARS heavy. LARD dull, and quotations nominal. WHALEBONE—sales unimportant.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

Messrs. BARING BROTHERS report the business in American Securities limited at previous rates.

United States 6s, Bonds, 1868	98	
Massachusetts 5s, Bonds	102½	
Pennsylvania 5s, Bonds, 1877	85	@ 87½

Railway Bonds were heavy.

Messrs. BELL & Co. report the market quiet and slightly cheaper.

United States 6s, Bonds, 1868	98	@ 99
United States 5s,	92	@ 92¾
Alabama 5s, Bonds	75	@ 76½
Kentucky 6s, 1858-72	90	@ 92
Maryland 5s, Bonds	94	@ 96
Massachusettes fives, bonds	102	@103
Mississippi Union Bank Bonds	14	@ 16
Ohio sixes, 1878	97	@ 98
Pennsylvania fives	84	@ 86
Pennsylvania fives, Bonds, 1877	86	@ 88
South Carolina fives	85	@ 87
Tennessee sixes, Bonds	80	@ 82
Tennessee sixes, Shares	30	@ 35
New-York Central sixes	83	@ 85
New-York Central sevens	91	@ 93
New-York Central Railroad	68	@ 72
Erie Railroad sevens, 1st Mortgage	85	@ 87
Erie Railroad sevens, 2d mortgage	80	@ 82
Erie Railroad sevens, 3d Mortgage	68	@ 70
Erie Railroad sevens, Convertible	30	@ 35
Erie Railroad Stock	9	@ 10
Panama Railroad Bonds	100	@102
Pennsylvania Central sixes, 1st Mortgage	87⅜	@ 88⅜

The London *Times* of Friday reports sales of Illinois Central, Freeland, 1860, at 78@91¼; do. 7s, 79. New-York Central Railroad Sinking Fund, 84½. Erie Railroad 7s, 2d mortgage, 80½; do. 3d mortgage, 68½.

LATEST MARKETS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Sunday, Jan. 29—P. M.

COTTON—The sales of yesterday were 12,000 bales, including 3,000 on speculation and for export. The market closed firm, and the previous advance was fully maintained.

BREADSTUFFS were quiet at Friday's rates.

PROVISIONS quiet, with unimportant transactions.

LONDON, Saturday—P. M.

The closing price of Consols is 94¼@94⅜ for money and 94⅜@94½ for account.

FROM ALBANY.

The Railroad Toll Bill in the Senate.

Free Suffrage for Negroes in the House.

ALBANY, Friday, Feb. 10.

Remonstrances against the passage of any law interfering with the Eastern steamboats are pouring into the Senate daily. They are signed by the bulk of the prominent merchants and bankers of New-York, and are very emphatic against the proposed legislation in this matter.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Friday, Feb. 10.

Mr. McL. MURPHY presented five remonstrances against removing the East River steamboat landing.

Mr. LAWRENCE gave notice of a bill to authorize JAMES H. WOODS and others to construct and operate a Railroad in and through certain streets in New-York; also a bill to authorize J. T. MILLS and others to construct a Railroad in the City of New-York from Weehawken ferry, foot of 42d-street, North River, to Fulton ferry, at the foot of Fulton-street, East River, with branches.

The Railroad toll bill was considered in Committee of the Whole.

A motion to accept the Rome and Watertown Road was lost by 10 to 18.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Friday, Feb. 10.

The concurrent resolutions for the amendment of the Constitution, by abolishing the property qualification, were taken up as the specal order.

Mr. VAN HORN said the friends of these resolutions did not desire to debate them, but were ready to give them their support.

Mr. CALLICOT spoke at length in opposition to the proposed amendment, taking the broad ground that colored persons were not citizens, and had no rights as such, and that citizenship was confined to white men.

After a debate, the resolution was passed—70 to 36.

In the afternoon session, Mr. MILLER, of Erie, presented a numerously-signed memorial against any law removing the East River steamboats from their present landings.

A large number of remonstrances from a majority of the counties of the State was presented against the *pro rata* railroad tolls, or any legislation calculated to cripple commerce. Also several petitions for the *Pro Rata* bill were presented.

Mr. MORGAN, on presenting a numerously-signed *pro rata* petition, purporting to come from his town, stated that there was only one signature thereon known to him as a citizen of the town.

The bill to abolish capital punishment was referred to a Select Committee, composed of Messrs. Van Horn, Bingham, Robertson, A. A. Myers and Gibbs.

The bill to commute the death sentence of MARY HARTUNG was favorably reported.

Mr. MILLER gave notice of a bill to amend the ac relative to the use of wharves and slips on the East River.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. WEBSTER, for a railroad from Avenue D to Park-row and Broadway, as already published.

By Mr. COOPER, to exempt sextons of churches from jury duty.

Also to compel Justices of District Courts in New-York to pay over all fees, &c., received by them on proceedings had before them.

Also for a railroad from Forty-second-street to Houston-street and the East River.

By Mr. JONES, to provide for the inspection of steamboats used in New-York and Kings County.

It empowers the Comptrollers of the cities of New York and Brooklyn to appoint experienced, practical engineers as Inspectors of these cities, who shall inspect and certify to all boilers hereafter built for use in said cities, and all boilers or steam machinery now in use, and after three months from the passage no engine-boiler or steam machinery is to be used unless on a permit from the Inspector.

The bill also fixes the fees for inspection.

By Mr. COOPER, to prohibit the sale of adulterated lard, or from which any portion of its oil has been taken, and to compel the branding of packages of lard with the names of the factors and the gross weight.

By Mr. LEVY, to provide for a levy of tolls, the same as on the Canals, between the first of April and 1st of December, on the Central, New-York and Erie, Oswego and Syracuse, and Rome and Watertown Railroads.

By Mr. ODELL, to repeal the Metropolitan Police act.

By Mr. JONES, to provide for furnishing one copy of the Colonial History to each member of the Legislature.

By Mr. JAQUES, to fix the salary of the Chief in the office of the Surrogate of the City of New-York at $2,500.

Also, to amend the Charter of New-York, so as to create a Bureau on Tenement-houses.

Also, a second bill in relation to tenement-houses in New-York. It empowers the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty to make such laws as they deem proper, to compel all owners of tenement-houses to provide ample means of escape in case of fire, the same to be approved by the Common Council; forbids the erection of any tenement houses in future until the plan shall have been approved by the Common Council; empowers the Council to make regulations, ordinances, &c., for the management of such houses, and to impose a fine of not more than $500 for the violation of the same.

By Mr. JAQUES, to consolidate New-York, Kings, and Richmond Counties, into the Metropolitan Health District, and to provide for the appointment by the Governor of seven Commissioners. It gives the Commissioners the power and patronage of registration, quarantine regulations, and all powers now vested in the Board of Health and the City Inspector's Department, together with the street cleaning, inspection of weights and measures, inspection of buildings, &c. It makes sweeping changes in the several departments of the City Government.

By Mr. BRIGGS, to create a new Ward in Brooklyn.

By Mr. MILLIKEN, to provide for the indemnity of the sufferers by the Schuyler frauds. It provides that unless the New-Haven Railroad fully indemnifies the defrauded parties prior to July 1, 1860, their charter shall be repealed, and it authorizes them to mortgage the Dépôt and property in this State and issue bonds for such indemnification.

By Mr. MASTERSON, for a Railroad in Grand and other streets, New-York.

By Mr. BARRETT, a Prohibitory Liquor Law, containing the main features of the old law.

By Mr. DWIGHT, a bill concerning the Commissioners of the Emigration and Marine Hospital; the Governor and Senate to appoint three Commissioners, who, with the Health Officer and the physicians of the Marine Hospital, shall form a Board to take control of the Marine Hospital, and take charge of all persons suffering from sickness or disease, the Commissioners to collect from the master or owner or consignee of an emigrant vessel bringing persons with infectious diseases, $5 per week for each patient during his or her stay at the Marine Hospital; allows the physician of the said Hospital to appoint as many assistant physicians, nurses, and others, as necessary.

The following bills were passed among others:

To amend the act allowing the continued use of copartnership names, so as to extend its provisions to firms doing business wholly in this country.

In relation to District Attorneys, requiring them to file testimony in criminal trials with the County Clerk, within thirty days after the close of the term of the court.

To facilitate the completion of the Lake Ontario and Hudson River Railroads.

To compel County Treasurers to pay over the amount of the State tax in their hands before the 1st of March, or to compel them to pay 20 per cent. on the same. Passed by Ayes 66, Noes 33.

At 7 P. M. the Assembly adjourned till to-morrow morning.

Business Before the Senate.

A NEW CITY STREET.

Mr. McLEOD MURPHY'S bill to alter the map of New-York City, declares the following piece of land a public street: Seventy-five feet wide, running between and parallel with the Fourth and Fifth-avenues from the northerly side of Forty-second-street to southerly side of Seventy-ninth-street, the easterly line or side of said piece of land being 405 feet distant westerly from west line of Fourth-avenue, and westerly line thereof being 425 feet distant easterly from the east line of Fifth-avenue.

THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE AT OVID.

The Board of Trustees of the New-York State Agricultural College at Ovid present a memorial setting forth the success and prospects of the College, and asking that the mortgage for the $40,000 advanced by the State may be released, so that the Trustees may be enabled to negotiate for a loan of $30,000, to be secured upon the property. This is not practicable so long as the State mortgage is on the College, and the Trustees represent that the grant of $40,000 from the State was put in the form of a mortgage loan with their free assent, as they were desirous that, in case of a failure to put the College in operation, the State should be protected from loss; but no doubt was then entertained that the State would release or discharge the mortgage when it became certain the enterprise would succeed.

MORE CITY RAILROADS.

Mr. LAWRENCE gives notice of two new City Railroad schemes. One incorporates J. T. Mills, D. D. Nash, J. S. Thompson, Richard Kelly, George Irving and others, to build a road from the foot of Forty-second-street, on the North River, along Forty-second-street, Third-avenue, Bowery, Chatham, Pearl and Fulton streets to Fulton Ferry; returning through South-street, Roosevelt-street, New-Bowery, Chatham-square, Bowery, Third-avenue and Forty-second-street; with a southern branch from Chatham-street, through Chambers-street to Broadway; and a western branch from Bowery, through Broome-street, Centre and Canal streets to Broadway.

The other bill grants a charter to J. H. Wood, J. H. Swift, S. A. Walsh, L. N. Glover and others, for a road from the intersection of West Thirty-first-street and Eleventh-avenue, through Eleventh avenue, Twenty-third-street, Avenue A, Fourteenth-street, Avenue D, Houston-street, Mangin-street, Rivington-street, Tompkins-street, Delancey-street, East-street, Grand-street, East Broadway, Chatham-square, Chatham-street, City Hall-square and Park-row to Broadway.

THE PRESIDENTIAL QUESTION.

Hon. Miles Taylor, of Louisiana, declares in favor of Mr. Douglas.

From the New-Orleans Delta, Feb. 5.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19, 1860.

Hon. LOUIS BUSH—*My Dear Sir:* A copy of certain proposed "Joint resolutions relative to our Federal relations," reached me to-day, which were accompanied with a note from TAYLOR BEATTY, requesting me, in your name, to give my views to you on them. This I now do with great pleasure, and with the most perfect frankness.

In my opinion it would be unwise and improper for us to have any action of the kind contemplated by those who drew up these "resolutions" at the present session of the Legislature; and I am persuaded that all who, like myself, desire the preservation of the Union, if it can be preserved without injury to our interests, and with honor to ourselves, will concur with me in this opinion, if they will fairly consider the present posture of our affairs.

It is certain that the Slavery question has, at last, reached a crisis, and that it must be put an end to, or that the national confederation of these Sates must be dissolved. This, I think, will admit of no dispute any where in the South, at this time. And then the question necessarily arises in the minds of all those who would avoid a dissolution of the Union: How is the Slavery question to be put an end to? To me it seems clear that it can be put an end to only one way; and that is by putting down the Northern agitators of the question, in their respective States. Remonstrances addressed to them by the South will be of no avail. Guarantees extorted from them will be productive of no advantage. The enemies of the South, and of Southern institutions, must be put down by their fellow-citizens of the Northern States in the approaching elections, or the South must withdraw from the existing Union, and establish a new government for herself.

But it may be asked, if I believe that these alternatives are now immediately before us, Why not, then, prepare at once for the separation which becomes inevitable if our Northern enemies overcome our friends in the approaching contest? To this I would reply, that I believe any steps taken by us in that direction at this time would be prejudicial to our Northern friends in that contest, and would greatly diminish their chances of success in it; and that, in addition to this, there is no real necessity for any action of the kind now, because there will be ample time for us to act when the necessity of a separation is made manifest by the defeat of our Northern friends in November next. The situation of these friends has been for years most critical and trying; and, notwithstanding what has been said by some of our own zealots in their disparagement, every high-minded man must admit that we have been for years, and are now, under the highest obligation to them, and that we owe them a debt of gratitude which it will not be easy for us to repay. They have withstood, again and again, the united assaults of the fanatics and demagogues who have been so long warring upon the Constitution, and through it, upon the rights of the South; and now, when to all human apprehension the final conflict between them and fanaticism and demagoguery is about to be fought, I must confess, that I, for one, am unwilling to do anything unnecessary, which might discourage them or give an advantage to their enemies.

I have given the most careful attention to the present position of parties, and have reflected deeply and anxiously upon what the rapidly approaching future is to bring us; and I tell you now, with all frankness, that I see no well-founded hope for the preservation of the existing Union with honor to ourselves, but in the candidacy of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS for the Presidency. This may seem strange to you, but it is nevertheless true. Mr. DOUGLAS entertains various opinions which are condemned throughout the South. Some of them in which I can never, under any circumstances, concur; and yet I believe that he is the man, of all others, that the interests of the South, and of the whole nation, now require should be the candidate for the Presidency. My reasons for this belief are these:

The division in sentiment between the North and South has widened from day to day until the people of the two sections seem to constitute two hostile nations. The unfriendly action of many of the Northern States with respect to the South, through their Legislatures, their Executives, and their Judiciary, has been of such a character for years, that if it had been indulged in by one independent member of the great family of nations towards a neighboring State, it would have afforded a just ground for war—merciless, devastating, destructive war. If this seeming hostility between the Northern and Southern States is, in point of fact, real, it is hardly necessary to say that they can no longer remain members of the same confederation. The elections in the Northern States during the present year will necessarily be decisive as to this fact, for the question upon it is now, for the first time, distinctly before the people, and it must be determined by them. If the principles maintained by the great National Democratic Party are vindicated by the result of those elections, all will be well. But if, unhappily, on the other hand, our Northern brethren are overwhelmed in the conflict, we of the South, in my judgment, must pronounce the Union at an end, and engage at once in the construction of a new Government, for the protection and advancement of the interests of our own people.

The mere election of a Democratic President, however, will not be sufficient to preserve the Union. The Union cannot continue unless there is a complete revolution in Northern politics. Not only must the electoral votes to secure the election of our candidate for the Presidency, be carried, but, in my view, the Union will be, and ought to be broken up, unless the Northern people, through a majority of their Representatives in the national Congress, and through the action of their State Governments in their various departments—executive, legislative and judicial—give unmistakable evidence of a settled disposition to respect the rights of the South and of her people, and a fixed determination to put down and punish all attempts, within their own limits, or by their own people, to violate those rights, or to hinder or obstruct in any way their exercise or enjoyment.

Such a result as this I speak of can be secured only in one way: By placing at the head of our national ticket the name of the man who is the embodiment and true representative of the friendly feelings of the North towards us and our institutions. And that man I am certain is STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS. Politicians may say what they will; subsidised presses may persistently misrepresent—but if there is any one thing clear to an unbiassed mind, it is this: That STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, at this time, has full possession of the popular mind of the North which is truly, and on principle, favorable to the maintenance of all the rights of the South under the Constitution and in the Union. If he should be the nominee of the Democratic Party for the Presidency at the next election, my hope and belief is, that under the influence of the enthusiasm excited among his supporters by his great qualities, a mighty wave of patriotism and of devotion to the Constitution will roll over the whole North, and sweep away every vestige of Black Republicanism and its abominations from the high places of the nation, from the Aroostook and Cape May to the extremest portions of Iowa and Minnesota.

Entertaining these views, as I do, if I were in Louisiana I should most certainly do all in my power to secure the selection of delegates to Charleston who would be in favor of the nomination of DOUGLAS to the Presidency—and would, at the same time, as far as I could, discourage any action at the present session of the Legislature, with a view to the holding of a convention of the Southern States.

I have no concealments from the public as to my opinions on the subject under consideration, or any other; and I therefore say to you that you are at liberty to communicate those I have just expressed to any one who may desire to know them.

Accept of my best wishes.

Yours truly, MILES TAYLOR.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

From Jefferson Territory.

ANARCHY AND RIOT—SERIOUS DISTURBANCES AT DENVER CITY—LYNCH LAW THREATENED AT AURORA.

LEAVENWORTH, K. T., Friday, Feb. 10.

The Pike's Peak Express arrived here this afternoon with dates of the 3d inst., and $3,000 in gold.

The outward bound express was delayed fifty-two hours by heavy snows, which fell to the depth of fifteen inches between the Big and Little Blue River.

Great excitement prevailed in Denver City on account of the jumping of several claims within the city limits. The jumpers commenced the erection of buildings, and when warned to desist by a Committee of the town, the Company declared their intention to hold the claims at all hazards. Rifles were leveled upon the Committee, who, after holding a council, withdrew, but during the night a party proceeded to the claims and destroyed the improvements without molestation. The day following the jumpers retaliated by firing upon R. B. BRADFORD, agent of the Express Company, who, however, escaped unhurt. An attempt was also made to shoot R. E. WHITSETT, Secretary of the Town Company. Owing to threats having been made of firing the city, the streets were patrolled by armed bodies of citizens during the ensuing night, but no outbreak occurred. It was the prevailing belief that the claim controversy would lead to serious results.

The citizens of Aurora having taken measures to suppress the petty robberies which had become alarmingly prevalent, several collisions occurred between the citizens and implicated persons. Ex-Sheriff MIDDAGH was fired upon while entering the street from the Vasques House. A military company was assembled, who preserved quiet during the night. The next day four of the most offensive rioters were ordered to leave within five hours under penalty of being hung, which request they complied with.

Fires.

A BLOCK OF STORES AT WOODSTOCK.

WOODSTOCK, Vt., Friday, Feb. 10.

A fire broke out this morning, in the Edson block, and has destroyed the stores occupied by Messrs. Millish & French, grocers; Russell & Clark, jewelers; J. H. Murdock and W. Haskell, books and stationery; A. Hatch & Co., hardware; Chas. Chapman, druggist; George Paul, grocer, and R. H. Bailey, silversmith; also, the office of the Town Clerk.

MANUFACTORIES AT CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Friday, Feb. 10.

A fire, last night, destroyed KIMBALL & WEED'S flooring mill, No. 569 Race-street, and communicating to the chair factory of WM. NABERS, destroyed it also. The loss is $20,000. Insurance, $10,000.

WAREHOUSES, ELEVATOR, HOTEL, ETC., AT TONAWANDA, N. Y.

BUFFALO, Friday, Feb. 10.

A fire, last night, at Tonawanda, destroyed the large elevator and three warehouses adjoining, belonging to A. CLEVELAND & Co., and the American Hotel, a large and elegant building. The fine dock upon which the elevator was built was also burned to the water's edge. The amount of the loss is not known, but it is considerable. The insurance is small.

Large Bank Defalcation in Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Friday, Feb. 10.

It was announced here this morning that the Rhode Island Exchange Bank at East Greenwich had failed, and that the cashier was a defaulter to the amount of $72,000. The capital is $60,000, and the circulation $44,000. He is also a defaulter to the Savings Bank in the same town, of which he was Treasurer, to the amount of $36,000. He has lost the money in stock speculations. The assets of the bank are ample for the redemption of its circulation, and the holders of bills ought not to sacrifice them.

Agricultural Convention at Yale.

NEW-HAVEN, Friday, Feb. 10.

The reception last evening, by the students of the Yale Scientific School, to the Agricultural Convention, was an interesting occasion. The halls of the Literary Societies were thrown open, and about 500 gentleman and ladies were received by the venerable Prof. SILLIMAN. Two weeks of the lecture course remain, when thirty-five lectures on agriculture and domestic animals will be given.

Marine Disasters.

SANDY HOOK, Friday, Feb. 10.

The schooner *Mendoza*, of Eden, Maine, Capt. SARGENT, from New-York bound to Jacksonville, is ashore inside the Hook, laying high up.

Another schooner is ashore at the Horse-Shoe. Her name and the particulars of the disaster are unknown.

The Hudson Bridge Case.

HUDSON, N. Y., Friday, Feb. 10.

The motion for a perpetual injunction in the Hudson Bridge case was denied to-day. The temporary injunction is continued fourteen days after the entry of the order and notice thereof.

The Ohio Legislature.

CLEVELAND, Friday, Feb. 10.

The bill introduced by Mr. HARRISON into the Ohio Legislature to prevent and punish the organization of military expeditions in Ohio against the territory or people of any of these United States, has been indefinitely postponed.

Conviction for Murder.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Feb. 10.

The jury in the case of THOMPSON, tried for the murder of JOHN COPIC, after being out an entire week, have rendered a verdict of murder in the first degree.

The America Outward Bound.

HALIFAX, Friday, Feb. 10.

The Royal Mail Steamship *America*, from Boston, arrived at 1 o'clock to-day, and sails at 2 P. M., for Liverpool.

Murder of a Watchman.

A CUSTOM-HOUSE WATCHMAN KILLED.

At 1½ o'clock this morning, intelligence was communicated to the Police Head-quarters, that a most brutal and bloody murder had shortly before been committed in the First Ward. The dead body of a man was found in State-street, on the pavement, in front of No. 14. An officer, passing by on his beat, observed something on the walk, and stooping to see what it was, found the cold and lifeless body of a man. It was at first thought that some drunkard had fallen, but a full examination of the remains satisfied all of the unhappy man's real fate.

The skull was split open, as if with a club or a bar of iron, and the blood was flowing quite profusely from the wound. Immediate aid was secured, but all to no avail, as the murderer had done his work well. The crime must have been committed in the neighborhood of 11 o'clock, as the body was found at near midnight, and was then quite cold. It certainly could not have been committed much earlier, as the policeman on the beat would have noticed the body on going round upon his usual tour.

It was not long before the body was identified as that of WILLIAM L. TOURS, a Custom-house night-watchman, attached to one of the many warehouses in and around State-street. He had but a few moments before left his companions, in good spirits, to make an inspection, but had proceeded a short way only, when the murderous attack, which led to his death, was made upon him. The object was, beyond a doubt, robbery, as the deceased's watch and chain, which he had displayed on going out, was missing, and had apparently been torn from his clothing. There were no marks of a scuffle, as the unfortunate man could have had no time to prepare for defence. State-street is, at all times of the night, a lonely place, and any man beset by rowdies has but a poor chance. Mr. TOURS was a resident of No. 225 Monroe-street, where, it is said, he leaves a family. There is no clue to the guilty parties.

Several of our artists, says the Albany *Evening Journal*, have some fine specimens of their skill at the art exhibition in Troy. Palmer has three pieces, the statue of the "Little Peasant," and busts of Gov. Morgan and "Spring." G. H. Boughton has pictures of "Twilight," "Sharp Frost," "Nightfall," and "Leed's Bridge." T. Smith has "The Frozen Stream," "Winter," "Christmas Eve," and "Winter Evening." These are all highly creditable productions, and attract very general attention. The Harts have also some fine specimens on exhibition.

FROM THE PACIFIC.

ARRIVAL OF THE ATLANTIC.

$1,476,000 IN SPECIE.

Details of the Loss of the Northerner.

Later from California, the Isthmus, and South America.

The steamship *Atlantic* arrived at this port yesterday morning, from Aspinwall on the 3d inst., bringing the California passengers and specie shipment of Jan. 20—the through-trip having been made in twenty and a half days.

The passengers who left New-York on the 20th December, 1859, in the *Atlantic*, connecting at Panama with the *Golden Gate*, made the through-trip in 20 days and 6 hours, being the shortest time ever made from New-York to San Francisco.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer *John L. Stevens* left San Francisco Jan. 20, and arrived at Panama at 1¾ o'clock on Feb. 2, with 368 passengers and $1,476,625 68 in treasure. Her passengers and express crossed the Isthmus, and left Aspinwall on steamship *Atlantic* at 2 A. M., Feb. 3. On the night of Feb. 8, in the Gulf Stream, off Cape Hatteras, the *Atlantic* encountered a severe gale from N.N.W., with very heavy sea. A seaman, named CHRISTOPHER CODE was missing, supposed to have been washed overboard by a sea. Arrived off the Hook on Feb. 10, at 3 A. M., making the passage in 7 days 1 hour.

The *Atlantic* was detained 4½ hours waiting for a Pilot—blowing a very heavy gale from N. W. The pilot-boats were at anchor under the Hook.

Left in Aspinwall, U. S. steamer *Roanoke*, U. S. steamship *St. Louis*, and U. S. store-ship *Relief*. The *Roanoke* was to sail for Pensacola on Feb. 6.

We are indebted to Purser CLENNAN, of the *Atlantic*, for prompt delivery of packages.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

THE SENATORIAL ELECTION.

THE LOSS OF THE NORTHERNER—NAMES OF PERSONS LOST AND SAVED.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, Jan. 13, 1860.

Never was a community more surprised than was San Francisco, when late on Tuesday night last it was telegraphed that Gov. MILTON S. LATHAM had been selected by the Democratic Legislative Caucus to represent the State in the United States Senate, in place of BRODERICK. It had never been dreamed that LATHAM could be put upon the track. His friends had given out that after he had served his two years as Governor he was to come up for Dr. GWIN's place. Meanwhile the best they could do would be, not to allow a Northern man to be sent this time. Elect now anybody but WELLER, because WELLER is a Pennsylvanian, and the chivalry would never permit two Northern men to be sent to the Senate in succession. LATHAM worked hard for DENVER, but after the first Caucus it was seen that unless some new name united the opposition, WELLER would run off with the prize. In this emergency LATHAM was forced to veer from his own programme. Caucus chose him by the following vote:

Latham	51
Weller	43
Washington	2

Next day the Legislature in Joint Convention proceeded to an election with the following result:

M. S. Latham, (Dem.)	97
Edmund Randolph, (Anti-Lecompton)	15
O. L. Shafter	3

The fact that a Senator has been chosen is hailed with joy, for there is pressing need of legislation on State affairs, and there is a general satisfaction with the result in this part of the State. WELLER has made a reputation for honesty and fearlessness while he has been Governor in the "Cow Counties," as the politicians designate the agricultural parts of the State where there are no mines, but he has not been signally devoted to his party, and that has hurt him with the power that had an election in its gift. LATHAM is putting his house in order, and expects to start for Washington on the steamer of Feb. 5. He is a very young man, not yet 33 years of age! He was born in Ohio. In 1851 he was a clerk in one of the Courts of this County. In 1853 he was the successful Democratic candidate for Congress. In Washington he made no mark, but then he made no mistakes. In 1855, fortunately for him, he was defeated in Convention as a candidate for Governor, inasmuch as his rival only gained a Convention victory to be terribly whipped by the Know-Nothings, who then swept the State. Meanwhile he was enjoying the appointment of Collectorship of the port. In 1857, when GWIN was elected Senator, LATHAM was a disappointed aspirant for the place, and for BRODERICK's defeat of him at that time, LATHAM never forgave BRODERICK. Of course he was not particularly pleased with Dr. GWIN's share in the game, and as nothing has happened since to endear the two, he will enter the Senate without any excess of love for his colleague. Last September he was elected, by a flattering majority, Governor of California. On Monday he was inaugurated with imposing ceremonies, and delivered his first message. Yesterday he sent in his resignation, and on Saturday Lieutenant-Governor JOHN G. DOWNEY will gather up his skirts and take the seat he probably never fancied he would warm—the chair of Governor.

But who is DOWNEY? That is the question that everybody has been asking for the last two days. He is a native of Ireland, who came over before his tongue had learned the rich brogue. He tarried in Maryland till his beard had grown, and then, in 1850, came to California. Halting at Los Angeles, the blue and red lights of the apothecary glorified his windows for full six years. Meanwhile he had done Supervisor's duty, and in 1856 he went up to the seat of Government in the dignified capacity of member of Assembly. President BUCHANAN appointed him Collector of the Port of San Pedro, on a salary of $1,000 sure, and $2,000 more if he could make that amount of fees out of it. Last Fall he was put upon the State ticket elected and forgotten. Caucus, which moves in a mysterious way, has suddenly lifted him from the Presidency of the Senate into the Gubernatorial chair. How he is likely to manage, nobody can guess. He gives assurances that whatever LATHAM would have done he will do, and in the appointment of Senate Committees, which has been done since he learned his good luck, he seems to have started on the course that was marked out for him. Hail to the rising sun! He is Governor, and we all turn to him without a doubt of his future brilliant career.

Of course our extraordinary happiness in the possession of three several Governors within one week, floods us with Governors' Messages. Two are yet to come before Saturday night, and two are on our table already. From them and from the State Officers' annual reports, let me glean a few figures that will help you to an official understanding of the prosperity of California. Our State debt, all told, is a little over $4,000,000. We pay our interest punctually, and after the exhibit of last year's expenses and receipts, have a handsome balance to reduce the principal with. Our State tax has been 60 cents on the hundred dollars; Gov. WELLER thinks that 45 cents on the $100 will furnish ample revenue hereafter. The State expenses for 1859 were $916,182, (of which $100,000 were for shooting obsteperous Indians and removing the docile ones to the Reservations, for which the General Government is expected to pay,) and the State's receipts were $1,170,835. We paid for school purposes $427,603, which, though but a fraction of your city's annual expenses for the same objects, was $87,088 more than any preceding year. We had 7,904 babies born in the State during the twelve months past, and instead of two, we are in all fairness entitled to five representatives in the popular branch of Congress.

The whole area of the State embraces 99,463,680 acres of land and water, mountains and swamps. Of this, Uncle Sam claims the lion's share. Private claims cover only 14,568,960 acres, and the whole number assessed for taxes is but 7,053,394, which still is two millions more than helped bear the burden of taxation in 1858. The value of these assessed acres is put at $16,753,153, or seven millions more than in 1858. The total value of taxable property in the State is $131,060,279, or seven millions above the mark of 1858. We feel very proud of this show,—to you it will seem as inconsiderable as a Brooklyn murder does in the eyes of a New-York itemizer.

LATHAM put his foot into it. He has fairly committed himself on everything but the negro question. While he was yet Governor, he laid down a schedule of wants from the General Government. Now that he has a voice in the General Government, he will doubtless plead for the Golden State—her wants—in a manly way. But what we desire and what he represented us as craving, none here dare to object to. We want

First—An Overland Telegraph.

Second—A Railroad across the continent.

Third—Five per cent. on the sale of the public lands within our borders. You have given it to all the young States, from Ohio to Minnesota—why not to us? The consideration is that we, no more than Ohio, or any of her later-born sister States, never tax the public lands, and—it will amount to a million of dollars by the time all are sold—which is a very strong argument with us for insisting on your impartial generosity.

Fourth—We want a punctual reimbursement of the expense of capturing our dusky "diggers." We have paid the bills, but it was Uncle Samuel's job. Fork over!

I have not troubled you much with politics, so let me relieve my mind of all that is on it of that nature. I never happened into a region where there was so little said on the subject, for it is all one way. The State belongs to the Democracy, from the backbone and crest of the Sierra Nevada to low water-mark on the sea-shore. San Francisco is just as likely to elect Republicans as anything else—indeed, a little more likely to, for the reason that the People rule here, and they have a fancy for honest officers, without the slightest reference to what they think of Mr. BUCHANAN. But the mines are full of old Hunkers of the most virulent order, and the mining region is the State—or, rather, it was, the last time it uttered its voice. The political aspect of affairs is very curious, in consideration of the fact that far the larger portion of the late emigration is from the Free States. The explanation lies in the great abundance of Virginians, who are office-holders by profession, who have studied the art of being *in* from the beginning, and they govern us while we are busy getting together a little something to live on when old age overtakes us. In the Legislature fifty-three members are from the South, and fifty-two from the North; yet of the twelve responsible officers of the two Houses, eight are from the South, and four from the Free States.

It would do the rheumy eyes of Winter-pinched New-Yorkers good to ride out on this 13th day of January into the farming regions that slope to San Francisco Bay. The fields are green, and the cattle find abundance of pasture on them. Great stories the farmers tell of their last year's crops, and great groaning they utter over the small compensation they get for them. The harvests were so abundant, the yield was so immense, that our home markets are overstocked with everything. Flour, than which there is no better, sells for $5 75 or $6 the barrel. Wheat fetches $1 65 to $1 75 the hundred pounds. Barley brings $1 75 the hundred pounds, or 1¾ cents a pound, while at our last hearing from the East it was worth with you 1½ cents a pound. Corn fetches 84 cents the bushel. Meats scarcely rule above your prices, and game of all kinds is dog cheap. The high price of labor and the dread of trumped-up land claims are the two bugbears of the farmers, notwithstanding which they are all making money, and have no right to growl at their net profits. Dismal as their wailings are, I do not doubt if your Down-East farmers could once look on our broad, untouched acres, that are offered for sale for a song, and could get a glimpse of the grumblers' ledgers, thousands of them would turn their exhausted fields into cash and avail themselves of the cheap rates of fare on the steamers to hurry up the Isthmus trip and set down their stakes in California. Farmers, miners and mechanics are in demand. Clerks, unprotected females, doctors and lawyers, will make a poor bargain by coming—for all the good places for such are taken. If a woman has a home here to come to, where she can bide her time, her services will surely be wanted; but to come alone she must needs be strong-minded to find it either pleasant or profitable.

The Board of Education has just fixed the tariff of teachers' wages for the city public schools. Compared with the New-York and Brooklyn rates they are not bad, but it must be remembered that there is a good deal of crowding for situations, and none but the Normal-school bred are in demand. All but the Principals of Grammar Schools must be females. Principals of Grammar Schools (males) have $200 a month; first assistants, $100; all other assistants, $85. Principals of Primaries (females) have $105; their assistants $80. But the vacations are not reckoned in, and the year really has but ten months.

Real estate in San Francisco is looking up. For business stands in the very heart of the city New-York prices rule, but for snug homesteads, 25x100 feet, within five minutes' walk of the City Hall, $800 or $1,600 is a big price, notwithstanding the late rise. The grade is established, except near the crown of the hills, and there is less and less danger, monthly, of finding your second-story windows suddenly on a level with the street. Speaking of real estate, three very handsome buildings are going up on a piece of ground on Stockton-street, near Washington-street, which is still the property of a clergyman well known in your vicinity. In the early days of San Francisco Rev. Mr. WILLIAMS purchased this property for the use of the church of which he was the pastor, buying it very low. But his people thought it dear, and, with many regrets for his lack of judgment, declined to assume his bargain. He was a good deal disconcerted at finding himself a real estate owner against his will, but borrowed the money and kept the deed. One day soon after, the City grew up in that direction, and the trustees proposed to relieve their pastor of his responsibilities. He was not anxious now, however, and in 1853–4 he pocketed a very handsome rent-roll. In 1855 his tenants felt the full force of the crash, and the improvements on it, if we hear aright, scarcely paid the ground rent. Now, again, it is exceedingly valuable property, and the involuntary real-estate-owning dominie has a very handsome income out of it.

In less than a month we shall have a railroad running the length of Market-street, which halves the City. The other projected road running north and south, pauses in its coming; an injunction served upon the Supervisors just as they were about to give it birth, stays its course.

The newspapers have been a good deal exercised as to who shall do the city printing. The *Bulletin* did it last year for nothing, in accordance with its professed willingness to show citizens what the City Fathers were doing, at any cost. But they sickened of the job, and this year put in the highest bid of all. The *Times* (Republican) is like to get it for the coming year, as its bid seems to be the lowest.

GEN. TOTTEN, back from the North, is occasionally visible at the Oriental. He is enjoying his leisure in looking up the curiosities of the town.

The Overland Mail, with New-York dates to the 22d of December, arrived yesterday within reach of the telegraphic fingers, that rifled it of a lot of Congressional nonsense and the startling news that the Philadelphia medical students are making a stampede for the South. Sad news for the Union, that!

HACKETT has been playing *Falstaff*, in the "Merry Wives of Windsor" and "Henry IV.," to houses crammed, at extra prices, from dome to pit. He plays at the American, which lately has always had a plenty of good seats to spare. The fat knight has filled all the boxes with the *élite*, and caused the orchestra seats to encroach upon, and at last abolish the "pit" utterly. He has given two "last nights" already, and will give another to-night. ANDERSON, the wizard, gave his "positively last night" on Thursday. As he has not begun to advertise in his famous way yet, it is not likely that he dreams of leaving us so. He has never exhibited before an empty seat since his arrival, nor has he reached the "Conundrum dodge."

RICHARD H. DANA (*Before the Mast*) sailed on Thursday for China, in the *Early Bird*. He intends going through India and Palestine, and thence home by Europe.

Within a fortnight past one hundred tons of "earshells," "abaloves," a species of the *Haliotis*, gathered from the California coast, have been dispatched from this city to New-York—one half of them destined to the German cutlers, one half to the workmen of Paris. They are to be wrought into "pearl handles" for surgeons' implements, pocket-book covers and card-cases. This is a new branch of trade, and promises a handsome profit to those who originate it. GLAUCUS.

The Loss of the Steamship Northerner.

STATEMENT OF CAPT. DALL—NAMES OF THE LOST AND SAVED.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, Jan. 20, 1860.

We have further details of the wreck of the steamer *Northerner* and the melancholy loss of life. A letter has just been received from Capt. DALL, which gives a clear and distinct narrative of the lamentable affair. From it you will perceive that there were 108 persons on board at the time of the wreck, of whom 55 were passengers and 53 the crew. Of the passengers, 17 were lost and 38 saved; of the crew, 21 were lost and 32 saved. Capt. DALL is an excellent officer, long experienced upon the North Coast, and perfectly cool and intrepid in the most trying situations. His ship was in excellent condition, and his crew under thorough discipline. The disaster which has overtaken him is one that no prudence or sagacity could avoid. This coast has been thoroughly examined by the Coast Survey, and the passage in which the accident occurred was supposed to be entirely free of all hidden dangers. The loss of the *Northerner* by running upon a submerged rock over which no warning-breaker rose to indicate the danger, shows that the work of the Coast Survey sadly needs overhauling and perfecting.

The rescued passengers all speak of Capt. DALL's conduct in terms of high praise. He remained at his post as long as there seemed to be any hope, and remained upon the wreck until it was evident that passengers needed his example to induce them to trust their lives to the line which had been stretched to the shore. When he reached the shore he was exhausted and insensible, so that his comrades picked him up from the beach and carried him to a place of safety. How he survived the terrible struggle in the breakers is a mystery.

Among the lost no one is more sincerely mourned than is FRENCH, the first officer of the ship. I knew him well, having made two voyages with him, and on each occasion been indebted to him for much kindness and attention. He was a noble specimen of the rough-handed, active, energetic, but kind-hearted sailor,—an excellent officer, and fearless as a bold spirit and long battling with the elements could make him. He died at the post of duty. Having gone on shore with a boat, narrowly escaping with his life, he started again for the ship, despite the remonstrances of those who were with him, and who told him it was madness again to attempt the passage of breakers in the the terrible darkness and howling storm. His answer was characteristic of the man: "I have as much to live for as any of you; but my life belongs to the people on that steamer. I am going off to stay by the Captain. He reached the ship's side, and while endeavoring to get a line to carry on shore, his boat was capsized and he was lost. It is supposed that he was crushed between his boat and the wreck; but the stoutest swimmer would have been helpless in the swift running sea which in an instant swept boat and man out into the black darkness. Poor FRENCH! He left in San Francisco a loving wife and three little children.

STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN DALL.

HUMBOLDT BAY, Jan. 8, 1860.

Messrs. Forbes & Babcock, Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Company, San Francisco:

GENTLEMEN: The steamship *Northerner*, leaving San Francisco at 5 P. M. of Jan. 4, made a rapid run up the coast, until within two miles of Cape Mendocino, when she struck a sunken rock. There was a fresh breeze from the southeast, and with all sail set, we were making from eleven to twelve miles an hour. I was standing forward of the wheel-house, talking with Mr. FRENCH, and he had just remarked we must be making twelve miles an hour, as we were only fifty minutes from Gordu Rock, and were now not more than two miles south of the Sugar Loaf, (a remarkable rock off the Cape,) when, as she settled in the sea, we felt a slight shock, and Mr. FRENCH said, "Is that a whale?" I said I did not know; that if it was a rock, it was a new one.

I told Mr. Gladwell (the Columbia river pilot) to go aft and get the bearings of the place, that we might fix the spot, and I then told Mr. French to go down in the engine room and see if she was making any water. He soon came back, and reported the ship making water very fast. I then told him to get all the pumps at work, and in less than five minutes after she struck there were six pumps at work, besides the steam pump and the bilge injection, and the water was steadily gaining on them over an inch a minute.

Ten minutes after she struck we passed Cape Mendocino, and I headed in for the beach below Humboldt Bay. I at first thought of making the bar of Humboldt Bay, but that was eighteen miles, and the engineer reported the water would be up to the fire in forty minutes. While running for the beach all the boats were swung out, and every preparation made for lowering them and landing the passengers. I told Mr. O'NEIL to send me word three minutes before the water would be up to the fires, and we had just got to what I supposed was the best place, when he said the water was just to the fires, and I put the helm up and headed for the beach.

The engine only made twenty revolutions after she struck. I had the ladies all on deck and as soon as she was hard on the beach, we lowered the largest life-boat and sent Mr. FRENCH and four men in it, I then lowered, myself, all the ladies into it, with the exception of two. The breakers rolled completely over the boat, filling her quite full, but she got on shore safely. I then sent the second officer, Mr. BIRCH, with the second boat and one lady and some other passengers, but his boat was capsized, and only three passengers saved. The third boat, in charge of Mr. GLADWELL, river pilot, was also capsized and nearly all perished. Seeing the fate of these two last boats, I hesitated lowering any more, until the tide was higher and the ship further up on the beach.

In half an hour she had beaten over the outer bar, and was in deep water inside, and was dragging up the beach with the strong current. Knowing she would lay better head to sea, I let go the in-shore anchor, and she gradually was thrown around by the sea, until she lay diagonally to the sea, and offered her starboard bow to the greatest force. It was quite dark, and the wind had increased to a gale, and there was a terrible surf on the beach. About 8 P. M. Mr. FRENCH managed to launch his boat, but knowing nothing about the currents, it was carried up the beach into a heavy body of breakers, and it was with difficulty that he got to the shore again. He then dragged his boat a long way up the beach, and again got off, and this time got alongside. I threw him the end of the deep-sea lead line, and told him to take it on shore, and haul a large line on shore, and then haul the boat backward and forward with it. Just as he caught the line, his boat was caught in the eddy, and in an instant was carried under the counter and capsized, and he and two of the crew were lost.

We then waited some time for another boat to come from the shore, but none came. I hesitated about lowering another boat from the steamer, as I looked upon it as almost certain death alongside the ship, but as there appeared to be no other chance, I directed Mr. O'NEAL, the Chief Engineer, to pick a crew and try it. He cheerfully went about it, and by the favor of Providence got the line on shore. This was about 10 P. M. A larger line was bent on and hauled on shore, and made fast to one of the large boats.

We waited some time for a boat to come back, but none coming, I knew there must be some reason, and told the passengers they must trust themselves to the line and their life-preservers. Many went, and I think half of them got on shore. Not a man of the crew attempted to leave the steamer until I told them, and I did not let any of them go until I saw the passengers had the impression that I was keeping them back for some better way of getting on shore. I then let them go one at a time, and among the passengers, keeping a few officers remaining to the last. At 1 A. M., there were about 16 still remaining on the wreck. and I then sent the purser and the steward. I entreated the rest of the passengers to go on the line, but they would not go, unless I would go ahead, and seeing I was only doing them harm by staying, I went myself. I know you will believe I did all in my power to save my passengers and crew, and did not leave the ship until there was no chance of my getting another soul off before me. I told those remaining that I was going, and asked who wanted to go ahead of me; and all said they would follow me.

A better set of officers and crew no ship ever had. There was no noise and confusion, and the six boats lay ready at the davits. Not a man went into them or attempted it, who was not called by name. The passengers were cool, and obeyed all orders cheerfully and promptly. When Mr. FRENCH left the beach some of the people told him he would certainly be drowned, as it was madness to attempt to reach the steamer. He said he had as much to live for as any man, but that his life belonged to the people on that steamer, and he was going off to stay by the captain. I was utterly exhausted when I reached the beach and was caught by some men, who dragged me out and took me to a house half a mile off. As soon as I collected my senses I went back to the beach, but in a short half hour the ship had gone to pieces. I staid on the beach all night with Messrs. BIRCH, O'NEAL and some of the crew, and we were unable to find any more people. At daylight we collected twelve dead bodies, and in all have found fourteen.

The people of the country rendered every assistance in their power to save life, and to make those saved comfortable. The ship is an entire—a total wreck, with nothing at all belonging to her saved—every thing broken as fine as kindling wood! The cargo and baggage were all broken up, and we have picked up a few things. No one saved anything but what he had on. We have picked up about forty-five bags of mail matter, and I think there were fifty-eight on board. [We are informed that there were 55 mail bags.—ED. BULLETIN.]

The *Columbia* arrived at Humboldt Bay the next day, and I took all my passengers and the mails over to her, and she will carry them to their destination. I have put all the crew saved on board of her, with the exception of the officers and six men, who I shall keep on the beach some time looking for the dead bodies. I shall sell the remains of the steamer for the benefit of the Underwriters, and what was saved from the cargo for the benefit of whom it may concern, on Tuesday morning, the 10th inst.

The boats saved from the ship I shall bring down on the *Columbia*; and perhaps some of the life-preservers. Of course, the sale will amount to nothing, but it is a necessary form, and I shall comply with it and have everything requisite in order. The steamer's register and articles and passenger list were saved; and we have got, I think, a true list of the lost and saved, which I now send you. I send this by Mr. TIMOTHY RENWICK, late a freight clerk on board the *Northerner*, and he will give you, up to the time of his leaving the steamer, the particulars in detail. I have noted a protest at Eureka, and will extend the protest in San Francisco.

I shall come down with the balance of my officers and crew on the *Columbia*.

Yours respectfully, WM. L. DALL.

LISTS OF PASSENGERS AND CREW LOST AND SAVED, REFERRED TO IN CAPT. DALL'S LETTER.

Passengers Lost—Cabin.—Mr. Blomfield, England; Mr. Haas, Portland; Mr. Perkins, Steilacoom; Mr. Barry, W. F. & Co.; Mr. Delschneider, Portland; Mr. Sweitzer, Oregon City; Mr. Meeker, Steilacoom.

Steerage Lost—Samuel Gregg and sister, C. Thomas, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Daly, Mr. Hissim, E. Rainey, A. Hunter, Mr. Trepsy, Mr. Greenshield—Total passengers lost, 17.

Crew Lost—A. French, 1st officer; H. Mayhood, 3d do.; R. A. Nation, 1st ass't engineer; H. Doyle, fireman; L. Howes, coal passer; John Desnoyer, carpenter; Mike Darney, Thos. Leonard, W. G. Clark, Fred. Maas, seamen; John Grant, mess-room boy; Jos. Webster, porter; J. D. Turner, Thomas Connelly, Manuel Suarez, John Hedden, waiters; Louis Volstadt, 1st cook; Herman Renkin, 2d cook; H. Wellington, 3d cook; the barber, colored man; Thos. Gladwell, pilot—Total crew lost, 21.

Passengers Saved—Cabin.—G. W. Tew, wife and three children, T. V. Smith, O. Adler, A. G. Balch, G. Vignolo, Miss Jordan, J. A. Wheeler, J. J. Gould, Mr. Estes, A. Hinman, A. B. Robertson, J. H. Henry, H. Bledsoe, Mrs. E. Switzer, M. Trenbath, Miss Hartney.

Steerage Saved—W. Farrell, Fred. Freeman, J. J. Gwinn, Wm. Reese, W. D. Ray, P. Kelly, J. Quigley, H. M. Patrick, J. A. Gallagher, Mrs. Thompson and child, John Morrill, George Baum, Mr. Aureau and four Chinamen. Total passengers saved, 38.

Crew Saved.—W. L. Dall, captain; W. E. Birch, second officer; Thomas O'Niel, chief engineer; J. M. Breck, purser; Jos. Bryant, second assistant engineer; Edward Macaniny and D. J. Cloughlet water tenders; R. Loomis, Jerry Barnett, William Whitby, firemen; Robert Boyd, H. Norton, F. K. Callaghan, coal passers; Jas. Lannahan, eng. storekeeper; Moses Rogers, bar pilot; H. Duffy; Henry Otto, Henry Gardner, James Silva, John Daly, Hugh Duncan, Daniel Horrigan, James Weighton, William King, seamen; John Deming, steward; John Paulsen, second steward; Samuel Lewis, steerage steward; Jose Almaden, pantryman; Rich Hill, baker; Michael Monen John Power, G. Stege, waiters. Total crew, 32.

THE ISTHMUS.

Naval Intelligence—The Roanoke and the Japanese Embassy—Movements of the Fleet—Naval Court-Martial.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ASPINWALL, Thursday, Feb. 2, 1860.

The mail steamer *North Star* brought orders to Flag-Officer MCCLUNEY to proceed immediately with the flag-ship *Roanoke* to the Pensacola Navy-Yard for the purpose of caulking, and to return with the greatest dispatch to Aspinwall. It is presumed that she will then take to New-York the Japanese Commissioners, (under her previous instructions,) and who are now confidently expected to arrive at Panama in the United States steam-frigate *Powhatan* about the first week in April. It is more than probable that, should the *Roanoke* meet with any accident on the way to or from, or much detention at, Pensacola, she will *not* return to Aspinwall in time to receive the Commissioners. The *Mississippi* was fitted out in Japan, by native artists, it was so understood, for the accommodation of the Commissioners, who then declined to visit the United States; and, as the *Mississippi* was at the Island of St. Thomas, a short time since, on her way to the United States, she must have arrived there before this.

The *Roanoke*, I understand, cannot possibly get away from here before the 6th instant, being detained by the want of water. It is now being supplied to her by the Panama Railroad Company, who are running extra cars a distance of about seven miles to procure this water. The dam and pipes at Porto Bello are out of order, and require repairs; and water cannot be had there except at a great loss of time.

The United States ship *St. Louis*, Com. POOR, and storeship *Relief*, Com. DOVE, are here. The *Preble*, Com. JENKINS, arrived from Carthagena on the 19th ult., and sailed on the 26th for Vera Cruz. The United States frigate *Sabine*, Capt. ADAMS, is off San Juan del Norte, and when relieved by the *St. Louis*, she will come here to stay during the absence of the flag-ship *Roanoke*.

A Naval General Court-Martial convened on board the *St. Louis* on the 23d ult., for the trial of Jos. CHARLESWORTH, private of marines on board the *Roanoke*, upon the serious charge of assault with intent to kill Private of Marines WM. BARRY. The Court was in session one week, and was composed of the following officers: Com. POOR, President; Com. Dove, Lieutenants Stevens, Powell Jones, Capt. Watson, and Second-Lieut. Fontane, (of United States Marine Corps,) Members; W. C. Zantzinger, Judge-Advocate. I learn that the charge was not proved, and the specification only in part; and the punishment was solitary confinement for thirty days on bread and water, and "plum-pudding" on Sundays. The evidence upon the trial went to prove that the prisoner, CHARLESWORTH, only defended himself from BARRY, who first struck C., and then assaulted him with a drawn bayonet; all resulting from bad liquor, (which CHARLESWORTH drank on shore the morning of the offence charged,) and a very bad state of temper on the part of BARRY.

NEW-GRANADA.

Rumored Revolution in Bogota—Religious Intolerance—Gold Excitement in Panama—Auriferous Veins in the Chagres River, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Thursday, Feb. 2, 1860.

We have dates from Bogota by mail only up to Dec. 26. A letter has been received by a late member of Congress, resident here, from a gentleman in Carthagena, which says that a revolution broke out in Bogota in the early part of last month; but I do not attach much credit to the report. OSPINA has a large body of troops in Bogota, and unless they have revolted, which is not likely, he is safe enough in his Presidential chair till his term expires, next February.

The *Tiempo* notices the late Bible burning in Bogota, of which I informed you in my last, as follows:

"The Archbishop and his clergy attracted a crowd of the curious, who, instead of hanging their heads in shame, helped him to burn, in front of his palace, eight hundred volumes of books, which they said were prohibited, probably because they contained the truth. They were Bibles without notes, as they were translated from the original works of GIBBON and of GUIZOT, of DUMAS and SUE, and we do not know what other authors. How anxious some folks are that we should return to the epoch of the ferocious inquisition! It is a shame that such an outrage should occur among the people of this continent, and this when it is claimed that we are advancing in intelligence and civilization. Superstition has reached a point here in certain circles humiliating to the country. We learn that these same clergy, with sticks in hand, stirred up the fire, and that a guard furnished by the authorities kept a space clear for their operations. To characterize acts like these language is at fault."

A letter from an officer of the United States sloop-of-war *Preble*, lately at Carthagena, says that the British *Chargé* protested against the act, but the United States Minister resident, Hon. GEORGE W. JONES, late United States Senator from Iowa, attended the *fête*, and looked on with evident satisfaction! If this be so, it is only another evidence of the correctness of the opinion with which I have become impressed from a long residence in Catholic countries, that if the United States *must* send diplomatic agents of that faith abroad, they should be sent to Protestant countries.

And this leads me to mention a fact which I believe till now has escaped my pen; that our Minister Resident to Guatemala and Honduras, Hon. BEVERLY L. CLARK, of Kentucky, has entered into the bosom of the Roman Catholic Church, the ceremonies of abjuration of the old and confession of the new faith having been performed in the cathedral of the city of Guatemala with great pomp and parade.

Señor JESUS MALO, who lately murdered his brother the Governor of the State Cundinamarca in the streets of Bogota, and was sentenced to be shot for the crime, has been respited on the ground that he is insane.

All the States of the Confederation appear to be enjoying a season of tranquility.

At Carthagena the foolish paper blockade against the admission of foreign goods still continues, and the consequence is that flour and other articles of food are very high. The last barrel in the place a fortnight since brought $30. The State duty is $3 80.

The United States war steamer *Saranac* arrived at Panama on the 29th, having left Realejo, Nicaragua, on the 25th. There is no news from any portion of Central America of any interest by this arrival, except the fact that Costa Rica continues in a very agitated state, a revolution in favor of the exiled President MORA being daily expected. President MORA arrived at Realejo, the day before the *Saranac* left, in the steamship *Guatemala*, bound to Salvador, with his family. Prof. DIMITRY, United States Minister Resident to Costa Rica and Nicaragua, was still at Managua, the capital of the latter State. His family is at San José, Costa Rica.

We having something of a gold excitement in Panama. A few days since, gold in considerable quantities was discovered in the bed of Chagres River, opposite the old landing of the California passengers at Cruces, and reports were immediately circulated that rich washings had been found over a large extent of the river. The last three days about one hundred persons, with pans for washing out gold, have gone from Panama to Cruces, and a few ounces of the gold has been brought in. On inquiry, I learn that gold has only been discovered in one place, covering only a rod or so of the river; and I have no doubt, from the appearance of the metal and from other circumstances, that it is California gold which was stolen six or eight years since, and hidden in the river, but which the thief was not able subsequently to find. Several thousand dollars, which were placed on board a canoe by Mr. TRACY, agent of GEO. LAW's steamers at Cruces, for Chagres, about eight years since, "turned up missing" on the arrival of the canoe at Chagres, and this is probably the same gold. In this hole or "well" as it is called, fourteen men were dredging yesterday, and they say that for the past three days the party have taken out $280 per day.

The steam-corvette *Lancaster*, flag-ship of the Pacific squadron, the steam-sloop *Saranac* and the sloop *Cyane* are at Panama. The Court Martial on the officers of the *Cyane* is in session. The *Levant* is at Realejo. At Aspinwall we have the flag-ship *Roanoke*, taking in water. She will sail for Pensacola on Monday next. Her machinery is in bad order. The *St. Louis* and the supply-ship *Relief* are also at Aspinwall. The *Preble* sailed thence for Vera Cruz last week. The frigate *Sabine* is at San Juan del Norte.

Gen. HERRAN, late New-Granadian Minister to Washington, is at Aspinwall. He starts for Bogota on the 6th. By the way, Gov. OBALDIA, of Panama, appears to have been led into an error, in saying that Gen. CASS had agreed with Gen. HERRAN that New-Granada might levy a tonnage tax on American vessels coming to the ports of Panama and Aspinwall. At any rate, Gen. CASS denies that *he* has agreed to, or that he contemplates any such arrangement.

The working of the present slow mail system between New-York and California is illustrated partially by the following fact. The newspaper publishers in New-York, instead of sending their papers to San Francisco by the mails, as heretofore, now send by the *Baltic* and *Atlantic*, and pay twenty cents per pound for the transportation through. In the two trips, for the month of January, the weight of the newspapers sent by these two steamers, was 13,505 pounds, which amounted to $2,701, or at the rate of $32,412 a year. When it is known that most of the business letters of both the Atlantic and Pacific States go outside the mails now, the loss to the Post-office Department by the present slow mail system may be counted as an item of no small importance in the deficit of the office.

The *Golden Age*, on her last passage from Panama to San Francisco, had a freight list of $17,243 14, and 740 passengers. The *Champion*, of the Vanderbilt Line, had 200 passengers from New-York and 70 from New-Orleans. She had only a few hundred dollars of freight.

JOHN BLAIR, coxswain of the United States sloop of war *Preble*, was lost overboard from the launch while on duty at Aspinwall. He was born in New-York, and was aged 27 years. WILLIAM GERMAN, of Newark, N. J., of the sloop-of-war *St. Louis*, seaman, died on the 26th January at the Hospital. JOHN GLENROY, seaman on the *Daniel Webster*, died on board, at Havana, Jan. 25, of consumption, and D. MCCARTY, of the same ship, of lock-jaw. JOSEPH P. BROWN, formerly of New-York, died in the Hospital at Aspinwall, July 26, of consumption.

The little steamer *Laura Frances*, which was sent out to Nicaragua by one of the various companies of Transit speculators a year or so since, to run on the lake, came here to be sold a few days since—all hopes that that route would be opened to California travel being at an end. The channel at San Juan del Norte does not deepen or widen any; there is now about ten feet water in a channel of only forty feet wide.

F. W. R.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The War in Ecuador—Prospect of Peace—Revolutions in Bolivia—Chilean Finances.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Wednesday, Feb. 1, 1860.

The British mail steamship *Bolivia* arrived at Panama Jan. 22. She brought dates from Valparaiso and Santiago, Chile, to Jan. 1, from Bolivia to the 4th, and from Callao and Lima to the 13th. The *Bolivia* brought $345,000, principally for England. She did not touch at Guayaquil.

The news from Guayaquil, by way of Lima, is only up to Jan. 7, and leaves things in Ecuador pretty much as they were when I last wrote you. I stated then that CASTILLA, President of Peru, had caused Gen. FRANCO, a mulatto or negro, to be declared President of Ecuador, and had then made a "treaty" with him (FRANCO) for a consideration in cash down, agreeing to concede all CASTILLA's demands. I also stated that CASTILLA would garrison Guayaquil, by consent of FRANCO, whilst the latter would march into the interior, to endeavor to bring the Junta at Quito to coincide in his arrangements with the former. Both these have become matters of fact. CASTILLA has taken possession of Guayaquil, and probably intends to annex it permanently to Peru. FRANCO, having been furnished by CASTILLA with 1,000 muskets and rifles, two mountain howitzers, a plentiful supply of ammunition and $100,000 in cash, has gone towards Quito. The Junta at Quito, composed of Señors GARCIA MORENO, MANUEL GOMEZ DE LA TORRE, and JOSE MARIA AVILES, sent the two latter to Guayaquil, with terms to FRANCO and CASTILLA. FRANCO tried to force these Commissioners to sign a paper which he had prepared for them, but they refusing and proposing that no arrangement should be made with Peru by which Ecuadorian territory should be ceded or money be paid Peru for expenses of the invasion, FRANCO, after abusing them in the choicest billingsgate, sent them to prison; and it was only through the intercession of the British *Chargé* that they were released after several days and allowed to return to Quito. The Lima papers say that the whole of CASTILLA's army of 6,000 men will leave Ecuador and arrive at Paita, where they will stop to refresh themselves, and reach Callao about the 20th January—but nobody believes he will leave Guayaquil without a sufficient garrison, with which, supported by a ship-of-war, he will be able to hold it. ESPANTOSO, who was first made Governor of Guayaquil through the influence of CASTILLA, after lining his pockets with about $100,000, has disappeared from the scene. CASTILLA has issued several bombastic bulletins and proclamations to his army, and to the people of Ecuador and Peru. He declares that peace has been made, and one of his palavers concludes as follows:

"In conclusion, I am happy to announce that the Plenipotentiaries will open their conferences the 31st of the present month. The confidence inspired by the elevated characters of the negotiators, and the American sentiment by which they are animated, leads me to hope that the sombre clouds which separate Peru and Ecuador will soon completely disappear and give place to the brilliant and beautiful colors of the rainbow."

From Lima there is nothing of much interest. Gen. SALAVERRY died at Callao on the 28th of January. Miss OLIVIA SCONCCIA, the young New-York *prima donna*, was still delighting the people of Lima with her sweet trills and her fine acting in *Lucia*, *Norma*, etc., etc. I believe she is engaged for the season at $12,000.

The *Revista di Lima*, an able periodical, has a long article refuting the attacks of the French Press against Peru. The French papers justly complained that there was but little protection afforded foreigners in Peru or foreign commerce with that country. The *Revista* takes the opposite ground, and asserts that France has, within the past five years, enforced over a dozen claims against Peru unjustly, amounting to over $150,000. It is a pity the United States does not act with equal decision in enforcing the payment of $300,000 justly due to her citizens, some of which is of six or eight years standing.

Exchange on the United States, 18 per cent. prem.; on England, 42 pence; American Gold, 20 per cent. prem. Freights to the United States, $15; to England, £2 10s. to £2 12s.

BOLIVIA.

Revolutions had broken out at Poosi, Sucre, Cochabamba, and at other points, but they had been suppressed, except the one at Potosi. Gen. MARTINES, Revolutionist, who was defeated two months since in his attack on La Paz, had taken possession of Potosi. President LINARES was at La Paz, with "three divisions" of his army. Ex-President ECHENIQUE, of Peru, was at Caracota, plotting to get back to Peru. Gen. CASTILLO, of Peru, exiled by President CASTILLA two years since for his revolutionary attempt at Lima, and Gen. URBINA, exiled from Ecuador, were at La Paz. Dr. URETA, banished by CASTILLO a year ago last November, when the latter drove out the Congress of Lima, of which URETA was a prominent member, at the point of the bayonet, has been banished from Bolivia.

CHILE.

There is nothing of interest from Chile. The revolutionists appear to have suspended their operations and the country is settling down into quietude. The building of the railroads is rapidly progressing—the Southern is completed and opened to Rancagua. The budget for the year 1860 is as follows, for the different departments:

Foreign affairs and Interior	$1,130,799 83
Justice, Worship and Education	1,082,627 30
Finance	2,334,316 66
War and Navy	1,947,876 37
Total	$6,495,619 56

Don MANUEL CARVALLO, the same, I believe, who was Chilian Minister to Washington, has gone to France as Chilian *Chargé* to NAPOLEON.

A fire in Valdivia, in the Province of the same name, had destroyed 50 houses.

Business had been extremely dull the past fortnight. Money is scarce. Vessels were wanted for Copper and Nitrate freights. In Flour, there was but little demand for export. It rules from $3 38@$3 62, 6 mos. credit. American Gray Domestics and Brown Drills have declined. No demand for Carolina Rice. Good assortments of Lumber are wanting. Yellow Pine would command $50. The total consumption of Sugar for 1859, was 904,320 arobas of 25 lbs. Present stock on hand, 207,500 arobas. Barley sells at $2 62 cash and $2 88, 6 mos. Nitrate of Soda, $1 81 cash. Bar Copper, $19@$19 50, cash. Freights, to Europe from the coast average £3 12s. Bills on London 45 pence per dollar, 60 days; on the States, 9 ₱ cent premium, 60 days.

F. W. R.

BERMUDA AND THE WEST INDIES.

Remarkable Discovery in Marine Zoology—The Question of a Great Sea-Serpent Settled—Capture of One at the Bermudas—Description of the Fish—Late News from the West Indies.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

BERMUDA, Monday, Jan. 30, 1860.

I have, on this occasion, to communicate to the readers of the TIMES a most interesting circumstance, which cannot fail to arrest the attention of scientific men in general, but especially such as take a deep interest in marine zoology. It is no less a matter than the solution of the question, Whether a sea-serpent actually lives in the great waters of the ocean? A most singular fish, of the *Gymnetrus* genus, answering in a very remarkable degree to the accounts of a "Sea-Serpent" frequently given to the world by nautical men, was captured at Hungary Bay, on the south side of these islands, on the 22d inst. Without further preface, I append the following description, which I cut from the editorial columns of *The Bermudian* of the 25th, all the facts of which, I have reason to know were supplied to the editor of that paper by one of the gentlemen who discovered and secured this great icthyological specimen:

Its color was a bright and shining silver. This brilliant covering of the skin was, from the struggling of the animal, scattered in great profusion about the place. The skin had a rough, warty feeling to the touch, but was destitute of any scales. There was a dorsal fin running nearly the whole length of the creature, composed of short slender rays united by a transparent membrane, and separated at intervals of less than an inch; in other words the slight back fin had a number of regular gaps in it. It had a curiously shaped head, the like of which we have not seen in any of the numerous illustrations of icthyology we have examined. From a drawing which is now before us (for we had not the good fortune to see the creature itself) the conformation of the head, in profile, is not unlike that of a dog. There is a distinctly defined forehead, with a projecting mouth. The eyes, large, flat, and exceedingly brilliant. It had very small pectoral fins, and minute ventral fins proceeding from the thorax. It had large gills, but was, we are told, destitute of teeth. But its most remarkable feature was a beautiful crestal appendage, consisting of eight long spines, of a rich red color, which sprang from the top of the head, commencing at the frontal edge of the forehead and following each other singly about an inch apart, the three first of these spines being connected halfway upwards from the cranial covering by a gauzy filament, but all the rest were wholly destitute of any membraneous appendage. These delicate crestal spines, which the creature had the power to raise or depress at pleasure, were of irregular lengths—the longest, growing from about the centre of the top of the head, being three feet in length, and the rest ranging from eighteen inches to two and-a-half feet. The larger number of these appendanges were flattened at the extreme end, somewhat like the tip of a spear.

The length of this singular inhabitant of the briny world was sixteen feet seven inches from the front edge of the lips to the end of the tail. It was eleven inches deep, measuring through from the top of the back, at about one-third of its length from the head, and its thickness, laterally, was from five to six inches, at the same distance from the head. Thence the body tapered gradually until it terminated in a bluntish point of about half an inch in diameter—the tail having no finny or any other appendage.

The steamer *Delta*, from St. Thomas, arrived here last evening. She brings dates from Barbados to the 11th inst. The weather there had been dry, tending to an early ripening of the canes. It was anticipated that sugar-making would be pretty general throughout the island by the end of January. The annual return of the exports of produce for 1859 was just made up, showing the aggregate export of sugar for that year to be 39,695 hhds. Gov. HINCKS had returned from England and opened the Legislative Session; but his speech contains no information of general interest. The vestry room of the Cathedral at Bridgetown had been feloniously entered, and all the Church plate, as well as the Bishop's mace, and the Christmas Day collection, ($54 86 in cash,) were carried off by the thieves. The stolen property is of the value of £250 sterling.

Demerara dates are to Jan. 7, but there is very little news from that colony. Immigrants from Calcutta and Madiera were arriving; 648 Coolies and 40 Portuguese having landed there during the first week of the New Year. In consequence of a report having reached Demerara that the sugar-crop of Louisiana had suffered severely from frost, sugar had taken a rise, and holders were shipping that article to the United States.

Antigua advices are also to Jan. 7. The only event of interest thence is, that the Governor had just dissolved the House of Assembly, which had been in existence for seven years; and writs for the election of a new Assembly had been issued.

Trinidad papers mention that the people were rejoicing over the disallowance by the Duke of NEWCASTLE of four new ordinances passed by the Council of Trinidad, imposing taxes on trades and other occupations to augment the immigration fund. The Duke says, in his dispatch, that "the application of public money, drawn from the colonists at large, to the support of any particular species of industry or enterprise, is in the nature of a bounty upon that species, and is opposed to all received principles of commercial policy." Yours truly, ⁂

LAW REPORTS.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Consequences of Interfering with the Proceedings.

Joseph Blunt vs. *Richard Mott and James Kerrigan*.—This was an action against the defendants for disturbing a public meeting, or rather for preventing a public meeting from being held. It was alleged in the complaint that on the 16th of February, 1857, Messrs. Blunt, Daniel Lord, W. F. Havemeyer, Peter Cooper, Joseph Hoxie, D. F. Tiemann and a number of other well-known citizens issued a call for a public meeting of all citizens who were opposed to Legislative grants of railroad franchises and privileges in this City, said meeting to be holden on the 23th of the same month at the Cooper Institute.

The complaint went on to state that the defendants and others arrived at the Cooper Institute first, and usurped the functions of the proposed meeting; that the defendant Kerrigan nominated the defendant Mott for Chairman; that he thereupon was called to the chair, which he occupied. and that resolutions were passed entirely opposed to the objects and purposes for which the meeting was called; that in consequence thereof the plaintiff and his friends were prevented from the concerted action they proposed, and accordingly were compelled to lose the rent and other disbursements which they had paid and made, amounting in all to $120, for which judgment was asked.

The defendants demurred to this complaint, on the ground that it did not show a cause of action. The grounds taken were, first, that plaintiff could not complain that the right sort of resolutions were not passed; and second, that the complaint did not show that himself and friends were prevented from using the room at 7½ o'clock, the hour the meeting was called.

The demurrer was argued before Judge BRADY, of the Common Pleas. He has now given his decision in favor of the plaintiffs on the demurrer.

The following is his opinion:

BRADY, J.—The defendants admit by the demurrer that the plaintiff hired the room described for the purpose stated in the complaint, and paid for its use; that he also published notices of the meeting and paid for such publication; that with the design of preventing the meeting from being held, they took forcible possession of the room, and passed resolutions opposed to the objects of the meeting contemplated by the plaintiff's call; and that in consequence of their acts, the plaintiff and associates were unable to hold the meeting for which the room had been hired and the call published. On these facts it seems to me that the plaintiff is clearly entitled to recover. He had a right, individually, or in conjunction with others, to call a meeting at the time and in the place named, and having that right, it was unlawful in the defendants to interfere with him, which they acknowledge they did designedly. The plaintiff paid for the use of the room for the purpose of uniting with others in the condemnation of a policy to which he was opposed, and in the exercise of such a right he was entitled to protection from force or violence. The defendants had a similar right to express their approbation of the policy which he condemned, but not in the manner in which it was done in this instance. If the defendants had waited until the hour named for the meeting, and then participating in the proceedings thereof had discussed the question, and carried by motion or resolution any particular scheme, there might be some difficulty in determining whether that was such an interference with the plaintiff's rights as would create a cause of action, but no such question is presented, and I think the demurrer does not involve the points submitted on the argument. The plaintiff having paid $120 for the privilege of uniting with others in the expression of certain views of a public measure, which was his right, and having been deprived of the opportunity by the design of the defendants, should be reimbursed, and is entitled to recover.

Judgment for the plaintiff, with liberty to the defendants to answer in twenty days, on payment of the costs of the demurrer.

G. Tillotson for plaintiff; Mott, Murray & Harris for defendants.

Oyer and Terminer.

SENTENCES OF CONVICTED, AND PLEAS OF NEWLY-INDICTED PRISONERS—THE FULTON BANK DEFALCATION.

Yesterday there were no trials in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, but considerable important business was transacted.

Lawrence Ten Eyck, indicted for the murder of James Quinn, in November last, by shooting him with a pistol, pleaded not guilty. No day was assigned for his trial, which will probably take place next week.

Joseph O'Neill, indicted for an assault and battery, with intent to kill James Purcell, also pleaded not guilty.

Christian Hansen, indicted for arson in the first degree,—a capital offence,—by setting fire to his dwelling house, on Jan. 14, pleaded not guilty.

Thomas McCabe, indicted for mayhem on the person of John Mulholland, pleaded not guilty.

Sirius Von Baas, indicted for an assault and battery with intent to kill Richard D. Gries, pleaded not guilty. In all these cases no special day was set down for trial, but most, if not all of them, will be disposed of during the ensuing week.

Henry Karples, Jr., accused of embezzlement by the firm of Hecker Brothers, in whose employ he was formerly a clerk, and who has been already tried and acquitted on one indictment, in the Court of General Sessions, was placed at the bar on two fresh indictments, found by the Grand Inquest of this Court. His counsel, Mr. Edmon Blankman, desired to renew his motion, made last Monday, for the indictments to be remitted to the Court of General Sessions. After argument between the counsel and the District-Attorney, a plea of not guilty was entered, with liberty to enter a further plea on Tuesday next.

Wm. J. Lane, the Fulton Bank defaulter, pleaded not guilty generally to eight indictments which had been found against him. His counsel, Mr. James T. Brady, applied to have the indictments remitted to the General Sessions.

Judge INGRAHAM, after a few remarks from Mr. Brady, said that he did not intend to send any indictment to the General Sessions until after the adjournment of the Oyer and Terminer.

John Costello and Elizabeth McCabe pleaded not guilty to a charge of grand larceny, in stealing a quantity of furs, the property of a Polish Countess. This case, being one not fairly within the cognizance of this Court, was remitted at once to the General Sessions.

Convicted prisoners were next arraigned for sentence.

John Hays, who pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the third degree, for the homicide of Edward Kelly, by shooting him with a pistol, was sentenced to the State Prison for three years and nine months.

Daniel Lynch pleaded guilty to an assault on John Miller, and was sent to the Penitentiary for nine months.

Margaret Sheridan, who pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the second degree, in stabbing Michael Canley with a knife, thereby causing his death, was sentenced to the State Prison for six years and six months.

Henry Laughran, convicted of manslaughter in the third degree, by killing Timothy Mulcahy with a knife, was sentenced to three years and three months in the State Prison.

Moses Stafford, for the manslaughter of an infant, was sent to the State prison for four years and six months.

James B. Cook, who had pleaded guilty of an attempt to do bodily harm—in the case of a political dispute about Mayor Wood, and his fitness for reëlection—was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. The party assaulted was John Metzinger.

The prisoners having been removed from the court-room, Mr. H. L. Clinton proceeded to argue his motion for a new trial in the case of Mortimer Shay, sentenced to be hung on the 30th of March, for the murder of Dennis McHenry.

The Judge reserved his decision, and the Court adjourned till Monday.

Conflict of Federal and State Laws—Important Question as to Pilotage.

John J. Cisco vs. *Marshall O. Roberts*.—This was an action brought by the plaintiff, who is a pilot, under the statute of this State, providing that all ships arriving in this port shall accept of the services of the first pilot, duly licensed, who shall offer himself.

The plaintiff alleges that on the 28th of December, 1858, he, being a duly licensed pilot, spoke the steamship *Empire City*, owned by the defendant, and offered to pilot her into the port of this City; that he was the first pilot who tendered his services to the Master therof; that his services were rejected by the Master, and the ship subsequently piloted into port by another person. Upon these facts, he has brought this action, to recover the usual sum paid for such services.

The defence is that the law of the State in this regard, under which the plaintiff claims, is unconstitutional, and therefore void. Counsel for the defendant admitted the facts alleged in the complaint, as above given, to be true, but contended that the power to regulate commerce is vested exclusively in Congress, and that all State laws in conflict with acts of Congress on this subject are void *ab initio*. He also urged that no State has power to direct what a person or vessel shall do, while such person or vessel is beyond the territorial jurisdiction of the State. It was alleged that the *Empire City* was beyond the jurisdiction of this State at the time the plaintiff offered his services—she being forty miles from this port; and that she was piloted into port by one John MaGinn, a duly licensed pilot, under the act of Congress of 1852, authorizing Port Inspectors to license pilots to act in cases of ships arriving from foreign ports.

Upon these points counsel for the defence demanded judgment, and that the complaint be dismissed. The cause was tried before Justice HOFFMAN, in the Superior Court, who said that as the case involved a question of law, which should be thoroughly investigated, he would order judgment for the plaintiff upon the facts, under the statute, subject to the opinion of the General Term, when he would send the case to be argued in the first instance. The judgment not to be entered until the opinion of that Court should sanction or reverse it. The Court then adjourned.

Barney, Butler & Parsons for plaintiff. Beebe, Dean & Donohoe for defendant.

General Sessions.

THE FORGERY OF $3,156 ON THE NASSAU BANK, IN THE NAME OF ROBERT BONNER, OF THE LEDGER.

The first case tried to-day in this Court, Recorder BARNARD presiding, was that of Charles Wood, an old gentleman of respectable appearance and demeanor, charged with stealing, on the 24th August, 1859, two promissory notes, the property of Peter McLeod. One note was for the sum of $3,317, the other for $2,530. As it appeared from the evidence of Mr. Reuben C. Stone, to whom they were given to sell, that the offence was not one of larceny, but of breach of trust, the Recorder instructed the jury that, under the indictment, they must render a verdict of "not guilty," which they did, to the infinite satisfaction of the accused.

David Beach *alias* Leach was placed on trial on the somewhat notable "Robert Bonner forgery" charge, and was defended by a goodly array of counsel, Ex-Recorder Smith, Mr. H. L. Clinton and Mr. Edmond Blankman.

This is the alleged case against Beach, *alias* Leach. On the 26th of October a check for $3,156, purporting to be signed by Mr. Robert Bonner, of the *Ledger*, to the order of A. M. Davis, was presented at the Nassau Bank, as charged, by the prisoner. The Paying Teller of the Bank, Mr. George H. Briggs, deposed that on the day in question the prisoner presented said check, when he (witness) told him that the sum being so large he must get the indorsement guaranteed. Prisoner went away and presently returned with the further indorsement of "Robert Bonner" on the back of the check. It was then paid and was soon found to be a forgery.

Mr. R. W. Mattison, assistant teller of the Nassau Bank, corroborated the above, with a slight diversity of testimony as to the dress worn by the party presenting the check.

Mr. Alexander Robertson, lithographer of Fulton-street, deposed that the prisoner had given an order for a book of checks on the Nassau Bank, and that the check on which the forged order and signatures were written was one of these checks.

Mr. Robert Bonner deposed that the signatures were not in his writing, though one of them much resembled his. He was unacquainted with such a person as M. A. Davis.

Ex-Recorder Smith objected to the reading of the check in evidence, on the ground that the Nassau Bank was not proved to be a corporate institution, and that the indictment did not aver that the check was indorsed.

The Recorder said he would hear further argument, and adjourned the case till Monday next.

Violations of the Fire Laws—Action for Penalties.

The Fire Department vs. *Crawford*.—This action was brought by the Fire Department to recover two penalties alleged to have been incurred by defendant upon two buildings, front and rear, erected by him. The penalties were claimed under section 1 of the Act of April 14, 1856, for erecting two buildings on a lot in Twenty-seventh street, between Sixth and Seventh avenue. The statute referred to requires all the walls of buildings to be constructed of stone, brick or iron, and that they shall be started and built on foundations of stone or brick. The Fire Department alleged that some of the walls of the buildings in question were built of wood.

The case was brought to trial before Judge DALY of the Common Pleas.

The Fire Department proved that on November 4, 1856, they gave the defendant notice to remove these buildings as violating the law. The suit was commenced on March 12, 1857, and before that time the defendant had commenced to remove the violation, and had hired masons for that purpose. The defendant said that it was on account of the inclemency of the weather, and his want of means, that prevented him from immediately building a brick wall. The lower part of the middle building was left entirely open, and the upper part was boarded in, to keep out the weather until it could be finished. The defence proved that the erection on the back of the lot was an old wooden shed, and was so when the defendant purchased the lot, and had been there for many years previous. And all the alteration made was to extend the roof of the shed to the party wall, some thirteen feet distant. The roof and sides of the shed were mended and patched up, and the roof covered with tin; the highest part of this shed being only about eleven feet, and closed with a wooden gate.

Messrs. John W. Ashmead and Leon Abbett, on the part of the defendants, submitted certain requests to charge; the principal of which were briefly as follows:

That the building on the rear of defendant's lot was not a "building" within the meaning of the Statute, but a "wooden shed," within the 21st section of the Act; and that no penalty could be recovered for a violation, if any, of section 21, under the present complaint.

That the plaintiff could not recover if the defendant had, before the commencement of the action, complied with the requirements of the law, although not within ten days from the time of notice served on him.

That a notice directing a party to remove the whole of a building of which a part was in conformity to the laws was not sufficient to sustain an action.

The Judge gave the last mentioned charge as requested, but refused the others. The case was then submitted to the jury.

The jury found a verdict for plaintiff for $100 upon the rear building, and found for the defendant upon the middle building. The Court granted the plaintiff an allowance of five per cent. upon the verdict, and ordered judgment therefor.

Martin & Smiths, for the plaintiff; Mr. Ashmead and Leon Abbett, for defendant.

Important Decision relative to Corporation Leases.

VOID ASSESSMENTS—INJUNCTION.

Alexander Matthews vs. *The Mayor, &c., of New-York*.—This action was brought to restrain the City Corporation from executing a lease of a lot owned by plaintiff, and sold for non-payment of an assessment. The lot in question is situated in Twenty-sixth-street, near Ninth-avenue, and was sold at auction for a term of years, for non payment of an assessment for opening Twenty-sixth street. Before the lease was executed, the owner brought this suit to enjoin the giving it, on the ground of fraud and irregularities in the proceedings of the Commissioners, on which the assessment was founded.

The cause was tried before Justice Mullen, at the Special Term of the Supreme Court, in November, 1859. On the trial it was conceded that there were gross irregularities in the proceedings of the Commissioners. But the defendants contended that the Court had no jurisdiction to review these proceedings in the present action, or to grant an injunction against executing the lease on the ground of any invalidity of the assessment.

Justice MULLEN has now rendered his decision, determining this point in favor of the plaintiff, and granting a permanent injunction, as prayed.

Legal Notice.

SUPREME COURT.—Part First, Trial Term (odd numbers) of this Court, will be holden in the Supervisors' Room, No. 17, old City Hall, second story, west end. Jurors for this Part will please attend as above.

An Infernal Machine.

A STORE IN HAWESVILLE, KY., BLOWN UP—SEVERAL PERSONS MORTALLY INJURED.

The Louisville *Democrat*, of the 8th, gives the particulars of the catastrophe at Hawesville, Ky., previously noticed in our telegrams, as follows:

"A correspondent in Hawesville, Ky., writes us that that village has again been thrown into great excitement. Monday morning, Feb. 6, about 10 o'clock, H. A. DAVISON, notorious from his connection with the Lowe affair, entered the store of C. B. & J. G. DUNCAN, with a bomb-shell or infernal machine, in the shape of a tin box filled with gunpowder, slugs and buckshot, which he exploded, and the building, a substantial brick one, was utterly demolished, blowing down an adjacent wall, and rendering the premises a heap of ruins. DAVISON carried the machine into the store in a basket, concealed under eggs. He has been at enmity with every one since the Lowe tragedy, and, it seems, harbored feelings of hatred and revenge against Hon. WM. STERRET, who opposed DAVISON's course in the Lowe affair. Mr. STERRET was in the store, but no one suspected the terrible vengeance devised by DAVISON. The explosion ensued, and Mr. STERRET, C. B. and J. G. DUNCAN, proprietors of the store, JAMES READING, their clerk, and a Mr. BENNET, together with DAVISON himself, were wounded, and crushed under the ruins.

At the date of the letter none of the victims to this fiendish revenge were dead, but several were mortally wounded, and DAVISON, it was thought, would die. His intention, says our correspondent, was evidently to kill himself with the others. The excitement, when the packet left, was intense and increasing, and several of the wounded were dying. Our correspondent thought that DAVISON would be lynched by the excited people. What tortures could be too great for such malignity as his? It strangely and fearfully surpasses ordinary revenge for real or imaginary wrongs.

The machine was a tin cube, large enough to hold five or six pounds of powder, with which it was filled. This magazine was contained within another tin canister, of double the size. The space between the two was filled with bullets or large-sized shot, a sufficient number to weigh ten or twelve pounds. This infernal machine was constructed under the Doctor's especial direction, by a tinner in Cannelton, Ind., which town is immediately opposite Hawesville.

Mr. DUNCAN, the merchant, was very dangerously wounded—it is feared fatally.

Mr. STERRET was seriously hurt, and badly burnt. Three of the bullets entered his face, and it is feared he may lose an eye.

Dr. DAVISON had his left fore arm broken in two places, his collar bone broken, his right shoulder dislocated, the flesh torn off the shoulder to the bone, his clothes torn from his body, and he was badly burned in the face, breast and arm. He was a horrible sight, and rushed from the house after the explosion, crying, "Kill me for God's sake; I do not want to live any longer."

DUELLING IN NEW-ORLEANS.—Two duels were fought on the 28th ult. near New-Orleans. The first was at the Oaks, with small swords, between a young man named GUERY, and another whose name is not mentioned. The latter received a slight wound in the right side. The other was back of the Half-way House, between Messrs. ERNEST CANONGE and VICTOR GEZODIAS; the weapons, shot-guns loaded with ball; the distance, forty paces. GEZODIAS received his adversary's ball in the fleshy part of his leg, back of the knee, the ball passing through and grazing the front part of the right leg, and inflicting a wound which may render amputation necessary.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Feb. 10, 1860—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been 62 bbls. Ashes, 1,111 bbls. Flour, 901 bbls. Corn Meal, 13,922 bushels Corn, 796 bushels Rye, 3,167 bushels Oats, 6,654 bushels Malt, 1,917 pkgs. Provisions, and 390 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales have been reported of 65 bbls. at $5 25 for Pots, and $5 37½ for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Sales, to-day, 300 bags Maracaibo, at 12½c.@13c.; 2,065 bags Rio, ex *Starlight*, on private terms; 800 bags Rio, in lots, at 11¾c.@12¾c.; and 1,654 bags St. Domingo, at 11⅝c. ₱ lb., usual terms.

COTTON—We heard of sales of 1,500 bales, including 1,200 bales *in transitu*, at uniform rates.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Uplands.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex
Ordinary, ₱ lb.	9	9	9⅛	9¼
Middling, ₱ lb.	11¼	11⅜	11⅜	11⅝
Middling Fair, ₱ lb.	12⅛	12⅜	12⅜	13⅛

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has attracted less attention, as buyers have been reluctant to pay asking prices for desirable lots. Sales have been reported of 6,500 bbls., including superfine State at $5 10@$5 15, extra State at $5 30@$5 45, mainly at $5 35@$5 40; inferior to very choice superfine Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio, at $5 05@$5 20; extra Iowa and Wisconsin, at $5 35@$6 25; extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan, at $5 40@$6 35; inferior extra Ohio at $5 65@$5 75; roundhoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 80@$5 95 ₱ bbl.

Unsound Flour	$4 50	@$5 00
Superfine State	5 10	@ 5 15
Extra State	5 30	@ 5 45
Superfine Western	5 05	@ 5 20
Extra Iowa and Wisconsin	5 35	@ 6 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan	5 40	@ 6 35
Inferior Extra Ohio	5 60	@ 5 75
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping brds.	5 80	@ 5 95
Extra Ohio, trade brands	6 00	@ 6 80
Fancy Genesee	5 50	@ 5 65
Extra Genesee	5 70	@ 7 25
Inferior to choice Extra Missouri	5 65	@ 7 25

Southern Flour is in more request, at full rates. The transactions comprise 3,250 bbls., in lots, at $5 50@$5 75 for poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore and Brandywine, &c.; $5 80@$7 25 for fancy to choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian is in demand, including inferior to very choice extra, chiefly at $5 40@$6 75 ₱ bbl. Sales 500 bbls. Rye Flour is quiet, at $3 60@$4 40 for fine and superfine ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is heavy and languid, at $3 50@$3 62½ for Jersey, $4 05@$4 10 for Baltimore, and $4 15 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat is in moderate request, and is quoted firm. We have heard of sales of 6,200 bush., including white Michigan, at $1 50; Milwaukee Club, at $1 18; Chicago Spring on terms not ascertained; and prime White Southern at $1 56 ₱ bush. Corn is depressed and declining. Sales 8,000 bush. at 79c.@80c. for White and Yellow Jersey and Southern, ₱ bush. Rye is selling slowly at 87c.@89c. ₱ bush.; 2,500 bush. changed hands. Barley is in demand, and is stiffly held at from 75c.@86c. ₱ bushel. Oats were salable and firm, including Canada, at 44c.@44½c.; Western at 44c.@44½c.; State at 44½c.@45c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 40c.@42½c.; Southern at 38c.@41c. ₱ bushel. Mr. WM. G. CUTTING notices the week's business in the principal kinds of Breadstuffs, thus: "State and Western Flour has been generally more inquired for throughout the week. The demand has been mainly from the Eastern and local trade, though, in part, for shipment and on speculation. Prices have advanced, and holders have manifested less eagerness to sell. The receipts have been very light, and stocks in first hands have been reduced. Yesterday the market was quiet, yet very firm for desirable brands. Southern Flour has been in active request, partly for shipment, at higher rates. Canadian Flour has been more sought after, and prices have favored the sellers. The total sales of Wheat Flour during the week, have been 71,600 bbls. Rye Flour has been quiet, at unchanged figures. Corn Meal has been freely offered and purchased, closing, however, at reduced quotations. Holders of Wheat have been disposed to sell freely on terms more satisfactory to buyers. These, however, have not evinced much inclination to purchase, unless at prices which the principal sellers would not accept. Hence, transactions have been restricted, though in the aggregate much heavier than those of last week. The demand has been chiefly for lots wanted by millers, who buy only what they immediately require. Yesterday a limited business was reported—the market, however, closing firmly. The total sales of Wheat during the week comprised 76,000 bushels. Corn has been in limited supply and demand, at drooping prices. Rye has been plenty and depressed, closing with a downward tendency. Barley has been in good request, but at prices which have been generally unsatisfactory to sellers. The sales have been, consequently, modcrats. Oats have been more inquired for, and close firmly, sellers having an existing advantage."

HIDES—The market this week has been moderately active, and, with a continued demand for export, prices have been maintained. The trade have refused to operate to any considerable extent at prevailing rates, and sales have been confined chiefly to exporters and speculators. 25,000 Hides have been taken this week for export, 10,000 by the trade, and 3,000 by speculators. The receipts continue fair, amounting to 22,000 for the week and 39,000 since 1st inst. The principal sales have been 5,000 Buenos Ayres at 24c.@25c., 6 months; 12,000 Rio Grande, 23c.@23½c., 6 months; 3,000 Vera Cruz, 3,600 Porto Cabello, and 400 Savanilla on private terms; 5,000 Western Slaughter, 8½c.@9c.; and 4,000 City Slaughter, 8½c.@8¾c. ℘ ℔.

LEATHER—The market for Sole is dull, and prices are nominal. The receipts are liberal, and the stock has increased.

METALS—Most descriptions have been in very moderate demand at previous figures.

MOLASSES—Sales have been reported, to-day, of 1,000 bbls. New-Orleans, mainly at 45c.@46c.; and 25 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 27c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been in demand, including common at from $1 55@$1 60 ℘ 310 ℔s., chiefly within the range. Tar and Crude Turpentine remain as last noticed. Spirits Turpentine has attracted more attention at from 45½c.@46½c., ℘ gallon.

OILS—Whale, sperm, and linseed have been in moderate request at uniform quotations. Other kinds have been quiet.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been purchased to the extent of 1,800 bbls., in lots, at $17 37½@$17 50 for old mess; $18 12½@$18 25 for new mess; $17 for City prime mess; $12 25@$12 37½ for old prime, here; $12 50 for do. do., deliverable in March; and $14 37½@$14 50 for new prime, ℘ bbl. Cut Meats find ready buyers, including Hams, at 9½c.@10c., and Shoulders, 6¾c.@7¼c. ℘ ℔. Bacon is in fair request, mainly at from 9c.@10½c. ℘ ℔. Lard is in demand at former rates; sales 475 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 11c.@11¾c. ℘ ℔. Beef inactive and buoyant; sales of 1,000 bbls., in lots, at $9@$9 75 for repacked Western Mess; $10 50@$11 50 for extra Western Mess; $5@$5 25 for Country Mess, ℘ bbl.; Prime Mess, $18 @$19 ℘ tierce. Beef Hams, $12 @$15 50 ℘ bbl. Butter is quiet at 15c.@21c. for State, and 11c.@15c. for Ohio, ℘ ℔. Cheese is in fair demand at 9c.@11½c. ℘ ℔.

RICE—Sales to-day, 375 tierces, at $3 75@4 37½ ℘ 100 ℔s.

SUGARS—Sales have been reported to-day of 600 hhds., chiefly Cuba, at 7¼c.@7¾c. ℘ ℔.

TALLOW—We have heard of sales of 35,000 ℔s. prime, mainly at 10⅜c.@10½c. ℘ ℔.

TEAS—A catalogue was sold at auction to-day, at full prices for common and medium grades, and decidedly firmer rates for really desirable lots. Gunpowder, 38½c.@53½c.; Imperial, 32c.@47½c.; Hyson, 34c.@50c.; Young Hyson, 23c.@48c.; Twankay, 26c.@31c.; Hyson Skin, 28½c.; Oolong, 20c.@41½c.; Souchong, 27½c.@51c.; Orange Pekoe, 26½c.; and Powchong at 23c. ℘ ℔.

TOBACCO—Continues in request at steady prices. Sales since our last, 78 hhds. Maysville and Kentucky at 8c.@10c.; 163 bales Havana at 28c.@33c.; 72 bales Yara on private terms; 245 cases Seed Leaf at 8c.@15c.; and 23 cases Florida at 11c.@20c., ℘ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported of 1,400 bbls., at 23½c.@24c., chiefly at 24c., ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 60 bales Cotton at ¼d., 100 tcs. Beef at 4s., 50 tcs. Lard at 3s. 9d., 300 boxes Bacon at 22s. 6d., 600 boxes Cheese at 27s. 6d., and 400 bbls. Resin at 2s. 9d. For London, 300 bbls. Pork at 3s. 9s., 150 boxes Bacon and 150 pkgs. Lard at 25s., 50 tcs. Rice at 27s. 6d., 1,100 bbls. Resin at 3s. 1½d., and 500 bbls. Oil-cake at 2s. 6d. For Bremen, 600 bags Coffee on private terms. For Hamburg, 100 tons Logwood on private terms.

Fancy Sales of Hogs at Chicago.

From Wells' (Chicago) Commercial Express, Feb. 9.

Altogether the handsomest lot of hogs collected here this Winter, and perhaps the finest in the West, were sold at auction at the Burlington and Quincy Railroad dépôt, in this city, last Tuesday. The sale was largely attended by pork dealers and produce dealers generally, and the biddings exceedingly spirited, buyers who wanted part of the lot, seeming determined that if they did not get them, those who did should pay well for the privilege of possession. The question was not of money making, but of money losing, the strife being as to who could afford, or who was willing, to lose the most money for the sake of giving the farmers a tip top price, that would do to brag of. The hogs numbered five hundred and four, and were raised by seventeen farmers in the neighborhood of Neponset, Bureau County, Illinois. They were of good breed, and for four years these same farmers have clubbed together, fattening their hogs and dressing them with great care, and bringing them to market at the close of the season in one lot, accompanied by the owners. For the two first years, they were purchased by Messrs. WEBSTER & BAXTER. Last year they were taken by CRAGIN & Co. (Hancock.) This time the lot was divided into 20 parcels and put up at auction separately. Messrs. CRAGIN & Co. bought as follows: 24 av. 326 at $8 50; 44 av. 331 at $8 10; 36 av. 320 at $7 75; 30 av. 315 and 25 av. 303 at $7 50; 11 av. 248 at $6 50. These will be shipped to the New-York market. Messrs. WEBSTER & BAXTER purchased as follows: 16 av. 314, 22 av. 296, and 61 av. 283 at $7 50; 3 av. 280 at $7; 55 av. 233 at $6 60. After the purchase Messrs. W. & B. threw out twenty-three of the smaller of their lots, leaving 134 av. 282, which will be shipped to the Boston market.—Messrs. VALENTINE & STEWART bought 177 in 10 lots av. 223 to 290, at $6 45@$7 90. These are also destined (we believe) for the Boston market. Messrs. WEBSTER & BAXTER have also purchased this week a lot of 70 hogs, consigned to BEDFORD, MEREDITH & Co., of which none were under 250, while the whole lot averaged over 300 ℔s. The price has not transpired. These are also destined for the Boston market, to which Messrs. W. & B. will have the credit of sending the finest hogs of the season.

FAMILY MARKET PRICES CURRENT.

WASHINGTON MARKET, Friday, Feb. 10, 1860.

MEATS.

The market is well supplied. The demand is complained of, as being spiritless. Quotations, however, are unaltered. By a rise, or fall, in the value of live stock, butchers' prices appear to be unaffected. Last week, an advance occurred at Forty-fourth street; this week, there has been a noticeable reaction, with a downward tendency. In Washington Market, these changes have occasioned no corresponding variations in prices of fresh meat. It has been more truthly, than kindly, remarked, in explanation of this anomaly, that butchers are accustomed to charge such prices as will afford a margin sufficiently liberal to cover all fluctuations in the market value of live stock, and thus, at the expense of the consumer, the butchers' interests are protected.

Beef, roasting pieces, ℘ ℔	12	@ 16
Beef, chuck roast, ℘ ℔	10	@ 13
Beef, second cut chuck, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10
Beef, rounds, ℘ ℔	9	@ 12
Beef, rumps, ℘ ℔	11	@ 13
Beef, porter-house steak, ℘ ℔	16	@ 20
Beef, sirloin steak, ℘ ℔	14	@ 16
Beef, rump steak, ℘ ℔	13	@ 14
Beef, corned, ℘ ℔	6	@ 12
Mutton, hind quarters, ℘ ℔	10	@ 12
Mutton, fore quarters, ℘ ℔	7	@ 9
Mutton, legs, ℘ ℔	10	@ 12½
Mutton, shoulders, ℘ ℔	6	@ 9
Mutton, chops, ℘ ℔	12	@ —
Lamb, ℘ ℔	10	@ 12
Veal, hindquarters, ℘ ℔	11	@ 12
Veal, forequarters, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10
Veal cutlets, ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
Pork, fresh, ℘ ℔	10	@ 10½
Pork, salted, ℘ ℔	10	@ —
Pork, jowls, ℘ ℔	—	@ 10
Roasting Pigs, each	1 25	@2 00
Soup Meats, ℘ ℔	5	@ 8
Smoked Beef, ℘ ℔	12	@ 14
Bacon, ℘ ℔	12	@ 14
Hams, ℘ ℔	10	@ 14
Shoulders, ℘ ℔	9½	@ 11
Tongues, each	75	@ 80
Lard, ℘ ℔	11	@ 12½
Lard, by the tub, ℘ ℔	10½	@ 12
Sausages, City made, ℘ ℔	15	@ 16
Tripe, ℘ ℔	6	@ —

POULTRY AND GAME.

A very moderate business has been transacted this week. Prices exhibit no remarkable alterations. Stocks are less extensive.

Chickens, Bucks' Co., ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
Chickens, Broilers, ℘ pair	75	@ 87½
Fowls, ℘ ℔	11	@ 14
Turkeys, ℘ ℔	14	@ 17
Geese, ℘ ℔	9	@ 12½
Ducks, ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
Pigeons, Squab, ℘ dozen	2 00	@2 50
Pigeons, tame and stallfed, ℘ dozen	1 50	@1 75
Wood Duck, ℘ pair	37	@ 62½
Black Ducks, ℘ pair	75	@ —
Red Head Ducks, ℘ pair	87	@1 00
Widgeon, ℘ pair	62	@ 75
Teal, ℘ pair	50	@ 62
Mallard	75	@ 87
Pheasants, English, ℘ pair	3 75	@4 00
Partridge, ℘ pair	50	@ 75
Quails, ℘ pair	31	@ 50
Prairie Chickens, ℘ pair	75	@1 00
Wild Turkeys, ℘ ℔	14	@ 17
Wild Geese, each	75	@1 00
Venison, ℘ ℔	6	@ 10
Rabbits, ℘ pair	37	@ 44
Hares, ℘ pair	56	@ 62
Squirrels, grey, each	8	@ —

FISH.

Supplies have been fair for the season. Dealers generally report an average run of custom. Rates are stationary.

Codfish, ℘ ℔	6	@ 7
Pickerel, ℘ ℔	—	@ 12
Whitefish, ℘ ℔	12	@ —
Blackfish, ℘ ℔	10	@ —
Catfish, ℘ ℔	—	@ 8
Perch, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10
Eels, ℘ ℔	10	@ 12
Flounders, ℘ ℔	7	@ 8
Striped Bass, ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
Black Bass, ℘ ℔	9	@ 12
Frost-fish, ℘ ℔	7	@ 8
Haddock, ℘ ℔	6	@ 7
Shad, each	87	@1 12½
Smelts, ℘ ℔	12	@ 15
Oysters, ℘ 100	50	@1 25
Oysters pickled, ℘ 100	1 25	@1 50
Clams, ℘ 100	25	@ 50
Crabs, soft, ℘ doz	1 00	@1 50
Crabs, hard, ℘ doz	18	@ 25
Lobsters, ℘ ℔	—	@ 6
Salmon, City smoked, ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
Salmon, pickled, ℘ ℔	12	@ 15
Codfish, pickled, ℘ ℔	4	@ 5
Codfish, dry, ℘ ℔	4	@ 5
Mackerel, pickled, each	10	@ 15
Mackerel, smoked, ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
Halibut, smoked, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10

VEGETABLES.

The demand has been about as active as usual at this season of the year, and prices have been sustained.

Potatoes, Mercers, ℘ bbl.	1 75	@2 25
Potatoes, Peach-blows, ℘ bbl.	1 50	@2 00
Potatoes, Pinkeyes, ℘ bbl.	1 50	@ —
Potatoes, ℘ bushel	62	@ 87
Potatoes, ℘ half peck	10	@ 15
Potatoes, Sweet, ℘ bbl.	2 75	@3 50
Potatoes, Sweet, ℘ bushel	1 00	@1 25
Potatoes, Sweet, ℘ half peck	31½	@ 37½
Turnips, ℘ basket	50	@ 56
Turnips, ℘ peck	25	@ 31
Parsnips, ℘ bunch	—	@ 6
Carrots, ℘ bunch	—	@ 6
Beets, ℘ bunch	—	@ 6
Onions, ℘ peck	37	@ 50
Cabbage, ℘ dozen	50	@1 00
Cabbage, each	5	@ 10
Cabbage, red, ℘ dozen	87½	@1 37½
Tomatoes, ℘ quart can	25	@ —
Celery, ℘ bunch	12	@ —
Watercresses, ℘ quart	6	@ —
Spinach, ℘ basket	75	@1 00
Leeks, ℘ bunch	6	@ 8
Garlic, ℘ bunch	10	@ 12

FRUIT.

Most kinds have been in limited request at our quotations.

Apples, Table, ℘ peck	37	@ 75
Apples, Cooking, ℘ peck	25	@ 50
Cranberries, ℘ quart	15	@ 20
Hickory Nuts, ℘ quart	10	@ 12
Walnuts, ℘ quart	12	@ 15
Chestnuts, ℘ quart	31	@ 37
Citron, preserved, ℘ ℔	25	@ —
Oranges, ℘ dozen	25	@ 75
Lemons, ℘ dozen	25	@ 50
Cocoanuts, ℘ dozen	37	@ 50
Figs, ℘ drum	25	@ —
Turkish Fig Cake, each	8	@ —
Dried Cherries, ℘ ℔	8	@ —
Dates, ℘ ℔	—	@ —
Raisins, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10
Currants, ℘ ℔	6	@ 8
Prunes, ℘ ℔	8	@ —

DAIRY PRODUCE, EGGS AND HONEY.

Butter and Cheese have been in more demand at uniform rates. Eggs have been less inquired for, and have declined.

Butter, State, ℘ ℔	18	@ 24
Butter, Orange County, ℘ ℔	—	@ 28
Butter, Orange County, by the tub, ℘ ℔	25	@ 26
Butter, Ohio, ℘ ℔	15	@ 21
Butter, roll, ℘ ℔	16	@ 20
Cheese, ℘ ℔	11	@ 14
Eggs, five for	13	@ —
Eggs, ten for	25	@ —
Eggs, forty for	1 00	@ —
Honey, White Clover, ℘ ℔	25	@ —
Honey, Buckwheat, ℘ ℔	14	@ 20
Honey, ℘ can	—	@ 50
Honey, ℘ bottle	25	@ —

The foregoing report is based on information obtained, to-day, mainly from the following parties: THOS. B. WAY, stand No. 21; PACKER & KNAPP, stands Nos. 289 and 290; J. D. HISCOX, stands Nos. 306 and 307; S. LICHTENSTEIN, stands Nos. 445 and 446; MRS. CRONIN, stand No. 155; J. LYNCH, stand No. 3; J. CAMERON, stands Nos. 146 and 147.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENCY,
No. 41 Park-row—N. Y. TIMES Building.
Merchants wishing to extend their business should
ADVERTISE
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Every facility is offered for this purpose by J. H. & Co. For promptness and reliability they refer to Raymond, Wesley & Co., publishers of this paper.

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STARR'S CHEMICALLY PREPARED GLUE,
FOR FAMILY USE.
THE BEST ARTICLE IN MARKET!!!
One of the most convenient and desirable articles known, and of great utility in
EVERY FAMILY,
by reason of its cheapness and reliability in repairing Furniture, Toys, Chairs, Sofas, Pictures, Shellwork, Crockery, Glassware, &c., &c.
The attention of dealers and consumers is invited to the following testimonials regarding its superior qualities:
NEWARK, Nov. 26, 1859.
After a faithful trial of Starr's Prepared Glue on Wood, Leather and Cloth, at the Phenix Works, I most cheerfully recommend its use for all purposes generally required, and especially for family use.
C. A. CARTER.
We, the undersigned, having tested Starr's Prepared Glue, agree with the above recommendation:
WM. B. DOUGLASS, Cabinet Ware Manufacturer.
LYSANDER WRIGHT, Machine Dépôt, 290 Market-st.
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WM. H. KIRK & CO., Carpenters and Builders.
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PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE. A brush goes with each bottle, with full directions for use.
Put up for Dealers in cases of from 1 to 12 dozen.
A splendid Lithographic Show Card, printed in colors, given with each package. Manufactured by
E. B. STARR,
No. 307 Market-st., Newark, N. J.
Dépôt No. 102 Fulton-st., New-York.
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Orders addressed to either of the above places will receive prompt attention.
For sale everywhere by all Druggists, Grocers, Hardware, Toy, Book, Fancy and General Furnishing Stores.

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METALLIC INDIA-RUBBER
SLATE COMPANY,
No. 45 Leonard-st., New-York.
Green's Patent of November 29, 1859.
LIST OF PRICES.
No. 1, Size 10x14 inches.....$3 60 per dozen.
No. 2, Size 9x13 inches.....3 45 per dozen.
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No. 8, Size 6x10 inches.....2 25 per dozen.
No. 9, Size 6x9 inches.....2 00 per dozen.
No. 10, Size 5x8 inches.....1 90 per dozen.
No. 11, Size 5x7 inches.....1 60 per dozen.
No. 12, Size 4x6 inches.....1 12 per dozen.
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All Bills under $25.....5 per cent. off net cash.
All Bills from $25 to $50.....10 per cent. off net cash.
All Bills from 50 to 100.....20 per cent. off net cash.
All Bills from 100 to 200.....30 per cent. off net cash.
All Bills exceeding 200.....33⅓ and 7 per cent. cash.
AGENTS WANTED in every city and town. Territory secured. Samples furnished on receipt of one dollar.
N. B.—All Metallic or Rubber Slates not having "Green's Patent" marked thereon are infringements, and persons selling the same will be held responsible for damages.
J. H. GREEN,
General Agent and Patentee.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WELL-SEASONED Billiard Tables, made in the best possible manner, and at reasonable prices, will be found at the PHELAN Billiard Table Manufactory, Nos. 63, 65, 67 and 69 Crosby-street, New-York. Every article connected with the trade at the lowest rates.

WHITE AND RED ASH COAL.—BROAD Mountain, Red Ash (Peach Orchard) and genuine Lehigh; also Cumberland, English Cannel and Liverpool Orrel, of the best qualities, and at lowest market prices. HENRY REEVE, corners Canal and Centre, and Jane and West sts.

PARTIES SUPPLIED WITH THE BEST Ice Cream and Jellies, in forms, for three shillings per quart. Charlotte Russe, Blanc Mange, Cocoanut and Orange and other pyramids made to order, by J. TABER, No. 243 Bleecker-st., opposite Leroy-st. Established in 1833.

REMOVAL.—YOUNG, SCHULTZ & CO. HAVE removed from No. 37 Ferry-st., corner Cliff, to their new stores, Nos. 96 Cliff and 343 and 345 Pearl sts., Franklin-square; entrance on either street.

COAL OIL—FULLY EQUAL TO THE BEST IN market, for sale at less than usual prices, by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

DRY GOODS.

ATHERTON, FAURE & CO.,
No. 6 College-place,
Agency of
HILGER BROS.,
CLOTHS AND DOESKINS,
Offer for sale,
CASTORS, ESQUIMAUX, SILK MIXED COATINGS
AND COTTON FANCY BUCKSKINS.
Also,
CLOTHS AND DOESKINS, OF DIFFERENT MANUFACTURES.

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BARGAINS
IN
RIBBONS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
LACES,
EMBROIDERIES, &c.
The Subscriber determines to sell
The goods at half their cost,
TO CLOSE THE BUSINESS
IN THIRTY DAYS.
No humbug. Please call and examine for yourselves.
No. 599 Broadway.

ALEXANDRE'S GLOVES—LADIES', MISSES' and gents'; also a great variety of gauntlet and fleece lined, from 25 cents up. Ladies', misses' and gents' under-garments and hose, very cheap. Cloth and worsted leggins and mittens, knitting yarns, all colors, Shetland veils, &c., at ELGER'S, No. 882 Broadway, near 18th-st., East side—the Red Stocking.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG AMERICAN, IN RECEIPT OF a moderate income, and possessing a not disagreeable personal appearance, desires to open correspondence and eventually, if mutually pleased, forming personal acquaintance with some young lady of pleasant looks and manners, not over 20 years of age. The subscriber, through removal of friends and family from the City, is left without any female company; and having always been of a retiring and homelike disposition, finds the ordinary formalities too irksome and too little understood by himself to enable him to acquire it by any other method than the present. He would prefer a good-natured girl, who has a liking for music and poetry, and who has some idea of housekeeping. Letters will be treated with the sincerity they deserve. Address ALFRED, Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN ABOUT 25 YEARS of age, of good habits, prepossessing appearance, mild temper, and affectionate by nature, wishes to form an acquaintance with some young lady, with a view to forming a marriage alliance. The lady must be of a sweet disposition and the possessor of such other virtues as would render the home circle attractive. Confidential communications will be received by the advertiser by addressing "AFFECTION," Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, 25 YEARS OF age, with a limited number of female acquaintances, takes this method of procuring a wife. He is considered good-looking, of a loving nature and amiable disposition. Desires a young lady between the ages of 16 and 23. Good looks not so much of an object as a kind and true heart. Address, in full confidence, HOWARD, Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

INSTRUCTION.

PARKER AND BERTHET'S
CLASSICAL, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND PRIMARY SCHOOL,
21st-st., corner of Broadway.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
On Washington-square, No. 218 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, (Messrs. CLARK and FANNING, Principals.) Male pupils of all ages received at any time, and prepared for business or College. School quarters begin Nov. 28, Feb. 6, and April 6.

SCHOOL.—A LADY RESIDING NOT FAR FROM New-York receives into her family children of all ages, for whom every comfort and attention is furnished; she gives them her constant personal attention—looking carefully after their health, habits, manners and education; if desired, she superintends their wardrobe, renewing it, as she would for her own children. The best of English, French and music teachers are employed in the family, so that the education of the children can be commenced and advanced as they need. By making application at once to A. H. W., Box No. 117 *Times* Office, further particulars will be given by the lady herself, and in person, if desired.

AN ACCOMPLISHED FRENCH LADY, of good family, who understands English as well as her own language, wishes employment in any literary or useful line of business by which a lady can make an honorable living; anything but the onerous, ungrateful duties of a resident governess. Address, for one week, INDUSTRY AND TACT FOR BUSINESS, Box No. 145 *Times* Office, New-York.

CORRECT PRONUNCIATION OF FRENCH IN TWELVE LESSONS.—The subscriber being occupied in giving instruction in the French language, on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, to a family residing in Madison-av., who are going to Paris, would like a few more pupils in that vicinity, on the afternoons of the same days. Address by note LOUIS GENTIL, No. 341 Pearl-st.

$33 50 FOR FOURTEEN WEEKS' BOARD AND TUITION.—The Spring term of the Fort Edward Institute begins March 22. Superb brick buildings for ladies and gentlemen. Fare from New-York $2 52. Address for circular, Rev. JOSEPH E. KING, Fort Edward, N. Y.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 20 East 31st-st.—JAMES WEIR MASON. Second session begins Feb. 6. Personal instruction by the Principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Circulars at Carter's, No. 530 Broadway, and at the School.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, AT NYACK-ON-THE-HUDSON.—The Spring session of twenty-one weeks will commence on Feb. 3. This is a favorable time to enter this seminary. For particulars, address L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals.

$40 PAYS BOARD and Tuition fourteen weeks, at Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia Co., N. Y. Term opens April 13. Fourteen Instructors. Ladies desiring to teach, furnished places. Write for a Catalogue. Rev. A. FLACK.

$32 50 PER QUARTER. ASHLAND INSTITUTE, GREENE Co., N. Y. Rev. HENRY J. FOX, A. M., Principal. Students (either sex) received any time.

AMENIA SEMINARY—DUTCHESS CO., N. Y., Rev. D. GAGE, A. M., Principal. The best instruction and a pleasant home furnished to ladies and gentlemen at reasonable charges. Spring term opens April 5. Catalogues sent upon application.

FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 54 West 36th-st., near 5th-av.—Academy and Day School. The most able masters in all departments. Principal, Madame DON BERNARD née DE ROCHEFERMOY, formerly French teacher of the Rutgers Institute.

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MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL, French and English School, (with Gymnasium,) Broadway, S. E. cor. 18th-st. Circulars at the School.

TO CLERGYMEN.—A GENTLEMAN IN NEW-York wishes to place his niece in the family of a clergyman, in the vicinity of this City, who will take the entire charge of her education, and at the same time secure for her a comfortable and pleasant home, for which an ample remuneration will be paid. Address E. P., Box No. 113 *Times* Office.

A HOME AND INSTRUCTION FOR A FEW children, in a private family, where they will receive the most careful attention and the most tender treatment, may be heard of by application to HOME, Box No. 160 *Times* Office.

INSTRUCTION IN PAINTING—A LADY WHO is fully competent desires to have a few pupils to instruct in this branch of art. Address Box No. 3,437, Post-office.

TEACHERS.

EDUCATIONAL.—IMPORTANT TO EDUCATORS, PUPILS AND STUDENTS.—Teachers wanted as principals, assistants or partners in the different States. Educational correspondents wanted in every town. Apply, or address the NATIONAL TEACHERS' INSTITUTE, No. 335 Broadway, New-York.

Parents looking for schools for their children will find it to their interest to call.

TEACHER WANTED—IN A FEMALE SEMINARY, near the City; a lady fully competent to teach music and French; one able to speak the language, and also a member of some Evangelical church preferred. Address, with particulars, NORTON, Box No. 124 *Times* Office.

GOVERNESS.—A LADY WHO HAS PART OF her time disengaged would like to meet with some pupils for English, music, drawing, or languages; the upper part of the City preferred. Unexceptionable references given. Address ENGLISH, Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

A TEACHER OF MANY YEARS EXPERIENCE wishes a situation to instruct in the English branches, and music, two or three young girls at their own residence. Good references given. Address Miss W., No. 28 West 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A GOVERNESS, A SITUATION in a family to teach music, French, Drawing, English, &c. Apply from 1 till 4 o'clock, at No. 75 Clinton-st., corner Livingston, Brooklyn.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 806 Broadway, New-York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn.
CLASSES OPEN AT ALL TIMES FOR BEGINNERS.
Will continue open until the 1st of June.

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PRICE 75 CENTS. PRICE 75 CENTS.
NEW AND CHEAPER EDITION
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An entirely New and Successful Method for the Cure of these Diseases; intended for popular use. By CHARLES D. HAMMOND, M. D., late Professor of Anatomy and Pathology in the Syracuse Medical College, New-York, author of several Medical Works, &c., &c.
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BALLS.

ANNUAL MASONIC BALL
IN AID
OF
THE HALL AND ASYLUM FUND
OF THE
GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
AT THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
TUESDAY, Feb. 14, 1860.

TICKETS, $3.

To admit a gentleman and two ladies, may be procured of Masters of Lodges, or other members of the Committee.

Extra Ladies' Tickets at the door.

Every exertion has been used by the Committee to make this affair one of the most brilliant of the season.

The cloak, dressing and supper rooms have been retained under their especial supervision, and nothing has been neglected that could tend to the comfort or enjoyment of the guests.

Tickets limited.

SKIRTS.

HOOP-SKIRTS CHEAPER THAN EVER.—Best steel sewed skirts, 9 springs, 37 cts.; 11 springs, 50 cts.; 15 springs, 75 cts.; 20 springs, $1. Mme. Demorest's Prize Medal Skirts, for elegance and durability, are worth six of any other kind. Call and be convinced, at No. 375 Broadway, No. 322 Canal-st., No. 119 8th-av., or No. 244 Grand-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

$25 REWARD.—LOST LAST TUESDAY WEEK, in Broadway or Chamber st., or left in one of the Broadway stores, a large sable muff, lined with black silk. The above reward will be paid and no questions asked, by leaving same at No. 40 East 14th-st.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE PURPLE AND FINE-LINEN GENTRY are not invited to *room No. 8 on the second floor of Clinton Hall*, for they have received their consolation (Luke 6, xxiv.); neither are the swinish and doggish multitude, for we are commanded not to cast pearls before swine, nor to give things holy unto dogs (Matt. 8, vi.); nor are the Pharisees lay and reverend, who outwardly appear to men to be righteous (Matt. 23, xxviii.); but we do invite, most cordially and respectfully, all honest and good-hearted sinners of all classes to meet us there at 10.30 A. M. every SUNDAY—all who desire to understand the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments, which can alone make a man wise unto salvation (1 Tim., 3, xv., xvii.) The seats all free, and the Gospel without money or price (Isaiah 54, i., iv.)

DR. CAHILL VS. PROTESTANTISM.—DR. Cahill's Sermon on Confession, preached at Newark, will be answered by a convert from Romanism, in the church of the American Mission to Roman Catholics, in East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., SABBATH (to-morrow) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Also, the Doctor's sermon on the Word of God, preached at St. Mary's, will be again reviewed by the minister of the Second Presbytery of New-York, on SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock. Roman Catholics are invited to attend both exercises, and are also requested to attend every Thursday evening in the same place, and defend the dogmas of their church, according to the rules of the mission. The friends of a pure Protestantism are also cordially invited. This is truly the finest field for Evangelical labor in the country.

REV. JAMES HARPER WILL DELIVER a lecture in the Fourth Associate Reformed Presbyterian Church, corner of Thompson and Houston sts., New-York, on FRIDAY, 17th inst., at 7½ o'clock P. M., for the benefit of the First United Presbyterian Church, Hoboken, N. J. Subject—*John Calvin*. Tickets for sale at the following places viz: Thos. McLaughlin's Gent's Furnishing Store, No. 269 Greenwich-st.; Robert Stewart's Gent's Furnishing Store, No. 279 Greenwich-st.; George W. Welsh's Jewelry Store, No. 244 Greenwich-st.; A. Macfarlane's Gun Store, No. 46 Howard-st.; H. Harrison's Hat Store, No. 349 8th-av.; Wm. Frazer's Dry Goods Store, No. 419½ 6th-av., and also at the door. Admission 25 cents.

NORTH DUTCH CHURCH—CORNER OF William and Fulton sts. Divine Service EVERY SABBATH at 10½ A. M., at 3 P. M., and a Prayer Meeting in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Sabbath School and Bible Classes at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Lectures on TUESDAY EVENING at 7½ P. M. FRIDAY EVENING—Prayer Meeting at 7½ o'clock. A daily Prayer Meeting from 12 to 1 o'clock. All are invited, and seats will be furnished.

ABSALOM, THE "FAST" YOUNG MAN, will be the subject of the next discourse of the series on *Representative Character*, at the 20th-st. Universalist Church, between 6th and 7th avs., Rev. E. G. BROOKS, Pastor, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON. Services at 3 o'clock. Sermon in the MORNING by the Pastor.

REV. P. McMENAMY, D. D., AND THE friends of a free Bible, will point out (D. V.) the errors of the Romish worship of saints, angels and images, and answer objections, in the Metropolitan Assembly Rooms, No. 178 Prince-st., TO-MORROW (Sabbath) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. All are invited.

ARE WE TO CONTINUE KILLING PEOPLE BY LAW?—A Christian view will be given of this subject TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at the Bleecker-st. Church, corner of Bleecker and Downing sts., by Rev. MOSES BALLOU. Subject at 10½ o'clock A. M.—*Is Universal Salvation Possible?*

KNICKERBOCKER HALL—CORNER OF 23d-st. and 8th-av.—Services of the Protestant Episcopal Church are regularly held in this Hall on EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ in the EVENING. Sunday School at 9 o'clock A. M. and 2½ P. M. Rev. Mr. DENNISON will preach on Sunday evening next.

REV. S. REMINGTON WILL DELIVER his fifth lecture on *The Churches of Asia*, in the Chapel of the Mount Olivet Baptist Church, corner of 6th-av. and 41st st., TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, and also in the EVENING, at 7 o'clock. The protracted meeting still continues.

THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE Sabbath School Missionary Association of the Broadway Tabernacle, will be held in the Church, corner of 34th st. and Broadway, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, Feb. 12, at 3 o'clock. Addresses may be expected by Rev. J. P. THOMPSON, D. D., R. G. PARDEE, of the New-York Sunday-School Union, and others.

PREACHING, TO-MORROW, IN THE Reformed Dutch Church, corner of Avenue-B and Fifth-street, Morning, Afternoon and Evening, by the Pastor, Rev. Dr. WIGGINS. Subject for the evening—*The defence which the Lord will create upon every dwelling place of Mount Zion, and upon her assemblies.* The public are respectfully invited to attend.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL MISSION CHURCH—Clinton Hall, Astor-place—in charge of Rev. ROBERT G. DICKSON. Divine service EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Also on FRIDAY EVENING at No. 68 West 11th-st., at 8 o'clock. All are invited. Seats all free.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH, HUDSON-AV., BEtween Fleet and Willoughby sts., Brooklyn. The Rector, Rev. THOS. G. CARVER, will deliver the fourth of a series of sermons on the *Destruction of Jerusalem*, TO-MORROW EVENING. Services on Sunday at 10½ A. M. Sundays and Wednesdays at 7½ P. M.

LECTURES TO MEDICAL STUDENTS AND MEDICAL MEN.—The twelfth lecture of this course will be delivered by Rev. E. L. ROGERS, D. D., TO-MORROW (Sunday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at the Reformed Dutch Church, corner 5th av., and 21st-st. Subject—*Theology of Medicine.*

THE SECOND UNIVERSALIST SOCIETY, Rev. Dr. SAWYER, Pastor, worships in the hall of the Historical Society, corner of 2d-av. and 11th-st. Rev. ST. JOHN CHAMBRE, of Newark, N. J., will officiate TO-MORROW, on exchange. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

COOPER INSTITUTE.—UNION SERVICES.—Rev. MATHEW HALE SMITH will preach, SUNDAY, Feb. 12, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. to young men. Rev. T. A. MILLS, D. D., will preach at 7½ P. M. Seats free. All are cordially invited to attend.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, BROOKLYN.—Rev. A. N. LITTLEJOHN, of New-Haven, will officiate in the Church TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10½ A. M., and in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. There will be no service in the afternoon.

THE OLIVER-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH, near Chatham-square, Rev. HENRY P. WESTON, pastor. Whosoever will, let him come and hear the word of the Lord. The gallery of this church is free, and strangers are made welcome on the main floor. Services in the morning and evening at the usual hours.

MOUNT ZION CHURCH OF THE ADVENT holds its meetings in Union Buildings, No. 163 Bowery. Seats are free. Preaching TO-MORROW, at 3 and 7½ o'clock, P. M., by the messenger of the coming Savior, whose way must be prepared before him. He that hath an ear to hear let him hear.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH—REV. THOMAS GALLAUDET, Rector, 18th-st., near 5th-av. Service for deaf mutes at 3 P. M.; for others willing to promote their welfare, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Rev. Dr. OGILBY, assistant minister of Trinity Church, will preach TO-MORROW EVENING.

FOURTH ASSOCIATE REFORMED CHURCH, corner of Houston and Thompson sts.—Rev. JAMES GIBSON (lately from Scotland) preaches every SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 3 o'clock. Subject for to-morrow afternoon—*Abraham's Entertainment of Angels and Intercession for Sodom.*

REV. J. R. A. ROGERS, ONE OF THE exiled ministers of Kentucky, will preach on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, in Shiloh Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Mr. GARNET'S), corner of Prince and Marion sts. The friends of religious liberty are invited to attend.

REV. HENRY BLANCHARD, PASTOR, will deliver his thirteenth doctrinal discourse, TO-MORROW EVENING, in Church of the Restoration, corner Monroe-place and Clark-st., Brooklyn. Subject—*The Judgment Seat of Christ.*

REV. FRANK REMINGTON, PASTOR OF the North Baptist Church, corner of Christopher and Bedford sts., will preach TO-MORROW at 10½ A. M., 3 P. M., and 7½ in the EVENING. Strangers are cordially invited.

SERVICES IN THE THIRD REFORMED Presbyterian Church, 23d-st., east of 8th-av., TO-MORROW. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. J. R. W. SLOANE, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M.; and by Rev. A. M. MILLIGAN, of New-Alexandria, Penn., at 7½ P. M.

PREPARATION FOR SUDDEN DEATH.—A sermon on this subject, as suggested by recent calamities, will be preached by Rev. B. S. HUNTINGTON, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON, at the Floating Chapel, foot of Pike-st.

THIRD-AVENUE RAILROAD DEPOT, BEtween 65th and 66th sts.—the Bloomingdale Presbyterian Church, Rev. ALBERT B. KING Pastor. Preaching at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Seats free. Sabbath School 2½ P. M.

PARK CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, BROOKLYN—Rev. C. D. MURRAY, of New-Haven, will preach TO-MORROW, in the Park Tabernacle, on Cumberland-st., between Park and Myrtle avs., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. All are invited to attend.

ABINGDON-SQUARE UNION CHURCH, Lebanon Hall, No. 10 Abingdon-square. Preaching TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. by Rev. JAMES B. DUNN. In the evening, being the children meeting, missionary letters will be read from Persia and the West.

REV. B. PETERS, CHURCH CORNER OF 4th and South 3d sts., Williamsburgh, gives his concluding lecture to the young TO-MORROW EVENING. Subject—*Marriage.* Rev. HENRY BLANCHARD will preach in the morning.

REV. WILLIAM R. WILLIAMS WILL preach TO-MORROW (Lord's Day) MORNING in the Amity-st. Baptist Church, corner of Amity and Wooster sts. Services begin at 10½ o'clock.

REV. MR. FROTHINGHAM WILL PREACH at the Hall, corner of Broadway and 32d-st., SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Morning topic—*Paying Debts*; Evening—*Giving Reasons for Faith.*

FIRST FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH, in 28th st., near Broadway, Rev. D. M. GRAHAM, Pastor. Preaching at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9½ A. M. and 2 P. M. Friends and strangers invited.

NOTICE.—FIRST REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, Joralemon-st., Brooklyn. Services (D. V.) TO-MORROW, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. Preaching by Rev. Dr. BETHUNE in the Morning, and Rev. J. H. MANNING in the Evening.

NOTICE.—REV MR. MARSEILIS WILL PREACH in the Seventh Associate Presbyterian Church, in 44th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., on next Lord's Day. Services at 10½ o'clock in the Morning and 3 in the Afternoon.

ELDER HENRY R. KNAPP, OF NOANK, will preach at the Bethesda Baptist Church, 22d-st., near 3d-av., TO-MORROW, (Sunday,) the 12th. Services at 10½ A. M., and 7½ in the EVENING. Prayer Meeting at 3 P. M.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH—CORNER OF Broome and Chrystie sts. Service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. Mr. WILSON, Assistant Minister of St. Peter's Church, will preach in the EVENING.

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY, STANTON-street, between Essex and Norfolk-sts. Services at 10½ A. M., and 3 and 7½ P. M. Seats free. Rev. E. O. FLAGG, Rector of All Saints' Church, will preach next SUNDAY EVENING.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—A DIScourse on the *Ministration of the Spirit* will be delivered TO-MORROW EVENING, by Rev. Dr. CHEEVER, in the Church of the Puritans, Union-square, at 7½.

REV. ANTOINETTE BROWN BLACKWELL will preach at Goldbeck's Music Hall, No. 765 Broadway, TO-MORROW, at 7½ P. M. Subject—*Divine Impartiality.*

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

ANTIOCH BAPTIST CHURCH—SEVENTH-av., near 12th-st., having erected a Baptistry in their house of worship, will dedicate the same TO-MORROW, after the morning service, by the immersion of several believers. Preaching at 10½ A. M., 3 and 7½ P. M. The subject of the morning discourse—*The Glory of the Ordinance of Baptism.*

REV. JOSEPH SANDERSON WILL PREACH in the Chapel of the Home for the Friendless, No. 29 East 29th-st., between 4th and Madison avs., on next and succeeding SABBATH EVENINGS, at 7½ o'clock; and at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M., in his Church, corner of Stanton and Forsyth sts.

CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—BLEECKER Building, corner of Bleecker and Morton sts.—Elder GEORGE STORRS will preach TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and at 3 P. M. Subject for the afternoon—*Do the Scriptures teach the Doctrine of the Conscious Existence of the Dead?* Seats free. Bible class at 2 P. M.

REV. A. G. McAULEY, OF PHILADELPHIA, will preach TO-MORROW (Sabbath,) at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M., in the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, Duffield-st., Brooklyn. The public are respectfully invited. Seats free to strangers. Sabbath School at 9 and 2 o'clock.

LADIES' FIVE POINTS BAPTIST MISSION, NO. 42 BAXTER-ST.—Preaching TO-MORROW, at 9 o'clock P. M., by Rev. A. A. CONSTANTINE, formerly missionary in Africa. Prayer-meeting at 7 in the evening. Sunday School at 1½ P. M.

DE KALB-AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, BROOKLYN.—Preaching on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M., by Rev. B. I. IVES, Chaplain of Auburn State Prison. General Love Feast in the AFTERNOON. The public are invited to attend. Seats free.

JOHN-STREET M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHING TO-MORROW MORNING and EVENING, by the Pastor, Rev. E. L. JANES. Services to commence at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. All are invited. Seats free. Sabbath School at 9 and 2 o'clock.

SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Corner of Broome and Ridge sts. The Pastor, Rev. T. RALSTON SMITH, will preach, Providence permitting, TO-MORROW (Sunday,) at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7½ o'clock P. M.

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE—ON FULTON-av., near Hoyt-st. The pastor, Rev. WILLIAM ALVIN BARTLETT, will preach on SUNDAY, Feb. 12. Services will commence at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

CHERRY-STREET M. E. CHURCH—CHERry-st., near Clinton. Rev. J. S. INSKIP will preach at 10½ A. M. Subject—*The Progress and Benefits of Civil and Religious Liberty.* And at 7 P. M.

MADISON-AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of 28th-st. Preaching SUNDAY, 12th, 10½ A. M., 3½ P. M. Sunday school, 2 P. M. Rev. WM. BANNARD, Pastor. Strangers invited.

ANDREW JACKSON DAVIS IS ENGAGED to speak at Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway, on SUNDAY, Feb. 12. Morning, 10½ o'clock; evening, 7½.

REV. S. A. COREY WILL PREACH IN TRENOR Hall, corner of Broadway and 34th-st., TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

MRS. CORA L. V. HATCH WILL SPEAK in Hope Chapel, No. 720 Broadway, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON and EVENING, at 3½ and 7½ o'clock.

LECTURES.

THE MILBURN BENEFIT.
"PEALS ON PEALS OF LAUGHTER."

Rev. WM. H. MILBURN, the Blind Preacher, has accepted the invitation of a few personal friends and admirers to deliver his inimitable Lecture on

"WHAT A BLIND MAN SAW IN ENGLAND."
At the Cooper Institute,
On THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 16.

The entire net proceeds will go to Mr. MILBURN'S benefit.

This is the most instructive and laughter-exciting intellectual performance ever given in this City.

Hear what the New-York *Observer* says of it:

"WHAT A BLIND MAN SAW IN ENGLAND.

The most entertaining lecture to which it was ever our pleasure to listen, was delivered last week in Dr. Burchard's 13th st. Church, by Rev. W. H. Milburn. The subject is given above. The eloquent and brilliant speaker took us to the shores of Old England, to her public and private houses, to her parliaments, and churches and cathedrals, into her streets and rail-cars, among her people at home and abroad, and gave us descriptions so mirthful and so life-like, so picturesque and dramatic, so contrasted with life in America, and so instructive to the traveled and untraveled, that the audience were now convulsed with laughter by his humor, now subdued by his pathetic tones and words, and then thrilled with his poetical and beautiful exhibitions of the literature, art, and the worth of the mother land. His description of the oratory of England, and his specimens of the spread-eagle eloquence of Brother Jonathan were received with peals on peals; and these were followed by other passages equally amusing and graphic. Mr. Milburn should repeat his lecture in the Cooper Institute or the Academy of Music, where thousands might enjoy the treat to which we listened with such delight last Thursday evening."

Friends who are willing to aid will please call on the advertiser, G. Q. COLTON, No. 37 Park-row, and take tickets for distribution, with the privilege of returning those unsold.

Tickets 25 cents; for sale at No. 200 Mulberry-st., at the bookstores on Broadway, and at the door. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock.

THE GREAT LECTURE OF THE SEASON.

REV. JOSEPH P. THOMPSON, D. D.,

Pastor of the Broadway Tabernacle Church, will lecture at the Brick Church, (formerly Dr. Van Zandt's,)
NINTH-ST.,
one door east of Broadway,

On MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 13, 1860,

ILLUSTRATING HIS SUBJECT FROM THE MODEL OF
SOLOMON'S TEMPLE.

The lecture will embrace: A History of the Temple at Jerusalem—Site of Solomon's Temple—Plan and Appearance of the Building—The Temple Worship—Destruction of the First Temple—Building of the Second—The Temple under Herod—Its Destruction by Titus—The Mosque of Omar.

Admission 25 cents. Lecture to commence at 7½.

Tickets can be secured in advance at the box-office.

LECTURE BY
REV. DR. CHAPIN.
SUBJECT—"SOCIAL FORCES."

At 16th-st. Baptist Church, (near 8th-av.,) on MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 13, at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents; may be had at Appleton's Bookstore, B. B. Merrill's, No. 2 Maiden-lane, and at the door.

MR. J. H. SIDDONS.—AT GOLDBECK'S MUSIC HALL, No. 765 Broadway, New-York, on MONDAY NEXT, at 2 P. M., Mr. SIDDONS will lecture on DOMESTIC PLEASURES AND OBLIGATIONS, and in the EVENING, at 8 o'clock, he will give his GLANCES AT THE DRAMA, AS IT WAS AND AS IT IS.

Admission 25 cents.

REV. DR. CHAPIN WILL LECTURE AT Sixteenth Baptist Church, on MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 13, at 8 o'clock. Subject—*Social Forces.* Tickets 25c. To be had at the door.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED IN THE NURSERY BUSINESS.—A Holland florist, having many years' experience in this country, wants to establish, in a good situated place, a nursery of the first class of flowers, shrubs, ornamental trees, &c; has the best references from different parts of the old country; has a fine new assortment of plants that are quite rare in this country. He desires a partner or a capitalist to assist in money; only a small capital; will soon make an agreeable and profitable business. Address K. K., Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

BUSINESS.—THE ADVERTISER EMPLOYS TWO Traveling Agents in the Northern section of the country, and wishes to connect with their business (which is confined mostly to the Summer season) some articles of a light nature that can be sold by sample or otherwise. Parties having the right kind of goods as above, can obtain increased sales by addressing C. C., Box No. 1,262 Post-office, describing nature goods, price, &c. No Agency is wished.

TO DRUGGISTS AND OTHERS.—FOR SALE—The stock and fixtures of a retail drug store, in one of the most improving portions of this City, with a valuable lease of the building. Can be had at a bargain if applied for soon, or the premises will be let for any clean, genteel business. Inquire of GEO. R. HOWELL, No. 32 Park-row, or E. BAILEY, Southeast corner of 31st-st. and 6th-av.

REFINISHING BUSINESS FOR SALE—The proprietor of an old, well-established and paying refinishing business, wishing to retire, would sell the good will, presses, (hydraulic,) tools, and all apparatus to carry it on. This business being now in successful and paying operation, offers an inducement seldom met with. Apply to Mr. J. WALES, No. 40 Beekman-st.

NOTICE.—OWING TO URGENT FOREIGN ENgagements, the subscriber desires to sell several valuable patented inventions of his own, either entire or partial interests, consisting of life-berth, skates, steam couplings, steam gauge, corsets, skirt supporters, egg beaters, &c. Address or call on J. P. McLEAN, Room No. 20, No. 133 Nassau-st.

TO MANUFACTURERS AND OTHERS.—A young man of experience, enterprise and ability, is desirous of making an arrangement with some manufacturing house to establish an agency in this City; would devote his whole time to its interests. Undoubted reference given, and security if required. Address for two weeks, AGENCY, Box No. 3,109 New-York Post-Office.

$10,000.—A SPECIAL PARTNER WANTed in a commercial business, with unusual guarantees of profit and inconsiderable risk; first-class acceptances of an established house will answer the advertisers, having Eastern facilities. References highly satisfactory. None but principals need apply. Address S. & M., Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $3,000 TO $5,000 in a safe and profitable mechanical business in Brooklyn, established in a good location and entirely free from risk, as the sales are exclusively for cash, and with the above amount of capital may be increased to a large amount. Address A. R., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

MERCHANDISE TO EXCHANGE.—WE have several stocks of Staple and Miscellaneous Merchandise to exchange for desirable Western and Southern Real Estate. Some cash required. Principals only need apply.
DINGEE, HOLDEN & CO.,
Nos. 9 Nassau and 13 Pine sts.

PAPER MILL AND PRIVILEGE FOR sale in Morristown, N. J., one of the best water powers to be found near New-York; would be exchanged for New-York property. For particulars apply at No. 44 Beekman-st., New-York.

GRIST-MILL TO RENT—A GRIST-MILL with two run of stone, with an established custom; a good opportunity for a steady man with a small capital. Apply to BENJ. PECK, Port Chester, N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE OF AN OLD ESTablished boarding-house, Nos. 45, 47 and 49 East Broadway. Buildings to let singly or together. Apply as above.

FOR SALE—A GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET, with fixtures, doing a fair cash business. Inquire on the premises, 260 9th-av., Northeast corner 27th-st.

TO HATTERS.—ICHABOD PRICE, NO. 110 FULton-st., will sell the lease, stock and fixtures of his hat and cap store very low for cash.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A MOST WILLING YOUNG WOman a situation in City or country as cook, washer and ironer or general housework; is a good cook, and baker of bread and biscuit, and a first-rate laundress; is willing to make herself useful; good reference. Can be seen this day and Monday, at No. 72 Bleecker-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A TRUSTWORTHY WOMAN, A situation as cook in all its branches; understands meats, poultry, baking and pastry; soups and jellies, and the European and American modes of cooking; also, a seamstress and parlor-maid. Can make shirts and take charge of the silver and dining-room. Wages $8. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A MOST EXperienced servant, as good, thorough cook, washer and ironer or general housework; has unexceptionable references for neatness, truthfulness and honesty, and is economical and competent in her kitchen. Inquire at No. 58 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as general house servant; will be found competent for her duties; is an excellent chambermaid; can sew neatly. No objection to the country. Is well recommended. Apply at No. 318 6th-av., first floor, front, this day or Monday.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROFESSED meat and pastry cook; would engage in a hotel or first-class boarding-house; is an experienced housekeeper. Inquire at No. 123 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., until engaged.

WANTED.—A GOOD SCOTCH SERVANT wishes a situation; is a good cook, understands meats, soups, pastry, &c.; is also a beautiful baker of bread, pies, &c.; can get up linens in excellent style. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as plain cook, washer and ironer, or would be willing to do the general housework for a small private family. Apply at No. 73 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS, BY one who thoroughly understands her business by experience; first-class City reference. Apply at No. 116 22d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation to do the housework of a small family, or to assist in the washing and ironing; can come well recommended. Can be seen for 2 days at No. 576 8th-av., rear building third floor.

GOOD FEMALE AND MALE FRENCH, German and other servants, at Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; also, first-class French and other cooks. French, German and Italian languages spoken. A lady in attendance.

MALES.

$30 TO $50—BOOK-KEEPER, CASHIER OR CLERK.—Wanted, immediate employment by a young man—a thorough double-entry book-keeper—experienced in business generally; will pay from $30 to $50 (in proportion to salary) to any party who will procure him a situation paying from $600 to $1,000 per annum. Best of City references. The above will be paid without fail, for any situation, no matter how laborious the duties. Address, for three days, CASHIER, Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MARried man, in the retail grocery business, in New-York or Brooklyn; is a good salesman and accountant, and can bring good references as to character, industry, capability, &c., having had one year's experience in the above business; salary not so much an object as a good situation. Address, for three days, S. A. B., No. 2 William-st., care George Catlin.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN HAVING HAD TEN years' experience in the flour and grain business, both here and at the West, desires an engagement with some responsible house, as salesman or out-door manager. Refers to David Dows, Esq., and other well-known parties in the trade. Address M. O., Box No. 3 500 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; understands his business, is a good groom, and can come well recommended, is willing and able to do any other work required, and will devote all his time to his employers. Address T. S., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS VALET, TO travel with a private gentleman, or waiter in a private family, by a respectable young man, town or country, no objection; City reference given. Address E. F., Box No. 176 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT man as coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses; is also a careful driver; is willing and obliging; has the best of City and country reference. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PRACTICAL Scotch farmer; is a married man; has had many years' experience in this country: wife is a first class dairy woman; can give the best of references. Address F. G., Smith's seedstore, No. 64 White-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN in a wholesale grocery; has some knowledge of the business; good City reference; salary not so much an object as a good situation. Address W. T. Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and gardener: thoroughly understands his business, and has good references for both capacities. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 205 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED MAN WISHES a situation in a private family as waiter; is a first-class caterer and carver; understands his business in every respect, as his reference will certify. Address L. C., No. 803 Broadway, corner 11th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE COUNTRY to take care of a horse and work around a gentleman's house, by a smart American boy, aged 16, or would travel with a gentleman. Apply, for 3 days, at No. 292 4th-av., above 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION in a grocery, or any other business where he can make himself generally useful; can give the best of references. Address E. F. I., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

COAL TRADE.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY an experienced person, aged 28; has been employed by an extensive coal concern in this City for several years; is thoroughly acquainted with office duties, book-keeping, &c. Expectations moderate. Address C. A. M., Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A THOROUGH GOOD GARDENER, to take charge of a small place near Westport; he must understand hot and cold graperies, greenhouse, milking, hog raising, driving and make himself generally useful; wages no objection to good man. Call, for one week, at No. 22 Bond-st., or by letter.

WANTED—A SOBER, HONEST, AND INDUStrious man to work on a farm, chiefly as gardener and coachman; he must understand his business and be willing to make himself generally useful; a good man can have permanent employment. Apply at No. 96 Maiden Lane, up stairs.

WANTED—AGENTS IN EVERY CITY AND town. An active person, with a capital of $25, can make $25 per week. J. E. COOLEY & CO., Poughkeepsie, New-York.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MAN AS WAITER in a small family. Apply at Nos. 78 and 80 Murray-st., between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock A. M., or at No. 50 West 14th-st., between 6 and 7 P. M.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT AMERICAN BOY, 14 or 15 years of age, who can write a good hand. Address C. B. R., Box No. 2,757, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS GIRL TO DO COOKing, washing and ironing. Apply at No. 19 West 39th-st.

BREWER WANTED.—WANTED A FIRST-rate brewer; one that has had experience in making ale and porter for the Southern market. The best of references required. Address Box No. 90 Pittsburgh Post-office, Penn., with references.

BOY WANTED—AN AMERICAN BOY, 14 TO 16 years of age, for two months, at No. 90 Chambers-st., New-York. Apply from 10 to 12 A. M.

BOOK COMPOSITORS WANTED, AT NOS. 377 and 379 Broadway, up stairs.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—FURNISHED PARLOR AND HALL bedroom, with good board, $16 for two; front third-story room, $10; single room, $5, in genteel house No. 45 East 31st-st., between Madison and 4th avs.; references exchanged; no moving in May; dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARDING.—ONE OR TWO SINGLE GENTLEmen, wishing a delightful room, with breakfast and tea, can be accommodated by applying at No. 49 Columbia-st., Brooklyn, convenient to Wall or Fulton Ferries. References exchanged.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A gentleman and wife and a single gentleman can be accommodated with board and pleasant rooms by applying at No. 87 Hicks-st., corner Pineapple; convenient to Fulton or Wall-st. ferry. Dinner at 6 o'clock. References required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—MODERN BROWN-stone house No. 81 Sands-st., well warmed and ventilated; a most healthy location, six minutes from Fulton Ferry; a comfortable room now ready for a gentleman; an excellent table, family small and select; no children; terms moderate; references exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A FRONT ROOM, with fire-place and gas, may be obtained, with or without board, in a small private family, pleasantly located, very near the Wall-st. and South Ferries. Inquire at No. 79 Joralemon st., between Clinton and Henry.

BOARD WANTED IN BROOKLYN.—A GENtleman and wife desire to obtain a second-story room, with small room adjoining, either furnished or unfurnished, in a pleasantly located house near the Wall st. ferry, for which a fair though not extravagant price will be paid. References given and required. Address, stating terms and location, J. O., Box 2,256 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM AND BEDROOM, or a single furnished room, to a single gentleman, with gas, bath, service, &c., in 13th-st., between University place and 5th-av., in a private family; references exchanged. Apply at No. 30 East 13th st.

NO. 193 FOURTH-ST., NEAR WASHINGTON-SQUARE.—A suite of furnished rooms on second floor to let, with board; also one single room on third floor. Terms very moderate.

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM, WITHOUT board, to a single gentleman, with gas and privilege of bath-room. Apply at No. 5 Ludlow-place.

A FURNISHED BED-ROOM TO LET, without board, at No. 526 Broome-st.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS
AT EVERDELL'S.
These celebrated cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

TAYLOR'S SALOONS, NOS. 365 AND 367 BROADWAY.
Business Men will find the lower or Fountain Saloon a convenient, quiet and economical place to dine. The Bill of Fare is the largest in the City.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, FEB. 11, 1860.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Is published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau streets.

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Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Matinee—I Puritani—Evening—Philharmonic Society's Concert.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—The Romance of a Poor Young Man.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Jeanie Deans, or the Heart of Mid-Lothian.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Afternoon and Evening—Cooke's Royal Amphitheatre Equestrian Troupe.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—Three Fast Men.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon and Evening—The Octoroon.

BROADWAY BOUDOIR—Manager's Daughter—Miller Boy.

NINTH-STREET, NEAR BROADWAY—Model of King Solomon's Temple.

NIBLO'S SALOON—George Christy's Minstrels.

PALACE GARDEN—Van Amburgh & Co.'s Menagerie.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The North Atlantic Steamship Company's steamer *Atlantic* arrived yesterday morning, bringing the passengers and specie list of Jan. 20 from San Francisco, making the through trip in a trifle over twenty days. The passengers who left this port by the *Atlantic* on the 20th December, made the trip to San Francisco in twenty days and six hours, being the quickest outward trip yet accomplished. The receipt of treasure from California by this arrival is $1,476,000. The letters of our correspondent at San Francisco give very interesting details of the election of Gov. LATHAM to the United States Senate, and of the means by which that event was accomplished. The announcement of the result, so unexpected in itself, appears to have created the greatest astonishment in San Francisco. A letter from Capt. DALL, late commander of the steamship *Northerner*, gives full particulars of the wreck of that vessel, with complete lists of the persons lost and saved. The total loss of life was 38 persons, of whom only 17 were passengers.

The news from South America is of a more pacific character. The prospect of a peace between Peru and Ecuador was flattering. Gen. CASTILLA had issued a proclamation, announcing an armistice, and stating that the Plenipotentiaries of the two States would open their conferences on the 31st of January. From Lima we have news of the death of Gen. SALAVERRY. In Bolivia several abortive revolutionary attempts had been made, but all, with the exception of an outbreak at Potosi, had been suppressed by the Government. The City of Potosi had been captured by Gen. MARTINEZ, the same commander who was recently defeated at La Paz. There is nothing of interest from Chile—the revolutionists having subsided. Don MANUEL CARVALLO, late Chilean Minister at Washington, had been appointed to the French Mission.

A new gold fever has broken out on the Isthmus; the rich diggings this time lying, not in the graves of Chiriqui, but in the bed of the Chagres River. The first discovery of the precious metal was made opposite to the old landing at Cruces, and a large emigration immediately set out from Panama to "prospect" the place. Our Panama Correspondent, however, discredits the report that a new vein has been struck, regarding the newly discovered deposit as nothing more than a parcel of California gold which was stolen some six or eight years since and hidden in the river. The first comers succeeded in recovering large amounts.

The naval vessels lying in the port of Aspinwall at the departure of the *Atlantic*, were the *St. Louis*, *Relief* and *Preble*. The *Sabine* was off San Juan, and the return of the *Roanoke* was expected immediately.

The steamship *Canada*, with Liverpool dates to Jan. 28, and from Queenstown to the 29th, arrived at Halifax yesterday. The advices are three days later. The leading points of interest in the proceedings of Parliament have been the notice by Lord BROUGHAM of his intention to introduce a resolution calling for a blue-book on the subject of slavery and Slave-trade, and then to speak on the whole subject. In answer to an inquiry relative to the cruelties practiced upon seamen upon American ships, Lord JOHN RUSSELL stated that Mr. DALLAS had received instructions to negotiate a treaty on the subject, and that the draft of a convention was in course of preparation. The Paris *Univers* publishes a letter from the Pope, in which he gives his reasons for declining to surrender the Romagna. From the seat of war in Morocco we have no tidings. The advices from Australia state that a financial panic, resulting in several failures, had occurred at Melbourne.

Our correspondent at the Bermudas describes, as the only local item of interest, an enormous and anomalous fish captured at Hungary Bay on the 22d ult. The creature is represented as 16 feet 7 inches in length, and as answering in general appearance to the traditional stories of the sea-serpent.

From the Windward Islands we have dates to the earlier portion of January. The weather at Barbados was dry, tending to promote the development of the cane. The aggregate export of sugar from the colony in 1859 was 39,695 hhds. Gov. HINCKS, having returned from England, had made the usual speech at the opening of the Legislature. Some rogues had broken into the Cathedral at Bridgetown and despoiled it of plate and money to a large amount. A large arrival of Coolies is announced from Demerara. The Assembly of Antigua, which had been in existence for seven years, had been dissolved by the Governor, and writs were issued for a new one.

The United States Senate was not in session yesterday, having adjourned from Thursday to Monday. The House did not act upon the amendments to the Post-office Deficiency bill. Changes were made in some of the Committees, the plaint of Mr. REAGAN, of Texas, being responded to by a transfer to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. A resolution permitting Committees previously indulged with the services of clerks, and two additional Committees not previously so indulged, to appoint those aids, was resolutely opposed by the Democratic side, and action prevented. Mr. FERRY, of Connecticut, subsequently spoke on party issues, attacking the Democratic, and especially the Douglas doctrines, and advocating the territorial policy of the Republicans. Mr. REAGAN followed with an exposition of sentiments uttered in a previous speech, and the House presently after adjourned.

A terrific gale of wind which, in violence and destructive effect, exceeded anything of the kind within the experience of years, swept over the Atlantic seaboard yesterday. This City and the surrounding waters were visited with extreme severity. Succeeding the almost entire calm of Friday, a sudden squall came up from the southwest, about 10 o'clock on that evening, which changed to the northwest about midnight, increasing almost to the force of a tornado of the tropics. The gale did not reach its height, however, until after sunrise, as it was between 7 and 9 o'clock that the principal damage was done. The Public School No. 11, in Brooklyn, was partly prostrated, and afterwards took fire and was destroyed. Great numbers of public and private edifices were unroofed, among others that of the Catholic Half Orphan Asylum, in this City. Chimneys, signs and unfinished buildings were thrown down, vessels in the harbor and at the docks were torn from their moorings and many of them damaged or sunk at the wharves. The destruction of property by the hurricane must be extremely large, while, happily, no single loss of life has been reported in this or the neighboring cities.

Capt. FOY, with a portion of the crew of the bark *Holland*, already reported as lost near Barnegat on the 7th inst., arrived here on Thursday, on board the schooner *Eagle*, of Rockland, Me., by which his boat was picked up at sea, the schooner returning to land them at this port. The mate's boat, with the other portion of the crew, has not been heard from.

In the State Senate the bill for completing the canals of the State was ordered to a third reading. That to authorize the sale of West Washington Market was reported. Mr. McLEOD MURPHY gave notice of a bill to alter the map of New-York City. The bill in relation to ferries between Brooklyn and New-York, limiting the fare to one cent, was passed. The Railroad Toll bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole, and an amendment excluding the Rome and Watertown Road from its operation was debated and lost. A resolution that the Legislature take a recess of ten days from the 17th inst. was adopted. The Assembly discussed at some length the resolutions providing for a constitutional amendment to abolish the property qualification of colored voters. The resolutions were eventually adopted by a vote of 70 to 36—the Democratic members, with five Republicans, constituting the minority.

The celebrated actor, WILLIAM B. BURTON, died yesterday morning, at his residence, No. 174 Hudson-street, in this City, of enlargement of the heart, a disease from which he has long suffered. His death, though not unexpected, will be sensibly felt by the large number of his friends and admirers. Perhaps no actor, and certainly no comedian, has been more popular in this country than Mr. BURTON. His age was 58. He leaves a widow and three daughters.

The various Committees to collect aid for the Elm-street sufferers, distributed yesterday the sum of $968 50, and a large quantity of clothing, to the survivors who collected at the Five-Points House of Industry.

At the meeting of the Police Commissioners yesterday afternoon five members of the old police force were reinstated. The Surgeons were ordered to report all policemen incapacitated for active service, either from disease or other causes. Capt. PORTER, of the Twelfth Precinct, sent in a communication stating the success with which mounted patrolmen had been employed in his Precinct, and recommending that they be furnished with a distinct uniform.

In February, 1857, Messrs. JOSEPH BLUNT, DANIEL LORD, WM. F. HAVEMEYER and other prominent citizens, called a public meeting at the Cooper Institute, of all *opposed* to legislative grants of railroad franchises in this City. A little before the time appointed for the meeting some friends of the proposed grants attended, it is alleged, at the Institute, organized their own way, and passed resolutions opposed to the objects of the meeting. A suit has been commenced in the Common Pleas on behalf of the projectors of the meeting to recover their expenses of room-rent, &c., from those who thus took the conduct of it out of their hands. Judge BRADY has now decided on demurrer to the complaint that the action can be maintained. Justice MULLEN, of the Supreme Court, has decided, in the case of MATTHEWS *vs.* The Mayor, &c., of New-York, that the Supreme Court has power to grant an injunction restraining the City from granting a lease on the sale of a lot for nonpayment of an assessment for street improvements, where there are irregularities in the proceedings on which the assessment is founded.

A question of interest to pilots and ship-owners was raised in an action brought to trial in the Superior Court, yesterday. It appears that the steamship *Empire City*, while approaching this port, was boarded by a State pilot, who claimed to be employed under the statute of this State, giving a preference to the first pilot who shall offer himself. The captain, however, refused the services of the pilot, and employed another. The first applicant sued for his pilotage. The defendants contend that the State statute is inconsistent with the Federal laws on the subject, and is therefore void. Justice HOFFMAN, before whom the cause was tried, directed the question to be first heard before the General Term.

A large number of prisoners, convicted of manslaughter and other crimes, were sentenced by Judge INGRAHAM, yesterday, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. Motions were made by counsel in the case of KARPLES, and in that of LANE, the Fulton Bank defaulter, for the indictments against them, to be remitted to the Court of General Sessions for trial. As yet no order to such effect is given, but all cases remaining untried at the adjournment of the Court will be remitted to the Sessions. Counsel in the case of MORTIMER SHAY, sentenced to be hanged on the 30th of March, moved, in a lengthened argument, for a new trial, on the ground that the verdict was contrary to law and evidence. The Court reserved its decision. In the Court of General Sessions, other business having been disposed of, Recorder BARNARD proceeded to try the case of DAVID BEACH, *alias* LEACH, charged with forging a check on the Nassau Bank for the sum of $3,156, to the order of A. M. DAVIS, and purporting to be drawn and indorsed by Mr. ROBERT BONNER, of the *Ledger*. The case, which is one of much interest, was not concluded when the Court adjourned.

The business in Stocks yesterday shows a further improvement in prices, the market leaving off firm. Exchange on London was easy, at 108⅜@108⅝, and on Paris irregular f. 5 21¼@f. 5 18¾. No alteration in the rates for Money. Disappointment is felt at the delay in Congress on the Post-office deficiency, but this is balanced by the prompt arrival of about a million and a half of Gold from California.

The transactions in Cotton and Flour were less extensive. Prices of the latter, however, favored sellers. A limited business was reported in Grain, as well as in Fish, Hay, Hops, Metals, Oils, Hemp and Seeds. Groceries were in fair demand, as were likewise Provisions, Resin and Spirits Turpentine. Whisky was more active. Other branches of trade exhibited no remarkable alterations.

The Chances of Committees.

The appointment of the committees in the House of Representatives must fill any one who has perused the debates of that body, previous to its organization, and even felt inclined to give the members the credit for believing what they said, with the deepest alarm. As long as the war between Republican and Democrat was carried on from opposite sides of the House, and the members of the contending factions were not brought into close proximity, there was always a chance for friends to interfere before enraged antagonists closed in combat, and the mere distance which separated them, small as it was, exercised its usual influence in mollifying animosities. But even this pacific influence, we all know, did not furnish a complete guarantee against the occurrence of a fight. There were few of us who would at any time have been surprised at seeing an announcement that one of the ballots for Speaker had been preceded by a lively "set-to" with the naked fists, followed up by a dropping fire of small arms. Considering that all the Southern members professed to see in the Republican members one hundred and sixteen conspirators for the assassination of themselves, their wives and families, and the kindling of a servile war, the wonder is that they ever kept their hands off them so studiously. The manner in which several Southern gentlemen showed them up, contained plenty of charges which ordinary human nature would light upon as a complete justification of the most dreadful scattering of wigs, hurling of spittoons, kicking and cuffing, that ever occurred on the floor of a Legislative Assembly. Mr. CLARK, of Missouri, in particular, if he believed one-half what he said, is deserving of the highest commendation for refraining from making a desperate attempt on JOHN SHERMAN's life; and how it is that a person of Mr. KEITT's political views and clearness of intellect, could have been guilty of anything so illogical as *not* plunging a bowie-knife into somebody's abdomen, we confess we are at a loss to conceive.

Now, however, that the difficulties interposed by the benches and the officials of the House, in the way of an exemplary corporal correction of the Republican Party, have been removed by the mixing up of members of both parties in the Committees, all persons who abhor bloodshed and understaxd English, must labor under the gravest apprehensions. When we consider that the leading members of the adverse factions will be shut up in small rooms together round ordinary sized tables, the one burning to avenge the wrongs of the negro, and the other JOHN BROWN's raid, in which all Republicans of course were guilty of an *ex officio* complicity—we must say that they owe it to themselves to imitate the Kilkenny cats. If they wish to maintain the dignity of the House, their own reputation for saying what they mean, and the confidence of the country in their honesty, they will avail themselves of the opportunity afforded by the Committee rooms to make short work of each other. Most of them have, during the last three months, frequently expressed the opinion that their opponents deserved to be hanged. As this measure of justice is, however, never likely to be meted out in the usual way by the Courts of law, what can be more natural, logical and becoming than the extermination of everybody by somebody. If everybody in Congress tells the truth, nobody can fall in the fray whose untimely end will not greatly benefit the country at large.

The Senatorial Inquisition.

The Harper's Ferry Committee of the Senate seems to have been turned into a regular debating club. A few days since, upon the examination of Mr. GIDDINGS, a lively discussion took place about the general theory of Government and the abstract right of Slavery. Mr. ANDREW, of Boston, by whom the fund was raised for the employment of counsel to defend JOHN BROWN and his confederates, has since been put between the upper and nether stones of the Committee's mill, and forced to emit his views of the Kansas troubles, of the comparative importance of the outrage perpetrated by BROWN upon the sovereign State of Virginia, and that inflicted by Mr. BROOKS upon the individual cranium of Senator SUMNER; of the propagation of Anti-Slavery sentiments by violence, and other matters equally pertinent to the investigation.

We have no disposition to interfere with the widest prerogative of the questioners, or the largest liberty of the questioned, in this new inquisition; but we must venture the suggestion that the inquiry into the circumstances of the John Brown raid, and into the complicity of other parties in the same affair, is taking a somewhat wider range than is either necessary or desirable.

The power of the Committee to enter into a semi-judicial inquiry is, to say the least of it, a very questionable one, where the rights and privileges of the Senate are not assailed, or where that body is not exercising its constitutional function of impeachment; but when these investigations are extended to other offences not directly connected with the conspiracy in reference to which the Committee was appointed, and become a grand inquest into the private opinions of individuals all over the country, we have no hesitation in saying that the Committee is foolishly transcending its legitimate authority, and establishing what looks very much like a feeble sort of Star-Chamber Court. Facts, we take to be the proper subjects of inquiry before committees such as this, and especially facts bearing more or less directly upon the matter at issue. What the Committee can have to do with such perfectly irrelevant, not to say frivolous, matters as "Mr. ANDREW's opinion concerning JOHN BROWN's conduct in Kansas"—which was the burden of one of the interrogatories propounded to this particular witness—we are at a loss to conceive. The country, we apprehend, care very little to know what opinions are entertained by this worthy Bostonian, or by any other Abolitionist, about "JOHN BROWN," or "Kansas," or the "Constitution," and any legitimate curiosity on the point which may really exist can be easily and abundantly gratified by reference to the files of the New-York *Herald*, which enjoys the monopoly of recording and circulating all the most frantic trumpery uttered by the most frantic of New-England Reformers. We do therefore object, and very decidedly, to see a Senatorial Committee following in this particular the lead of our mischief-making contemporary, and using its official character to send forth to the country vast floods of fanatical twaddle, with which it is none of its business to meddle at all. Mr. ANDREW, or Mr. WENDELL PHILLIPS, or Mr. THADDEUS HYATT, or Mr. Anybody Else, has a perfect right to think the planet Mercury a swindler in the skies, or to denounce the obliquity of the earth's axis, or to entertain and avow any angry absurdity he pleases. But the Committee of the Senate have no right to wring his doctrines from him in the first place, or to inflict them upon the country in the second.

The Italian Cause.

The Ultramontanist Clergy having made themselves heard in America through such organs as they could command, in behalf of Papal misrule, Austrian intervention and popular degradation in Italy, it is but fair that the voice of enlightened American public feeling should be raised in reply. And we are glad, therefore, to see that a meeting has been called, to be held in this City on some day of next week, for the purpose of expressing the unfeigned admiration which the manly and sensible attitude preserved by the Italians throughout this great crisis of their national destiny has excited in the hearts of free and intelligent men all the world over. America must have sympathized in any event with a great people struggling to assert its natural place among the nations; and had the conduct of the people of Central Italy been marked, as it might well have been expected that it would be, by all the excesses so common in the history of outraged races rising for their rights, we should still have felt for them and with them in their supreme hour, and hoped even against hope, that liberty would bring them law at last. But we have not been forced to make any allowances for the past, in commending the present of the Italian States. The men who but yesterday were the chafing subjects of the Austrian sword, for years the only real sceptre of the Peninsula, have approved themselves at once the free citizens of a free commonwealth. In the records of the great year 1859, the one mad outbreak in which the cruel ANVITI expiated with his life an atrocious career of years among the people of Parma, will be more than balanced by the brutal sack of Perugia in the name of order and the Vicar of Christ. And it will be set down in the chronicles, that while the revolutionists of Parma did sure and speedy justice upon the lawless executioners of a despot's minion, the Holy Father honored with the crosses of the Church the mercenaries who had put a fair city to pillage and to rapine beneath the banner of St. Peter.

The Italian people, indeed, have proved that the great lessons they learned in the latter half of the last century have not been trampled out of the national genius and the national soul by the oppression of forty miserable years. That doctrine of the sovereignty of the people which LAMPREDI taught publicly at Pisa, while the "right divine to govern wrong" still had its defenders even in England and in America, he would find to-day organizing itself with scarce an effort, and without a shock, throughout his once disunited Italy.

Even the English Government has been roused at last by this noble spectacle to shake off the cautious reserve of months, and the Queen has proclaimed in her speech from the Throne, and in language the temperance of which makes it doubly significant, that England cannot see with indifference any attempt to violate by force of arms the sanctity of national independence on the Italian peninsula. The people of America, hailing with cordial satisfaction this growing triumph of the wise and liberal Italian policy inaugurated by the Emperor of the French, should feel it to be a real duty of their own, to lend at least the moral support of their own voice to the cause of principles identical with the bases of our own independent existence, and of a nation so rich as Italy in claims upon the good will, the gratitude and the reverence of the whole civilized world.

MAYOR WOOD'S FRIENDS.—The New-York *Herald*, having reduced Mr. BUCHANAN to a state in which he is literally good for nothing excepting to plague Mr. FORNEY withal, has devoted itself to destroying what small remains of political life are still left in Mayor WOOD, by vehemently urging that functionary upon the allegiance of the Democracy. It announces the Mayor's arrival at Albany on a political mission as something corresponding in the world to the recent earthquake in South Carolina, and it proclaims his purpose of forming a league with Commodore VANDERBILT, and going to Charleston on board one of that enterprising individual's steamers, with the air of the *Moniteur* publishing an intended Imperial excursion to England.

It might be worth while to inquire what is becoming of that "single eye to the public good," which Mr. WOOD autographically assured us all he meant to keep, in the course of all these lobbying trips and President-making adventures; but as at least one result of them all is to keep the Mayor for a time out of the City, we shall not enter upon the investigation. We only feel obliged, as public journalists, to warn our fellow-creatures (for, after all, even politicians *are* our fellow-creatures) of the perils that environ the men who meddle with our mercurial Chief Magistrate. Despite his name there is cold iron in his family, and though he has never yet been himself convicted, we believe, of carrying a cloven foot, yet that at least one of his connections is too familiar with the use of the cleaver, appears from yesterday's record of Judge INGRAHAM's Court. One Mr. JARED B. COOK pleaded guilty of an assault with intent to do bodily harm to JOHN METZINGER. The affray arose from METZINGER's refusal to vote for Mr. WOOD. COOK stated thereupon that he was Mr. WOOD's brother-in-law, and that "whoever *insulted* WOOD insulted him;" and so producing a cleaver, threw it dexterously at Mr. METZINGER, and inflicted a severe wound upon the person of that inconsiderate individual. Judge INGRAHAM, not being able, perhaps, to see how Mr. WOOD's being "*insulted*" by a "refusal to vote for him" justified this conduct, forthwith sent the "bold brother-in-law" to the Penitentiary for a year, to practice his fraternal propaganda in that congenial sphere. We beg our Democratic friends to ponder well the lesson of this case. If it be an "insult" to Mayor WOOD's brother-in-law not to vote for Mayor WOOD, it will certainly be an insult to Mayor WOOD himself not to vote for his candidates; and by so much as Mayor WOOD is a greater man than his brother-in-law, by so much must a greater vengeance be taken for the graver offence than any cleaver can afford. The Democracy may depend upon it that if they do not let this "dreadful man" have it all his own way at Charleston he will bombard the place from his Vanderbilt steamer, and hang all the delegates of Tammany from the yard-arm of his "tall admiral."

The Sun at Noon.

The *Sun* of New-York is making a glorious Winter for itself on the strength of its increasing circulation. It alludes very kindly and compassionately to its contemporaries the TIMES, *Tribune* and *Herald*, and to the internecine war which it supposes these journals to be carrying on in the manner of Jack Easy's "triangular duel," and then goes on to call the attention of advertisers to its own flourishing condition, which it sets forth as follows:

The daily circulation of the *Sun* newspaper as computed by the Publisher and open to verification by all the world, amounts to "NO COPIES: NO READERS."

We admit that on reading this startling piece of intelligence we were at first disposed to think the *Sun* engaged in enlightening us about the *Herald*, which is rapidly falling into precisely this state; but a further examination satisfied us that the amazing phrases in question were simply the abbreviated headings of a formidable column of numerals, showing that the daily issue of the *Sun* amounts to an average of 60,000 copies, which are assumed to be read by 300,000 persons. We do not impugn the correctness of this estimate, and as we have all of us, both in and out of the newspapers, taken severely of late to blowing our own trumpets, we have only to congratulate our contemporary on the vigor of his lungs and the healthy resonance of his brass. It is, seriously and simply, a matter of no slight public importance, that a newspaper like the *Sun*—the only representative of the "penny principle" in the metropolis—should have been able to maintain itself and to prosper without pandering in the least to any of those vile tastes and prejudices which that "servant-girl's organ," the *Herald*, insults its patrons by presuming them to possess. Moderate in partisanship, correct and becoming in tone, and loyal to all the laws of good citizenship, the *Sun* deserves the success with which it still comes forth every morning, "like a bridegroom from his chamber, and rejoicing as a strong man to run a race."

Sympathy with the Elm-street Sufferers.

The recent dreadful calamity in Elm-street, which has aroused the Press, the people, and even the Legislature, to take serious thought for the social condition of a large and neglected class of our population, and to devise measures for preventing the future recurrence of catastrophes so shocking in themselves and so disgraceful to our civilization, has also excited a very general and very praiseworthy movement of practical sympathy with the individual sufferers in this cruel case. We have already chronicled the charitable offerings of many private persons to these unfortunate people; and we learn with pleasure, though not with surprise, that Mr. FREDERIC MANNSTEIN, the accomplished actor-manager of our agreeable little French Theatre in Broadway, has set apart Thursday evening of next week for a performance in aid of the same beneficiaries. The brilliant dramatic talent which Mr. MANNSTEIN directs with so much skill and taste could hardly be better employed, and we cordially invite the attention of our readers to this very creditable proceeding.

Senator Gwin.

We give place with pleasure to the following letter, in correction of a statement made in a letter of one of our Washington correspondents, published in yesterday morning's issue of the TIMES. No man has a right to speak more confidently on this subject than Mr. BUTTERWORTH, and we need not add that his positive assertion ought to outweigh all the anonymous rumors in the world, and to kill at once and forever the idle scandal which a hasty allusion of our correspondent had thus for a moment revived:

NEW-YORK, Friday, Feb. 10, 1860.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Your Washington correspondent "Nobody," in his letter published in your journal this morning, writing of Hon. WM. M. GWIN, United States Senator from the State of California, says: "His name still stands on the books of our Government with an unsettled balance against him." I know your correspondent to be an intelligent gentleman, incapable of stating a falsehood intentionally. He has in this matter been misinformed, and has unwittingly been induced by sneaking enemies of Senator GWIN to make the above statement. I have *known* Senator GWIN intimately more than twenty years; while he was Marshal of the United States in Mississippi, I held the office of United States Attorney, and I know the above statement to be entirely untrue.

Yours, respectfully,
SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH.

DEATH OF BURTON, THE COMEDIAN.

Brief Notices of his Personal and Literary Career.

One of the most eminent actors of this country—probably the most eminent of the present generation,—expired, yesterday morning, at 11 o'clock, at his City residence, No. 174 Hudson-street, of enlargement of the heart, a disease from which he has been for many weeks a sufferer.

WILLIAM EVANS BURTON was born in London in 1802. His father was a printer, inclined to Theology, who published a work called *Biblical Researches*, of which Biblical research takes not much notice at present. He determined that his son should be a clergyman, and, through the influence of some friends, procured him an appointment at St. Paul's School—one of the large free educational institutions of London, similar to Christ's Hospital and the Charter House, where he was educated, and where, a little before his day, ELLISTON and MATHEWS (father of the present CHARLES MATHEWS,) were also instructed by rule and ferule. His father died while he was still in this semi-collegiate institution, and, following in the footsteps of his father, he became a printer. The early inclination of his mind was in the direction of literary pursuits, and the handling of types served to foster it. An enterprising publisher started a weekly newspaper, and at the age of 18 he entered on the duties of chief editor—the youngest, possibly, of those gentlemen on record. This engagement did not long continue, but it brought him into a connection, which resulted in intimacy, with several actors of second and third rate celebrity, who induced him to test his abilities for the stage by playing with an amateur society. The result was so satisfactory that he joined a provincial company, performing in the Norwich, Sussex and Kent circuits, under the management of Mr. SAVILLE, father of the celebrated HELEN FAUCIT, now married to Mr. MARTIN, the author of the "Bon Gaultier" ballads, and subsequently by Mr. CHIPPENDALE. Very soon Mr. BURTON became the stage manager, and in about a twelvemonth had acquired sufficient reputation to approach as near to the metropolis as Windsor, where he played before GEORGE IV., in 1825. He again went the rounds of the provinces, and it is not till the year 1832 that we date his first appearance in London, at the Pavilion Theatre, where he was entirely successful. His first character there was that of *Wormwood* in "The Lottery Ticket." When LISTON retired from the Haymarket, in the same year, he accepted an engagement with MORRIS, but was only moderately successful, the *habitués* of the theatre preserving a too vivid recollection of LISTON. Suddenly LISTON, who had left through a pique, (such as actors in this country at the present day are fond of indulging in,) returned to the theatre, and BURTON retired once more to the provinces. After "doing the rounds" for a year and a half, his attention was diverted to this country, and he determined to experiment with the people of the United States—an experiment which has resulted in the acquirement of a very large fortune, and a popularity which can never be called in question.

His first appearance in America was at the Arch-street Theatre, Philadelphia, where he played the part of *Ollapod* in the "Poor Gentleman." This was in 1834. From that year he has performed in every theatre—or nearly so—of the United States, gathering laurels that even no enemy—and it has been his misfortune, or fortune, to have several—would wish to strip from him. He built the National Theatre in Philadelphia, and lost all that he invested therein. He became proprietor of the Opera House in this City, at the corner of Leonard and Church streets, which was destroyed by fire in 1841, and was reduced to the verge of poverty. But his star was then rising, and his good fortune lay fair before him. Palmo's Opera House—PALMO is still alive, and many of his old friends greet him daily with real warmth of friendship—was a failure in PALMO's hands. It had become a worse than model artist establishment when BURTON cast eyes upon it, and its reputation was such that his friends advised him strongly against it. He advised himself, and took it, and from that time till its recent purchase by the United States Government for convertibility into a Law Court, it was known as "Burton's Theatre." Who does not remember "Burton's?" To go back some years; *Mose and Lise*, not classical exactly, but New-York entirely—New-York, as it pleased the patronizing public then to represent ladies and gentlemen of the Fire Department—was performed there, and shortly afterwards Mr. BURTON made it—what a theatre should be, and always will be under the management of a true artist—a school for high art, by the production of the first tragedies and comedies in the English language. The "Midsummer Night's Dream" was better produced there than in any theatre in America. The "Winter's Tale," with Mrs. WARNER as *Hermione*, will not leave the recollection of those who saw it. And who *can* forget "Toodles?" If it is not—and it is conceded that it is not—a play of the first, second or third magnitude, who *can* forget it? It will never be represented again, though *Mrs. Toodle* should attend every auction that is held in the City.

In 1856 Mr. BURTON became the lessee of the Metropolitan Theatre, now the "Winter Garden," adjoining the Lafarge Hotel. He was not as successful there as he anticipated, and since his leaving it in 1857 he has performed as a "star" actor in this and the other leading cities of the Union. His last engagement in this City was in the Summer of last year, at Niblo's. He subsequently went South, and on returning to the North was to have played at Troy, when his physician interposed, foreseeing the event which it is now our sad duty to announce.

Mr. BURTON was an author, or rather compiler, of very respectable ability. He was a dramatizer of popular stories—an art, which, in the lack of originality, is rather successful in these days. "Ellen Wareham," one of these adaptations, was performed in London at five theatres in the same evening. He has also written some original farces, the best of which was called "Forty Winks." In Philadelphia, in 1837, he published a magazine called *The Gentleman's*—we all remember it—of which poor EDGAR A. POE was editor. Of course POE soon quarreled with BURTON, and abused him. Then came an "irrepressible conflict," and a "dissolution of the union." For some time Mr. BURTON edited CARY & HART's *Literary Souvenir*, furnishing the chief portion of its contents himself. His last literary work was the *Cyclopedia* of Wit and Humor, published in two volumes, two years ago, by the Messrs. APPLETON. But as a friend of literature, his praise may be best told in the fact that his library, selected with the highest scholastic taste, was the best private library in the City, and it would scarcely be adding too much if we were to say, in the country. Certainly in Dramatic Literature and all works connected therewith, it was so. He spared no pains to acquire a knowledge of the rarest books in that particular department, and expenditure of money was no consideration in procuring them. His collection of paintings was also large, and included some rare works of the Italian and Flemish school. His City residence was at No. 174 Hudson-street, near St. John's Park, and was built under his direction in 1852. At Glencove, L. I., he had a beautiful country seat, with a garden and surrounding grounds, comprising about 80 acres. The conservatory was modeled after the London Crystal Palace of 1851, and was one of the largest in the State. Its specimens of tropical fruits and plants were unsurpassed. During his Summer visits to this favored spot, Mr. BURTON entertained his old friends in a munificent manner; but, with somewhat of a regal ostentation, he only received visitors when a flag was hoisted on the flagstaff. It was understood that he was indisposed to the amenities of hospitality when the bare pole was alone visible.

Much has been said of Mr. BURTON's wealth, and, as usual in such cases, great exaggeration has prevailed. The theatre in Chambers-street he leased two years since to the United States Government, for 15 years, at a rent of $16,000 a year—the Government to pay the charges of all necessary repairs. Of his other property we have no means of forming an estimate. It is said that there are some incumbrances upon it, and, indeed, that lately he has met with considerable losses. However this may be, probably no actor, in this country, has been more prosperous than Mr. BURTON, in a pecuniary sense, as certainly no other has been more popular.

His domestic relations are not subjects for public curiosity, and cannot be treated on the present occasion. He leaves a widow and three amiable and accomplished daughters. As an actor he held the first rank, and in his peculiar line, the present generation cannot hope to witness his equal.

"Discourtesy at a Theatre."

NIBLO'S GARDEN,
NEW-YORK, Friday, Feb. 10, 1860.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In answer to the communication of "R. R.," headed "Discourtesy at a Theatre," I am prepared to prove, by any number of witnesses, that there were in Niblo's Garden, on that evening, at least 300 unoccupied seats, which the gentleman could not have discovered. His tickets were refused on the ground that he had remained a liberal portion of the performance, and the offer was also made to find him seats, but he declined to go up stairs. Now, it would require more capital than most (if not all) our managers have to construct a house to accommodate every one with front seats, particularly the late ones, who are always the most aggrieved if they do not get them.

Respectfully yours,
JAMES M. NIXON.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.—At the regular meeting of the Police Commissioners, held yesterday afternoon, five members of the old force were reinstated. A resolution was adopted asking the Common Council to increase the accommodations at the Station-house in the Second Precinct. The Surgeons were directed to report all members of the Police force who were so disabled as to be incapacitated for further service. It was also resolved that the policemen detailed in the Courts be henceforth under the direction of the Deputy Superintendent. A communication was received from Capt. Porter, of the Twelfth Precinct, stating that eight mounted patrolmen had been employed in his Precinct, extending from Seventy-ninth-street to King's Bridge, with great success. The expense of each one, including salary, is $1,000 per year. The Captain suggests that a distinct uniform be adopted for this force. The discussion which was laid over from the last meeting, in regard to the transfer of power from Gen. PILSBURY to the Mayor, was postponed on account of the absence of Mayor POWELL.

THE UNION MOVEMENT.—In response to a call signed by Mr. CHAUNCEY W. MOORE and others, a meeting was held last night in Clinton Hall, the avowed object of which was the organization of a Club and the formation of a party whose platform shall be "The Union, the Constitution, and the enforcement of the Laws." This will be recognized as an effort to add strength to the movement recently inaugurated in Philadelphia, the purpose of which, though not publicly acknowledged, was in reality to promote the interests of Mr. FILLMORE as a Presidential candidate. The meeting of last night was an utter failure. It lacked as much in influence as in numbers. There were not fifty persons present.

MILITARY.—The "Old States," Capt. JOHNSON, now Company A, Ninth Regiment, City Guard, held an election at their Armory, No. 481 Broadway, on Wednesday evening, 8th inst., to fill vacancies of First and Second Lieutenants. Col. M. M. Van Beuren and Adjt. Bostwick were present, Col. Van Beuren presiding. The following officers were unanimously elected: First Lieutenant—James Dart, *vice* William Atterbury, elected Captain of Company B. "Senior" Second Lieutenant—Charles C. Reed, *vice* G. W. Carpenter, resigned. Second Lieutenant—Henry A. Luther, *vice* F. C. Oakley, resigned.

CHANGE OF TIME OF THE SOUND BOATS.—On and after Tuesday, 14th inst., the hour for the steamers of the Stonington line to leave this City will be changed from 4 to 5 o'clock P. M. The *Plymouth Rock*, which has been hauled off since the 7th of January, undergoing thorough repairs, will commence her trips on the 14th. The *Commonwealth* will then take her turn with the carpenters, upholsterers and painters, and resume her place on the line in the Spring, these two favorite boats forming the line to Boston.

THE DISCHARGE OF MR. PROVOST.—The case of STEPHEN H. PROVOST, who was arrested upon a charge of perjury, upon the affidavits of H. G. WHEATON, L. A. FULLER and others, was called up in the First District Police Court, yesterday, when Judge OSBORN dismissed the complaint, on the ground that it appeared from the papers that no offence had been committed.

A GIGANTIC CALIFORNIA PEAR.—We have been shown a pear, grown at the Mission of San José in California, the weight of which was two and a half pounds. When plucked, its weight was precisely three pounds. The flavor is said to be good, though not so rich as that of the smaller varieties. The specimen is an average sample of the products of a tree eight years old.

BENEFIT FOR REV. WM. H. MILBURN.—A few personal friends and admirers of Mr. MILBURN have invited him to deliver his inimitable lecture on "What a blind man *saw* in England," at the Cooper Institute, on Thursday evening next, which invitation has been accepted. The entire net proceeds will go to Mr. MILBURN's benefit.

LECTURE ON THE TEMPLE.—Rev. J. P. THOMPSON, whose oriental travels have so admirably prepared him for the subject, will lecture on Monday evening on "Solomon's Temple," at the church upon Ninth-street, one door east of Broadway. The well-known and approved model of the Temple will be employed to illustrate the lecture.

THE POLICE AND THE FIREMEN.—The police have been instructed to allow no persons within the lines at fires, except firemen who wear their uniform, or the new badges recently issued.

DUTIES OF THE CHRISTIAN CITIZEN TO CIVIL GOVERNMENT.—Rev. Dr. ADAMS will, by request, repeat his sermon on this subject, to-morrow evening, in the Madison-square Presbyterian Church.

Coroners' Inquests.

MARY HART, an infant about 6 months of age, whose parents reside at No. 233 Elizabeth-street, pulled a cup of hot tea from the table, on Saturday, and was so severely scalded that she died yesterday.... Some rag-pickers yesterday discovered the dead body of a male infant in an ash-box in Monroe-street. Coroner JACKMAN held an inquest in this case as well as in the former, but the cause of the death of the child was not determined.

Police Reports.

Mary Doyle was arrested yesterday on complaint of Mr. Thomas L. Harris, of No. 522 Broadway, who charges her with having stolen from his store six pieces of silk vesting, valued at $60. Mr. Harris alleges that the prisoner, in company with another woman, visited his store about a month ago, and committed the offence while pretending to purchase goods. The evidence, it is thought, is not strong enough to convict the accused......John H. Beckmedde, a German, residing at No. 183 West Forty-second-street, was arrested on Thursday, by Officer Ruck, on complaint of Deputy-Sheriff Thomas Dunlap, who charges him with having stolen two horses, a wagon and a truck, upon which he had levied to satisfy an execution. Beckmedde had not, it is said, a shadow of claim to the property. The animals and vehicles were recovered, and the prisoner was held for examination by Justice OSBORN.

Aid for the Elm-street Sufferers.

DISTRIBUTION OF MONEY AND CLOTHING AT THE FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY.

Yesterday afternoon, those who were rendered destitute by the recent calamity in Elm-street met at the Five Points House of Industry, to be present at the distribution of the money and clothing which have been collected by the different committees. Messrs. HALLIDAY and BARLOW, of the Five Points House of Industry, had collected over $600; the German Committee in the Fourteenth Ward over $200, and Deputy-Superintendent CARPENTER had received $130. While those who were assembled were searching a basket containing tools and valuables which the police had recovered from the ruins, to see whether any of their property had escaped from the flames, Mr. HALLIDAY walked about among the crowd, inquiring into the circumstances of the different individuals, and then the distribution commenced, each person receiving the amount allotted him in an envelope, and being required to sign a receipt for it. The following is a list of the moneys paid out by all the committees:

Mr. Parrott, (cripple,) wife and seven children	$80 00	Isaac White, wife and five children	$50 00
Mr. McCarrick, wife and two children	61 50	James Dennis, wife and two children	35 00
Augustus Reicks	46 00	J. De Vries, wife and infant	55 00
Solomon Sheilberger, wife and seven children	70 00	Bertram Gregonare, wife and infant	20 00
George Bothner, son and child	70 00	—— Vogel, wife and two children	35 00
Mrs. D. Young	40 00	Fred. Testanierre, mother, father and brother	40 00
H. Weaver	30 00	Henry Samuels, wife and infant	30 00
—— Vogt	40 00	J. Armstrong, wife and infant	30 00
Mrs. Abacco and daughter	60 00	—— Gershon	14 00
Joseph Butler, wife and two children	18 60	Baron Tienhert	30 00
Fred. Meyers, wife and two children	80 00	James Bonnard	12 00

Total money disbursed......$968 50

Besides the money, nearly all the above-named received clothing. The Committee have still on hand quite a large amount—several hundred dollars, probably—that will be judiciously applied in aid of the sick and suffering. Before the division had been completed, it was found that one recipient had $800 in the bank, and another over $300. Yet these parties received, one $61 50, and another $20. No explanation of this *charity* was given, except that in future distributions care will be taken to exclude those who are not in need of aid.

The following donations have been received at this office since the last acknowledgment was made, and the list may now be considered closed:

For the good boy Parrott, from Willy and Eliza	$5 15
Friend	1 00
V	1 00
Previously acknowledged	93 50
Total	$100 65

Loss of the Bark Holland.

THE VESSEL—STATEMENT OF HER CAPTAIN.

The bark *Holland*, which went ashore near Barnegat on the 7th instant, was a new vessel of 399 tons register, built at Port Jefferson, was about four months old, and was owned by C. G. KOLFF, of this City. She was greatly admired for her beauty of model, strength, and speed as a sailer. She was partially insured in this country. Her cargo consisted of 10,000 bushels of salt, hides, wood, &c., and was consigned to KOLFF & PERSUEN. The freight money was probably not insured.

Capt. FOY furnishes the following statement of the disaster:

"On the 7th instant, with the wind [illegible] strong breeze, went ashore to the north of [illegible] Inlet, at 6 o'clock P. M. It was very hazy, and the wind dying away, I could not command my vessel on account of a very heavy swell setting in-shore. I abandoned the ship, as the appearance of the weather indicated more wind, and the crew took to the boats, which we cleared with the greatest difficulty. There was 3½ feet of water in the hold when we left, and we saved nothing but the clothes we stood in. The long boat, in which I was, with seven men, was picked up by the schooner *Eagle* at 11 A. M. the next day. I do not know what became of the other boat, which contained Mr. DECKER, the supercargo, cook and two seamen."

(Signed) THOS. FOY,
Late master of bark [illegible]

A WINTER TORNADO.

Buildings Unroofed, Chimneys Prostrated, Signs Blown Down, and Shipping Injured.

A SCHOOL-HOUSE DESTROYED.

The gale which broke over the City on Thursday night, and which continued yesterday, was one of the most severe which we have experienced for years. Serious injury was done to innumerable structures through the City. The roofs of buildings were torn off and carried for long distances; chimneys were hurled to the pavements, and the materials of which they were made dashed into fragments, to the imminent peril of all passers by. In the harbor vessels were swept from their moorings, or beaten against the piers; some being sunk, and others narrowly escaping this fate. The incidents which are recorded of the effects of this tornado, in this vicinity, are but indicative, we fear, of worse reports from abroad. Already the telegraph brings us from cities along the seaboard intelligence of the severity of the gale elsewhere, and days must elapse before the apprehension that disasters upon distant parts of the coast have occurred, will pass away.

At 9½ A. M., the gale carried away the roof of the St. Patrick's (R. C.) Male Orphan Asylum, on Fifth-avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second-streets. There were more than 440 children, together with their teachers, in the building at the time. The preceptors were just marshaling them into line, on the first floor, preparatory to marching them up stairs to their class-rooms, when the loud crash of the falling roof shook the building to its foundations. Instantly all was terror and confusion. None knew exactly what had happened or what was to come. The children, at first, rushed wildly from the building by every means of egress that presented itself. The principal instructress of the institution, Sister ELIZABETH, as soon as she perceived that the roof had been torn off by the wind blowing from the north-west, and that therefore it was dangerous to leave the Asylum by the doors on the east side, caused the latter to be locked, and directed the children still remaining to go out at the doors on the opposite side. The fires in the stoves were extinguished and all left the building, and the majority proceeded to the building in Fiftieth-street occupied by the School attached to the Church of St. John the Evangelist. It is astonishing that in the midst of all the excitement no one was injured. The Principal says it was at first thought that the building was on fire when the sound of the falling roof, parts of which were thrown on to the ground far to the rear of the building, was heard; the wind drove the smoke down the chimneys and into the house. The police of the Nineteenth Precinct were speedily on the ground and took possession of the building. It was found that its walls were not cracked, and that it was a perfectly safe habitation. It was therefore concluded that the children should be brought back to the building. Officers KEYSER and McCULLOUGH were left in charge of it all the morning, and at dinner-time the boys and teachers returned.

The occurrence created great excitement in the neighborhood. A large crowd gathered around the Asylum as soon as it was known what had happened, and the firemen rushed to the spot, supposing that their services would be called for. Many of the children, once safely outside of the building, availed themselves of the opportunity which the occasion afforded to run away. They were without hats and without overcoats, and most of the tenants were glad to return before nightfall. The Asylum was erected on ground given to the Roman Catholics by the Corporation of the City in 1851. The building cost $30,000, is built of brick, and occupies a block. It is on elevated ground, and its exposed situation made its anterior portion particularly obnoxious to the boreal antics of yesterday. The cornice of the roof projected beyond the walls of the house full five feet, and presented a surface to the wind which assisted the latter in its operations vastly. Archbishop HUGHES is the President of the Board of Directors of the Asylum. It adjoins the site of the splendid new cathedral now erecting at the corner of Fifth-avenue and Fiftieth-street. It is a subject for congratulation that the accident did not occur in the night-time, for, if it had, so many children could hardly have escaped without fatal injury to some of them. It is impossible to state with precision the amount of damage to the building; probably it will cost $3,000 to repair it.

A large part of the roofing of the Gramercy Park House was rolled up by the force of the wind and blown off into Twentieth-street. Four or five of the sky-lights were also demolished, and a portion of the cornice fronting Gramercy Park was torn off. The house is full of guests, and much alarm was manifested by those who occupied the upper stories. The cost of repairing the building will scarcely exceed $500.

The chimney of the two-story and attic brick building, No. 84 Laurens-street, fell about 7½ A. M., crushing in a portion of the roof and damaging the end wall to such an extent that it was thought prudent to raze the building to secure the adjoining houses from danger. The building was tenanted by a number of poor families, who were fortunate enough to save most of their effects. An old gentleman named WATE, who was in bed in an attic room at the time of the accident, received several severe contusions by being struck by the falling bricks. The house forms a part of the Lorillard estate.

These are the prominent accidents which were reported. All through the City tin roofs were torn off and chimneys tumbled to the pavement—in no instance, however, inflicting serious damage to passers-by. Among the public buildings endangered were the bonded warehouse, No. 27 West-street, which lost part of its roof; the Temple of the Reformed Jews in Twelfth street, between Third and Fourth avenues, and the Missionary Chapel of St. Paul on Fifty ninth-street.

Many large signs on Broadway were broken from their fastenings. That on the *Tribune* establishment, which adds to appearance at least a story to the height of that building, were seriously shaken. The large gilt eagle, recently placed upon the cupola of the City Hall, took flight and dashed itself in pieces on the pavement in front of the City Hall building.

So far as has been ascertained, no loss of life has resulted from the storm, and but one or two serious accidents are reported. A. S. S. DEPEYSTER, Esq., President of the Relief Insurance Company, was thrown down by the force of the wind at the corner of Pine-street and Broadway, and sustained a severe fracture of the hip. A little boy named WILSON, living at No. 102 Jones-street, was blown into the area-way of the house No. 422 Grand-street as he was passing by, and was considerably bruised, though not seriously injured. Mr. WM. M. EVARTS and his son were driving in a light carriage on the Bloomingdale Road about 11 o'clock, when their vehicle was upset by a sudden gust. The horse was a gentle one, however, and both gentlemen were extricated from beneath the wagon without having sustained serious injury.

Trees were uprooted in nearly all the parks, and especially in the Central Park. One of the canvas tents erected there for the accommodation of skaters was torn to shreds.

THE DAMAGE DONE IN THE HARBOR.

The steamer *Atlantic* grounded in coming to her berth, and some delay was occasioned in getting the passengers ashore—a barge finally being brought into use for the purpose.

Among the most serious of the disasters in the harbor and rivers, and along the docks, was the sinking of two vessels in the North River the names of which had not been ascertained last evening.

The following vessels were sunk and damaged: Schooner *Stranger*, loaded with iron, sunk. Unknown schooner, sunk opposite Hoboken. Another schooner, unknown, sunk opposite Jersey City. Ship *Gottenberg*, bows damaged. Bremen ship *Johannes*, upper works injured. Bark *S. W. Porter*, upper works damaged. Brigantines *Queen Esther* and *Clyde*, sterns damaged.

Six Canal boats, loaded with coal, were sunk at the wharves.

Three others, loaded with oats, one having 25,000 bushels of oats on board, were also lost, as were two others with 7,000 bushels of potatoes.

Six oyster schooners, lying at the foot of Spring-street, were badly damaged—two of them wrecked.

Three Corporation schooners were completely wrecked. One lighter was damaged and another capsized.

The steamers *Hendrik Hudson* and *Isaac Newton* broke from their moorings and received slight damage. A number of other craft were injured, but not seriously.

THE STORM IN BROOKLYN.

About 8 o'clock A.M., yesterday, some 25 feet of the northern end of the roof of Public School No. 13, in Degraw-street, between Hicks and Henry streets, Brooklyn, was lifted up by the gale and blown over on to another portion of the roof. The timbers fell through three floors to the basement, and there so disturbed the fire in the furnace as to immediately set fire to the building, which, in a short time, was entirely consumed. The school-house was built some six years ago, at a cost of about $25,000, and has always been considered one of the best buildings of the kind in the City. The fault lay in the roof not being properly secured to the walls. In addition to the loss of the structure, a library valued at $2,500, the philosophical apparatus worth $300, and the private library of the Principal, Mr. A. B. CLARK, were all destroyed. There was no insurance on the building or its contents. Fortunately the accident took place before the hour of calling the scholars together—who number about 1,600—yet, had the school been in session, it is not likely that any one would have been injured, so perfect are the arrangements for ingress and egress. There are seven ways of leaving the building, so constructed that in three minutes all the occupants can pass out.

The Atlantic Dock Stores, to the number of 18, were unroofed; the elevator of Messrs. MAITLAND & SON was considerably damaged, and WHEELER & Co.'s stores on the south pier were partly unroofed.

Besides these there were about seventy houses, all in South Brooklyn, either entirely or partially unroofed. There were no lives lost, neither were there any persons injured, so far as could be ascertained, in consequence of these casualties.

HOBOKEN AND JERSEY CITY.

A five-story house at the corner of Washington Terrace, Hoboken, was unroofed. The high fence inclosing the Steam Battery was thrown down; and in Shippenville four houses erected by the Hoboken Land Company had their roofs torn off. No one was injured, except a woman, who was struck by some of the flying missiles. Rev. Mr. HARRIS and others made strenuous efforts to save the roof of St. Mary's Church by piling boards upon it.

In Jersey City much damage was done, though the shipping being under the lee of the wharves, escaped. A large shed adjoining EDGE's Fireworks establishment was thrown down, and BLACK & Company's Trunk factory was unroofed. Some barges and small vessels broke adrift, and one schooner sunk in the North River, the crew escaping in the yawl-boat.

THE FERRIES.

The ferry slips on both rivers were almost dry. The Hamilton-avenue and Atlantic-street Ferries, after 3 P. M., were compelled to stop running for about two hours, as there was not sufficient water in their slips to allow the boats to land. The vessels lying at the piers in the North River were yesterday afternoon all aground in consequence of the low tide. The Hamilton-avenue Ferry boats were interrupted in their trips for some time, the passengers being obliged to cross at the Atlantic-street and Fulton Ferries. The boats on the Hoboken Ferry made regular trips during the day. The Jersey City boats suffered a slight interruption, owing to an accident to their bridge on the New-York side. During this time a large number of passengers and vehicles accumulated at Jersey City, but they were all in due time accommodated.

THE SOUND STEAMERS.

All the Sound steamers were delayed by the blow. The *Connecticut* arrived late in the afternoon, and being unable to reach her wharf on account of the violence of the wind, went to Jersey City. In the evening she came over to her berth, and discharged. She will depart again to-day. The *Empire State*, of the Fall River line, arrived at 10 o'clock, and was also compelled to land at Jersey City, where she remained for two hours, and then came to her berth and discharged. Having taken aboard her freight, she left about 5 o'clock, P. M. The *Vanderbilt* arrived from Stonington at 12 o'clock, and notwithstanding the very low tide and the blow, she made the usual landing, and began to discharge her freight, each package having to be hauled up the almost perpendicular gang-plank. She was reloaded, and expected to leave about 10 o'clock, P. M.

The Providence steamer had not arrived at 6 o'clock, P. M.

THE GALE ELSEWHERE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 10.

The gale raged with much violence here all last night. The wind is still high from the northwest.

Nothing has yet been heard from the South indicating the effects, force or extent of the storm.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Feb. 10.

The gale last night raged with tremendous violence, but is now subsiding. The weather is very cold.

BOSTON, Friday, Feb. 10.

The wind has been blowing very hard here all day, amounting at times to a gale, but no damage has been done to the shipping so far as is known. The weather is clear.

NEW-HAVEN, Friday, Feb. 10.

The gale has been severe all day, but no damage has been done in this vicinity.

A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.,
Give notice
That they are now prepared to make sales of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
Either at the residences of parties breaking up housekeeping, or at their spacious salesrooms, No. 9 Pine-st., near Broadway.

Singer's Sewing Machines.

No. 2 sewing machines	$100
No. 1 sewing machines	90
The family sewing machine, A	75
The family sewing machine	56
Hemming gauges	4

I. M. SINGER & CO, No. 458 Broadway, N. Y.
No. 150 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Important to Tailors and Others.
The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company have just introduced a new and superior Shuttle Machine, large size, high speed, with latest improvements. Price $50. For sale at NO. 495 BROADWAY, New-York.
NO. 182 FULTON-ST., Brooklyn.

Great Fire in Fulton and Ann-streets.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 30, 1860.
Messrs. S. C. HERRING & Co.
GENTLEMEN: The printing establishment, No. 113 Fulton-st. and No. 46 Ann-st., occupied by ourselves and Robert Bonner, of the *New-York Ledger*, was yesterday morning consumed by fire; the stock of both concerns was totally destroyed. Our books, papers, and some hundreds of dollars in bank-bills, were in one of your Champion Safes, and, after being exposed for 30 hours to the fiery ordeal, has delivered up its contents without the loss of a single dollar. Experience teaches us we want no other Safe but yours.
WYNKOOP, HALLENBECK & THOMAS.

$1,000 Reward will be paid to any person that can show that Herring's Patent Champion Safe ever failed to preserve its contents in an accidental fire.

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Spalding's Prepared Glue.
USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
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P. O. address, Box No. 3,600. No. 48 Cedar-st.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING AND RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine.
They are the favorites for families.—*Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*Tribune.*
Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

The Parker Sewing-Machine Company
Respectfully call the attention of the public to their new, beautiful, rapid and noiseless
$40. SEWING-MACHINE. $40.
Office No. 469 Broadway. VERNON & CO

The Gynecian Sanatorium,
ESPECIALLY INSTITUTED FOR LADIES,
Is now ready for the reception of patients. The institution is delightfully located on the eastern bank of the Hudson, and so situated as to afford all the advantages of both country and City life, and is provided with every facility for treatment, while its attractions for pleasurable and healthful recreation are unsurpassed.
Apply to Drs. ELMER & CAMPBELL,
Office No. 57 West 23d-st.

Something New!—A HEMMER, TUCKER, FELLER, BINDER AND GAUGE COMBINED, just patented, simple, hemming any width and thickness of cloth either side, applied to any Sewing Machine by any one, in a few minutes. RETAIL PRICE $5. LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE. Orders by mail supplied, (with complete instructions,) postage paid. Send for a circular. UNIVERSAL HEMMER CO,
No. 429 Broadway.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.—"We have had occasion to use this famous preparation of Prof. WOOD'S, and after thoroughly testing its qualities, we find that where the hair is thin it will thicken it; if gray, it will restore it to its original color; likewise, it gives a glossy appearance, as well as keeps the hair from falling off."—*Baltimore Clipper.* Dépôt No. 444 Broadway, and sold everywhere.

Dr. Marsh Continues to Apply his Radical-cure Truss with success, in effecting permanent cures of Hernia or Rupture, at No. 2 Vesey-st. Ladies waited upon by a female in private rooms. Trusses of every description for permanent retention of rupture, bathing trusses, supporters, shoulder-braces, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings, knee-caps, anklets, and all surgical appliances scientifically applied, by MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is removed to No. 16 Bond-st. Twelve private rooms for the application of his Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all. This is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Removal.—The undersigned beg to inform their friends and customers that they have removed to No. 150 Water-st., where they continue to sell their superior Hungarian, French and German Wines, Champagnes, Brandies, Havana Cigars, &c., at the lowest prices.
GROSSINGER & WIGAND, No. 150 Water-st.

Cristadoro's Hair-Dye, Wigs and Toupees, surpass any in the world. A complete assortment of Ladies' Hair Braids, Fronts, &c., always on hand. Wholesale and retail, and the dye privately applied, at No. 6 Astor House.

Shirts Ready Made and Made to Order from measure. Also, a complete assortment of Gent's Furnishing Goods kept constantly on hand, by I. U. SILLECK & CO., corner of Fulton and William sts.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society, purely Mutual. Office No. 92 Broadway.

MARRIED.

COVERT—FRANKLIN.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 9, in St. Peter's Church, by Rev. A. B. Beach, D. D., WILLIAM A. COVERT, of Long Island, to SARAH H., daughter of Morris Franklin, of this City.

PORTER—HARRIS.—In this City, on Thursday evening, Feb. 9, at the Memorial Church, by Rev. E. R. T. Cook, SHERWOOD L. PORTER, of Brooklyn, to MARY C., only daughter of Charles E. Harris, of New-York City.

DIED.

BRITTON.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 9, GUY, youngest son of Benjamin F. and Kate E. Britton, aged 1 month and twenty days.

The funeral will take place, from the residence of his parents, No. 180½ West 43d-st., on Sunday, Feb. 12, at 1 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited without further notice.

MCSPEDON.—In this City, on Thursday evening, Feb. 9, ELIZABETH, youngest child of Thomas and Hester McSpedon, aged 2 years and 5 months.

The funeral will take place, Feb. 12, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her parents, corner 3d-av. and 73d-st.

MOORE.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 9, FRANK B. MOORE, only son of J. C. and Isabella Moore, aged 6 months and 22 days.

His remains will be taken to Rahway, N. J., for interment. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this (Saturday) morning, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 148 East 31st-st.

VERMILYEA.—In this City, on Thursday, Feb. 9, after a short and painful illness, EMILY VERMILYEA, aged 52 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 161 Stanton-st., on Saturday, Feb. 11, at 2 o'clock.

BURTON.—In this City, on Friday morning, Feb. 10, at his residence, No. 174 Hudson-st., WILLIAM E. BURTON, in the 57th year of his age.

COOKE.—In this City, on Friday, Feb. 10, ELLA WHEELWRIGHT, aged 1 year and 4 months, only child of Richard K. and Sarah G. Cooke.

The funeral will take place, from the residence of her grandfather, Gardner Wheelwright, No. 198 Washington-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock. Friends are invited to attend without further notice.

☞ Hartford, Conn., papers please copy.

BROWNLEE.—In this City, on Friday afternoon, Feb 10, Rev. WM. C. BROWNLEE, D. D., senior pastor of the Collegiate Reformed Dutch Church, aged 77 years.

Due notice of time of funeral services will be given.

ROBERTS.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 10, FANNIE, youngest daughter of John S. and Sarah Anna Roberts, in the 19th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 76 State-st., Brooklyn, at 11 o'clock, on second day, (Monday,) Feb. 13, without further invitation.

HOWLDEN.—In Brooklyn, on Friday evening, Jan. 10, of scarlet fever, EDWARD J. JACQUES, son of Mary Lawrence and Frederick Howlden, aged 1 year, 10 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 134 Bergen-st., between Hoyt and Bond sts. to-morrow, (Sunday,) at 2½ o'clock P. M.

SCHENCK.—In Brooklyn, on Friday evening, Feb. 10, DAVID K. SCHENCK, late of New Jersey, aged 59 years.

BURNHAM.—In Jersey City, on Thursday, Feb. 9, STEPHEN B. BURNHAM, aged 72 years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the Hedding M. E. Church, situate between Grove and Barrow, in Little Montgomery-st., Jersey City, on Sunday, Feb. 12, at 10½ o'clock A. M. The remains will be taken to New-York Bay Cemetery.

☞ Monticello, Sullivan County, papers please copy.

ROBERTS.—In Galeville, on Thursday afternoon, Feb. 9, Hon. SAMUEL S. ROBERTS, in the 48th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday next, at 1 o'clock, from the Church of the Holy Apostles, 9th-av., corner of West 28th-st.

CANFIELD.—At Orange, on Thursday, Feb. 9, HIRAM Q. CANFIELD, in the 29th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, at the residence of his father, M. B. Canfield, on Saturday, Feb. 11, at 2 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS, BY TELEGRAPH OF THE LEGALIZED LOTTERIES,

WOOD, EDDY & CO., Managers,
of the
DELAWARE, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY and MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.
AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.

The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware to superintend the drawing of the Delaware State Lottery, do certify that the following are the numbers drawn this day:

DELAWARE LOTTERIES.
Extra Class, No. 69, Feb. 10, 1860.
43, 25, 9, 3, 40, 48, 29, 67, 39, 5, 45, 38, 12.
Class No. 70, Feb. 10, 1860.
3, 60, 58, 34, 76, 27, 37, 52, 24, 68, 20, 30, 14.

Witness our hands, at Wilmington, Del., Feb. 10, 1860.
GEO. C. GORDON,
JOS. SEAL,
JAMES DUNCAN.

Circulars, containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge, by sending to
WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or Augusta, Ga.

A GOOD OLD-FASHIONED LOVE STORY,

ENTITLED

THE LOST DEEDS.

BY MRS. ANNA YOUNG,

Will be

Commenced in

THE NEW-YORK LEDGER

ON

MONDAY NEXT.

This Tale is one of peculiar interest, the plot hinging on the singular question, whether or not a daguerreotypic representation of the eye of a murdered man will reveal the face of the last person upon whom he looked, and the murderer be thereby detected. This startling suggestion, with other strange matters, gives to the plot and, in fact, to the entire tale, the most thrilling and fascinating interest.

THE NEW-YORK SUN.

While the *Tribune*, *Times* and *Herald* are disagreed as to which of the three has a circulation of 30,000, which has 35,000, and which 40,000 copies per day, advertisers will be interested in studying the following table of the circulation of THE SUN, the absolute correctness of which is guaranteed by the Publisher, and may be verified by any person who will avail himself of the ample facilities always open for that purpose.

The SUN, more than any other daily paper, has a multitude of readers. It is more than any other a family paper. The computation, below, of an average of five readers to each copy printed, is, therefore, but a reasonable one, startling as the result may seem.

Date.	No. Copies.	No. Readers.	Date.	No. Copies.	No. Readers.
Jan.			Jan.		
2d, 1860	56,400	282,000	24th, 1860	61,440	307,200
4th, 1860	59,760	298,800	25th, 1860	61,680	308,400
5th, 1860	59,040	295,200	26th 1860	61,721	308,605
6th, 1860	59,091	295,455	27th, 1860	61,920	309,600
7th, 1860	58,800	294,000	28th, 1860	61,798	308,990
9th, 1860	59,280	296,400	30th, 1860	62,076	330,380
10th, 1860	59,760	298,800	31st, 1860	63,360	316,800
11th, 1860	60,480	302,400	Feb.		
12th, 1860	60,240	301,200	1st, 1860	61,200	306,000
13th, 1860	60,960	304,800	2d, 1860	61,920	309,600
14th, 1860	59,819	299,095	3d, 1860	64,800	324,000
16th, 1860	60,519	302,595	4th, 1860	72,087	360,435
17th, 1860	60,960	304,800	6th, 1860	62,926	314,630
18th, 1860	61,200	306,000	7th, 1860	66,960	334,800
19th, 1860	61,200	306,000	8th, 1860	65,362	326,810
20th, 1860	61,680	308,400	9th, 1860	65,760	328,800
21st, 1860	61,200	306,000	10th, 1860	64,800	324,000
23d, 1860	61,920	309,600			

Thus, in the first thirty-four publishing days of 1860, two millions, one hundred and two thousands, one hundred and nineteen (**2,102,119**) copies of the New-York daily SUN were printed and circulated, reaching the hands of Ten millions, five hundred and ten thousand, five hundred and ninety-five readers. (**10,510,595.**)

The average circulation per day during each month in the year 1859, was as follows:

Month.	Number Copies.	Number Readers.	Month.	Number Copies.	Number Readers.
January	55,828	279,140	July	63,754	318,770
February	57,732	288,860	August	62,843	314,215
March	60,345	301,725	September	62,706	313,530
April	62,202	311,010	October	62,033	310,165
May	62,161	310,805	November	61,353	306,765
June	64,085	320,425	December	62,177	310,885

The average number of copies printed each day during the entire year 1859, was sixty-one thousand four hundred and eighty, (**61,480,**) and the average number of readers each day was three hundred and seven thousand and four hundred (**307,400.**) The total number of copies printed during the same period was over nineteen millions, (**19,000,000,**) and their circulation was among more than ninety-five millions (**95,000,000**) of readers!

These indisputable facts are arguments whose persuasive force cannot be resisted. Add to them that fully one-half of the readers of *The Sun* see no other newspaper from one year's end to the other, and merchants and manufacturers—all whose aim is to advertise their wares *among the people*—cannot fail to realize not only the desirability, but the necessity, of availing themselves of so unique a medium of advertising.
MOSES S. BEACH, Publisher,
Office corner of Nassau and Fulton sts.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS AND INSTRUMENTS.
E. ANTHONY,
NO. 308 BROADWAY.
THE LARGEST VARIETIES,
THE LATEST NOVELTIES,
THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
Catalogues sent to any address on application.
Liberal discount to the Trade.
The views may be sent by mail.
E. ANTHONY,
No. 308 Broadway.
Anthony's Instantaneous Views have attained high celebrity in Europe.

GREAT CURE OF ASTHMA.
PORT RICHMOND, S. I., Jan. 27, 1860.
This is to certify that I have had the Asthma since 1841 and have been treated for it by several physicians without relief. I used Dr. TOBIAS' Venitian Liniment for Dysentery and was astonished to find that it cured my Asthma. Dose, a teaspoonful three times a day in a wineglass of water. I can recommend it as a certain cure. WM. Y. TOWNSEND.
Sold by all the Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents. Dépôt No. 56 Cortlandt-st.

PRINCE'S PROTEAN FOUNTAIN PEN,
Warranted perfect—with once filling will write from 8 to 10 hours. Can be carried in the pocket with safety. Writers can see it at the dépôt, No. 267 Broadway.

RUSHTON'S PASTILLES,
Or, TROCHES,
For all diseases of the Throat—Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Catarrhal Affections. For sale at RUSHTON'S, corner Broadway, Barclay and Canal sts.

GRAND MASONIC BALL.—THE COMMITTEE, and all others having tickets for the Grand Masonic Ball to be given on TUESDAY NEXT at the Academy of Music, are requested to meet on SATURDAY and MONDAY EVENINGS, 11th and 13th inst., at Odd Fellows' Hall, at 7½ o'clock, prepared to make returns.

VALENTINES!
COMIC AND SENTIMENTAL.
The largest and best assorted stock ever submitted to purchasers will be opened THIS DAY at
STRONG'S, No. 98 Nassau-st.

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WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY.
PICTORIAL EDITION—1,500 ILLUSTRATIONS.
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WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY,
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1,500 Pictorial Illustrations. 9,000 to 10,000 New Words in the Vocabulary. Table of Synonyms, by Prof Goodrich. Table giving Pronunciation of Names of 8,000 Distinguished Persons of Modern Times. Peculiar Use of Words and Terms in the Bible. With other new features, together with all the matter of previous editions.

IN ONE VOLUME OF 1,750 PAGES.
PRICE $6 50.

RECOMMENDATIONS FROM PRESIDENTS OF COLLEGES.

Within the last few weeks the Publishers have received flattering testimonials of the merits of this edition from nearly THIRTY Presidents of as many of the leading Colleges of the United States. Among them are from Presidents Frelinghuysen of Rutgers, Walker of Harvard, Hopkins of Williams, Stearns of Amherst, Cummings of Middletown, Nott, of Union, Wayland of Providence, Jackson of Hobart, Woods of Brunswick, Lord of Dartmouth, Pease of Burlington, Ballou of Tufts, Gale of Galeville, Ciampi of Holy Cross, Murphy of Abingdon, Labasee of Middlebury, Andrews of Marietta, Fisher of Hamilton, Read of Huntliff, Sturtevant of Illinois, Reynolds of Illinois, Collins of Wilkinson, Anderson of Rochester, &c. In them are expressions like the following:

"An honor to American science, taste and criticism." "An enduring value and authority." "Never found any work which so uniformly satisfied my inquiries." "Has ever since been my constant companion in my practice at the bar, and for the last five years upon the bench. I have ever found it a safe counselor, and an indispensable help in the preparation and decision of cases." "For the sake of my country and the English language, I rejoice in the wonderful standard excellence, as well as celebrity, your Dictionary has attained. It is a work for the present and for all coming time." "Stands unquestionably preëminent." "There seems every prospect that it will be the standard book for this country, at least, if not for England. I am content it should be so." "This truly great and national work." "A complete apparatus for all purposes of reading and understanding English and American literature. It is difficult to conceive of anything that could be added to fit it for these ends." "A vast treasury of knowledge, the whole of which is needed by every one who uses the English language, either as a writer, a speaker or a reader." "Ought to be a part of the furniture of every American house." "We long ago accepted Webster as the *standard* in our college, and the experience of every term strengthens our conviction of the wisdom of our choice." "So long as you continue to incorporate all the improvements which are developed in the science of lexicography," &c., &c.

Perhaps, however, the opinions of no gentlemen upon such a subject can be more satisfactory than those of our

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, selected for their qualifications to take charge of the educational interests of the country—more especially our great Common School system—watching constantly with intelligent scrutiny every influence bearing in this direction. Whose opinions can be more valuable, therefore, than those of such gentlemen as to the ENGLISH DICTIONARY best fitted in its DEFINITIONS, VOCABULARY, ORTHOGRAPHY, PRONUNCIATION, SYNONYMS, ILLUSTRATIONS, TABLES, and other features, to aid in true mental culture? The following, from such sources, are respectfully submitted:

From Hon. R. RICHARDSON, *Superintendent Public Instruction, Kentucky.*

OFFICE SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 19, 1860.

MESSRS. G. & C. MERRIAM—Gentlemen: No lexicographer has ever contributed so much to knowledge and its diffusion among men, as Noah Webster. No elaborate work of the kind, in any language, has ever been so widely distributed, or wrought such good results, as Webster's Unabridged Dictionary. I shall unhesitatingly recommend these works as, taken for all in all, *the best series of Dictionaries that can be used in our Common Schools* in Kentucky.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
R. RICHARDSON.

From Hon. N. BATEMAN, *State Superintendent Public Instruction for Illinois.*

OFFICE OF STATE SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 28, 1860.

DEAR SIRS: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a very handsome copy of Webster's Pictorial Unabridged Quarto Dictionary. I prize it highly, and to its rich and ample pages shall often resort for supplies of "English Undefiled."

The Pictorial illustrations; the copious table of synonyms; the large addition of new words; the proper pronunciation of the names of distinguished persons of modern times, are among the new features which greatly enhance the value of the present edition.

To millions of American youth, Webster's Dictionary has been, and is, a familiar book—an oracle in definitions—the end of controversy in orthography—the "vade mecum" in youthful efforts at "composition."

It is found in every State and Territory in the Union; welcome alike in the libraries of learning, opulence and taste, and in the rude cabin of the frontiersman.

No other secular book is so universally known, so canonized, I might almost say, in the minds and memories of the intelligent masses of the American People.

With far more truth than the illustrious Roman poet, might Noah Webster have exclaimed, as he contemplated this great achievement of his long and laborious life:

"*Exegi monumentum are perennius.*"

It is a work of which any man or nation might well be proud—a monument of learning; of vast and varied research; of patient and elaborate analysis; of keen and accurate discrimination—a storehouse of clear, sharp-cut, comprehensive definitions.

It may not be absolutely perfect; the eye of microscopic criticism may discover here and there a defect or blemish. What then? *There are spots on the Sun!*

As an American, I am proud of this magnificent work. In the library of every scholar it *will be*; in every district school in the land it *ought to be*.

I am, dear Sirs, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
N. BATEMAN.

Messrs G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.

From Hon. THOMAS H. BENTON, *State Superintendent of Public Instruction for Iowa.*

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION,
DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 23, 1860.

MESSRS. G. & C. MERRIAM—Gentlemen: I have examined the Pictorial edition of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, and feel constrained to say that *it greatly surpasses any lexicon of the English language yet presented to the public.* About seven hundred of the school districts of this State have ordered it, on the liberal terms proposed by the publishers, and it is hoped that the remaining districts will, without further delay, embrace so favorable an opportunity of securing the work. The illustrations in Architecture, Natural History, and Mechanics alone, will more than recompense the purchaser for the entire cost of the book. Every family should have a copy of the work.

Yours respectfully,
THOMAS H. BENTON, JR.,
Secretary of the Board.

From Hon. H. H. VAN DYCK, *State Supt. Public Instruction for New-York.*

STATE OF NEW-YORK, SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.
ALBANY, Feb. 3, 1860.

MESSRS. G. & C. MERRIAM—Gentlemen: I give an *unhesitating preference to Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, over any work of the kind with which I am acquainted.* The copiousness of its definitions, the extent to which it embraces the terms and phrases employed in our language—the beauty of its illustrations, as displayed in the Pictorial edition, and the excellence of its mechanical execution, justify the wide-spread popularity it has attained, and mark it as the greatest philological work of the century. It is almost universally recognized in our schools as the STANDARD in *orthography* and *pronunciation.* Yours respectfully,
H. H. VAN DYCK.
Supt Public Instruction.

From Hon. H. C. HICKOK, *Superintendent Public Instruction, Pennsylvania.*

PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
HARRISBURG, Nov. 12, 1859.

MESSRS. G. & C. MERRIAM—Gentlemen: The Pictorial Illustrations, with the Table of Synonyms, and numerous other minor, but highly valuable improvements, make this compendious volume the most comprehensive and complete that has yet made its appearance, and *leaves nothing more to be desired or hoped for in such a publication.* It will, of course, *command* universal approval and patronage. Very respectfully,
H. C. HICKOK.

From Hon. J. M. GREGORY, *Superintendent of Public Instruction, Michigan.*

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
LANSING, June 30, 1859.

Messrs. G. & C. MERRIAM—Gentlemen: I know not how to express my gratification with the valuable and beautiful features added to the great national work, Webster's Quarto Dictionary. They render it if possible still more worthy of the proud place it occupies as the great standard dictionary of our good English language. I say standard, for while a few scholars and others here and there prefer other dictionaries, Webster's is beyond dispute the book of the people, the common standard of appeal among the great masses, learned and unlearned, of our land. Nor need this be regretted, so long as its publishers take such unwearied pains to keep it abreast with every improvement made in the language. I can only express my very sincere hope that you may be fully rewarded for the good work you are doing in the cause of sound learning.

With considerations of high respect,
I remain, gentlemen, yours truly,
J. M. GREGORY.

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G. & C. MERRIAM,
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PERRY'S JAPANESE
BOOT AND SHOE POLISH
FAR SURPASSES BLACKING IN EVERY PARTICULAR.
NO RUBBING IS REQUIRED.
GIVES A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.
DRIES IN THREE MINUTES.
WILL NOT SOIL THE FINEST FABRIC IN ANY WEATHER.
PRESERVES THE LEATHER.
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Principal dépôt Japanese Polish Company, No. 447 Broome-st., one door west of Broadway.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM.
Hyatt's Life Balsam—the certain conqueror of Rheumatism, Scrofula, King's Evil, with every disease flowing from great impurity of blood, no matter of how long standing, or from what source derived.

The Life Balsam is equally efficacious in the most violent forms of Old Ulcers, Erysipelas, Fever Sores and Mercurial Diseases. The certificates accompanying each bottle will conclusively show that there is no medicine which can compare with this powerful, safe and certain purifying agent, and that it has also cured the very worst cases of Cancer, Liver Complaint and Fistula.

Principal Dépôt, No. 246 Grand-st.
Agent for Brooklyn, Mrs. HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st.
For sale by all Druggists. 75 cents per bottle.

HON. CASSIUS M. CLAY, OF KENTUCKY,
AT COOPER INSTITUTE,
On WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feb. 15,
BEFORE THE
YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN UNION.
CEPHAS BRAINERD,
Chairman Lecture Committee.

"ALL HANDS ON DECK"
FOR THE SUNDAY MERCURY
O to-morrow morning! It contains the usual variety of choice reading matter, and full particulars of the
ELECTION OF JOHN DECKER
AS
CHIEF ENGINEER.

NEW BOOKS.

HARPER & BROTHERS,
Nos. 327 to 335 Pearl-st., (Franklin-square,)
PUBLISH THIS DAY:

I.
LIFE AND TIMES
OF
GEN. SAM. DALE,
THE MISSISSIPPI PARTISAN.
By J. F. H. CLAIBORNE.
Illustrated by John M'Lenan.
12mo, Muslin. $1.

We doubt not that this work will be one of thrilling interest, and will command a large sale throughout the whole country. Col. Claiborne, above all other men in the State, is peculiarly fitted for a literary labor of the kind—whether as an epistolary, political or biographical writer he never fails to charm with the flowing ease and polished eloquence of his pen. SAM. DALE was a man of no ordinary parts, and his name and fame may be esteemed as favored in having such a faithful chronicler.—*Mississippian.*

Hon. Mr. Claiborne, late a member of Congress from Mississippi, has rescued from oblivion the pioneer life—the Indian fights—the daring exploits—the heroic character—the dauntless courage and devoted patriotism of Gen. Dale, whose name was familiar as a household word to all the early log-cabin settlers of the Southwest, as well as a terror to the Indian tribes, whose "massacres" of the "early settlers" are yet "familiar tales" of the venerable men who still linger here and there, memorials of a glorious, heroic and dangerous past! Thanks to Mr. Claiborne for this book. It will find thousands of readers in the South and West; and the hunters of Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia and Mississippi will live their lives over again, and have their youth renewed as they bend over its exciting pages, and read of scenes of "trouble times," "when the war-whoop waked the sleep of the cradle.—*Corr. Cleveland Leader.*

II.
LUCY CROFTON.
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TO OWNERS OF PROPERTY IN BROOKLYN AND NEW-YORK.—A register will be found at the office of H. L. SEYMOUR, Auctioneer and Real Estate Broker, for those wishing to dispose of their property by auction or private sale. No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE WELL-KNOWN Farrington House, situated in the centre of the village of Flushing, on Broadway, a street near 200 feet wide. The house is opposite the old Quaker Meeting-House, and about 1,000 feet from the Railroad Dépôt and from steamboat wharf. Time from the City of New-York, by rail, 45 minutes, by steamboat, one hour. The house is large, containing some 25 rooms; is well calculated for a private family, a large Summer boarding-house or a hotel. Schools and churches in abundance near by, an excellent well of water at the door, and rain-water in great abundance. A noble garden is attached. The house stands on a plot of ground bounded on three sides by wide streets, 250 feet on each street, all of which can be had if desired, forming a noble site for a hotel or dwelling. Apply to JOSEPH S. MOORE & CO., No. 290 Pearl-st., and WILLIAM SMART, Flushing.

A REAL HOME FOR SALE—NO. 467 4th-st., Albion-place. The house is well built in all particulars, and arranged with special regard to family comfort and convenience—in modern style, with every improvement, and now in good repair. The locality is pleasant, and very convenient for taking cars or stages to any part of the City; is just far enough up town for a business man's home. For assurance of its advantages, consult PHILIP TILLINGHAST, Esq., No. 15 Park-place. Price $14,000—two-thirds on mortgage.
J. SMITH DODGE, No. 10 East 17th-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—THE STRICTLY FIRST-class brown-stone front house, No. 7 West 22d-st., second door from 5th-av., 28 by 65, with library extension 16 by 20 feet, built with the utmost care in a most thorough and substantial manner for the occupation of the owner; has rosewood doors, plate glass, and all the modern conveniences. For particulars, apply morning and evening on the premises, or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE—VERY DESIRABLY SITUated in 2d av., 3-story, brown-stone front, in excellent condition, with water and gas throughout the house, two bath-rooms, two water-closets, and servants' ditto: house 22.8x52 feet, lot 90 feet deep. Price only $12,500, of which $8,000 may remain on mortgage. Apply on the premises, No. 312 2d-av., or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—The pleasantly situated, handsome three-story brick house, stone basement, No. 347 Gold st., near Fulton-av. railroad, or ten minutes walk from the ferries. The house is well built, and adapted for two families if required. Inquire of H. PARKE, Druggist, corner Jay-st. and Fulton-av.

WE HAVE A SPLENDID PARCEL OF 25 or 30 lots, on a 100-feet street, with three fronts, out of town. The owner is determined to sell it at the best price he can get. As the property is positively to be sold, we invite the special attention of capitalists.
SAMUEL BEMAN & CO., No. 1,078 Broadway.
DINGEE, HOLDEN & CO., No. 9 Nassau-st.

MURRAY-HILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The superior four-story brown stone front house, No. 15 West 37th-st., adjoining the residence of Rev. Dr. Spring, built in the best manner by days' work; full lot. For terms and permission to examine the premises, inquire of JAMES B. BREWSTER, No. 786 Broadway.

MURRAY-HILL PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The cottage house and full lot No. 47 East 38th-st., near Madison-av., one of the most desirable locations in the City. The house has recently been put in perfect order, and can be seen from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. Terms easy. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE LOW—TO SETTLE UP AN ESTATE.—A few very desirable residences in Brooklyn, located finely; some of them elegant buildings, and some of less pretension, suitable for moderate sized families. For full particulars inquire at No. 112 Broadway, Room No. 10, between 11 o'clock, A. M. and 2 P. M.

FOR SALE.—THE FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY high stoop house, No. 119 East 31st st., with all the modern improvements, hot and cold water and gas to third story, and in perfect order, having lately been painted, &c. Apply at No. 203 Pearl-st., or at No. 89 East Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A PLACE NINE miles from the City, containing four acres of land, accessible every hour by railroad or steamboat; fine dwelling-house and commodious out-buildings, good water, fine old shade and fruit trees, &c. Apply at No. 228 5th-av.

13TH-STREET.—FOR SALE, CHEAP, THE owner going to the country, that 3-story and basement house, No. 77 West 13th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. House contains every modern improvement, and is in a delightful situation. Apply at 77 West 13th-st.

FOR SALE.—THE TWO BROWNSTONE ENGlish basement houses Nos. 100 and 102 East 21st-st., Gramercy Park; a large portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to
E. V. HAUGHWOUT, No. 409 Broadway.

FOR SALE—NOS. 277 AND 279 FOURTH-AV., near Calvary Church; finished in best manner. Also, for sale or exchange, the brown-stone front modern house No. 151 Avenue B, facing Tompkins Park.
W. THOMSON, No. 215 Water-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, No. 8 West 28th-st., will be sold with or without the furniture. To be seen from 12 to 2 o'clock. The house was built by days' work, and is now occupied by present owner. Terms easy. Possession early.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT brown-stone front house, and lot, in 31st-st.; the first house west of Lexington-av., built in the best manner. Inquire of W. & J. YOUNG, corner 2d-av. and 20th-st. Price, $9,500.

A THREE-STORY HIGH BASEMENT BRICK residence with furniture, in 35th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; all first-class, in prime order; will be sold low if applied for immediately.
DINGEE, HOLDEN & CO., No. 9 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A LARGE HOUSE AND EXTRA sized lot on Broadway. The building is well calculated for a hotel or boarding house; near 23d-st. Possession given immediately. Address WM. JONES, No. 200 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, ON THE lower part of 5th-av., lot 27x100 feet. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

WE HAVE AN APPLICATION FOR CHEAP unimproved property in parcels of 4 to 64 lots each, in any part of the city. Owners of such property can find a cash purchaser on application to
SAMUEL BEMAN & CO., No. 1,078 Broadway.
DINGEE HOLDEN & CO., No. 9 Nassau-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS AT NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND.—These lots have the most beautiful commanding view, which cannot be equalled on Manhattan Island. Upon these lots you have a view of the whole of the Bay of New-York, Narrows and the Ocean; also the cities of New-York, Brooklyn, and Jersey City, and for salubrity of the air, and healthy position it cannot be excelled. Another great advantage, these lots may be reached in 35 or 40 minutes from the City of New-York. Maps can be seen of the location at the office of DANIEL LAW, No. 17 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY, suited to all kinds of manufacturing purposes, 35 acres of land, with about 800 feet of water front, on the north shore of Staten Island, a half mile from Port Richmond ferry; on the premises is a wharf, where a vessel can lay drawing 8 feet at low water; also, a large double house and out-buildings. It was formerly the residence of Dr. Harrison, and in every respect a desirable location. It will be sold in whole or part, as may be wanted. Apply to DANIEL LOW, No. 17 Mulberry-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY—The handsome suburban residence of Joseph Van Vleck, Esq., on Walton-av., West Morrisania, one quarter of a mile west of Melrose Station, Harlem Railroad. House 40x40. Built in the best manner, filled in with brick; grounds comprise 23½ lots. Land high, fine prospect; good water; no nuisances. Location healthy. Society select and place altogether desirable. Apply on the premises or to C. C. PINCKNEY, No. 72 Wall-st.

A HANDSOME PROPERTY AT ROCKAWAY to exchange for City or Brooklyn property. The former residence of Francis B. Cutting, Esq., embracing 57 acres of land, large mansion containing 40 rooms, surrounded with an abundance of fruit and shrub trees, is offered in exchange on very favorable terms. DINGEE, HOLDEN, & CO., No. 9 Nassau-st., and No. 13 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A DELIGHTFUL SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, about a half hour's ride from City Hall and close by Hudson River Railroad dépôt. The grounds around the house are very tastefully laid out and shaded by fine old trees of the original forest growth. The house is very commodious and comfortable, and commands a thirty-mile river view. Barns, stable, carriage-house, all in order. Apply to
J. F. WILLIAMS, No. 442 8th-av.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—ON THE HUDSON, convenient to both the dépôt and the landing, and within 25 miles from this City, a country residence, with over three acres, well stocked with trees, and having all the advantages of the earliest vegetation, the purest spring-water and unsurpassed scenery. Apply to MORTIMER DEMOTTE, No. 16 Wall-st., Room 24.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE—AT ORANGE, N. J., 8 acres on Mountain Side, and near to dépôt, first-class buildings and improvements, rich soil and abundance of fruit; pure, soft spring water, hot and cold, carried through the buildings; grounds well laid out, and ornamented with a fine fountain. Apply to L. PATTON & CO., No. 19 William-st.

FOR SALE IN NEWARK, N. J.—TWO NEW first-class houses, within 5 minutes' walk of Centre-st. Dépôt; three stories high with basement and sub-cellar; 14 finished rooms in each, with all the modern improvements, gas, water, steam-pipes, water-closets, speaking-tubes, marble mantels, &c. Inquire of E. B. BAKER, No. 79 Dey-st., New-York.

TO LET AND FOR SALE—IN RAHWAY, N. J., two desirable dwelling-houses, suitable for gentlemen wishing a country residence and doing business in the City. Also, a farm of 20 acres for sale, two miles from Railroad station. For particulars inquire of MARTIN & CO., No. 66 Dey-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE COMMANDING a picturesque river view; a large and commodious house, with nearly five acres of land, well stocked with fruit. It is within an hour and twenty minutes of New-York, and one mile from the dépôt; nine trains each way daily. Address Box No. 161 Post-office, New-Brunswick, N. J.

TO LET—IN THE TOWN OF STAMFORD, CONN., a two-story house pleasantly situated near the water side; well shaded by fruit trees, with a good garden; also, lot and barn attached; one-eighth of a mile from New-York and New-Haven dépôt. Inquire of L. E. KNAPP, No. 368 Pearl-st., or CHAS. K. TAYLOR, Stamford, Conn.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—A FIRST-CLASS residence with stable; the ice-house and other outbuildings complete. A handsome garden well supplied with fruit and flowers of the best varieties. For particulars inquire of ANGELL & CO., No. 158 Chambers-st., where a view of the premises can be seen.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—TWO SMALL houses and lots in Plainfield, N. J., pleasantly situated within one minute's walk of the railroad dépôt. Unimproved property in this City or its suburbs will be taken in Exchange. Apply to C. & J. BUSSELL, No. 17 Hamersley-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J., A DESIRABLE country residence; a large and commodious house, with orchard, large garden, fruit trees and ornamental shrubbery. Apply to Mrs. SWIFT on the premises, near the dépôt.

TO LET—FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS, A GENTLEMAN'S country place, within one hour by rail. The owner will leave everything as it is, furniture, horses and carriages, cattle, &c., having some 40 acres of land. Apply at No. 20 Exchange-place, Room No. 21.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE, (formerly owned by the late Major William Jones,) situated in the town of Oyster Bay, north side of Long Island, on the west side of Cold Spring Harbor. It is within two hours' ride of the City of New-York, by Long Island Railroad, and can be reached by two trains daily from Brooklyn, and by the steamboat eight months of the year. The mansion house is built of wood with white oak frame, a substantial and fine-looking building, large and commodious, and in perfect order. It is beautifully situated in the centre of a large lawn, extending down to the harbor, and is surrounded with large ornamental trees. The grounds consist of 18 acres of choice land, all under a high state of cultivation, and abounding in fruits of all kinds. The out buildings are two cottage-houses for coachman and gardener, a large stable and carriage-house, wood-house, tool-house, workshop, ice-house and bathing and boat-house, all in complete order. There are two wells of excellent water and a living spring upon the premises. There is a fine beach for bathing and unsurpassed advantages for boating, gunning, fishing, &c. The furniture will be sold with the place, if desired. For terms, &c., apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

ASHLAND HALL, WEST BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Fourteen miles from New-York, to let for a term of years; these well-known premises were fitted up last season for a first-class Summer boarding-house, occupied as such, and did a fine paying business; from 50 to 60 boarders can be accommodated; the furniture, all new, will be sold to a responsible tenant on satisfactory terms; the premises, consisting of 8 acres of land, with the buildings thereon are within three minutes' walk of the Newark and West Bloomfield Railroad dépôt, and the whole is one of the most picturesque, rural, finely shaded, and airy places in the State; there are six trains each way daily to and from New-York; possession as soon as desired. Apply to L. S. CRANE, or B. REYNOLDS, Administrators of W. Mingus deceased; or DAVID A. FRAME, on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT YONKERS TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Five-eighths of a mile from the dépôt; house modern built 2½-stories high; in complete order, beautifully situated on Highland-av., with 2½ acres, the grounds extending to Riverdale-av., giving a splendid view of the Hudson; the barn and poultry house are very conveniently arranged, and in very good order; the garden is in the best order, and contains a variety of fruit trees, blackberry, raspberry, gooseberry, currants, grape and other vines and plants; the house contains several articles of furniture, which can remain if desired. This place must be seen to be appreciated. For further particulars inquire of GEO. C. SMALLEY, No. 11 Wall-st., basement.

COUNTRY SEAT OF 50 ACRES FOR SALE AT WESTFIELD, N. J.—20 miles from New-York; 1 hour's ride in cars from City, 8 times a day, by New-Jersey Central Railroad; land is in a high state of cultivation; 250 apple trees, variety of other fruit, and in a good neighborhood. Also, 20 acres near the dépôt; improvements in good order; fruit and berries; near churches, schools and stores; 1¼ miles from dépôt; healthy and desirable. I am in New-York every Saturday, from 10 to 1 o'clock, at L. McBean's office, up stairs, No. 75 Pine-st., or at my homestead, near the dépôt, rest of the week. You will be pleased with our country. Inquire for C. A. LEVERIDGE.

A RARE CHANCE.—THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale his carriage and blacksmith shops, situated on the main street, in the village of Huntington, L. I., with all the stock and fixtures. The stand is one of the best in the county, with a business of more than twenty years standing. The buildings are in good repair, being nearly new, and well calculated for the business. Terms favorable. Also, a very neat cottage near the above, with about two acres of land, and a large variety of fruit trees on the premises. For further particulars inquire of C. VAN HORN, No. 70 Beekman-st., New-York City, or of F. G. SAMMIS, Huntington, L. I.

FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE OF W. N. SEYMOUR, Esq., at Yonkers, one mile from the dépôt. Contains in all about 70 acres, but will be divided by disposing of 35 acres including all the improvements. The grounds are handsomely laid out, and have a great variety of fruit in three large orchards, besides small fruit of almost all kinds. House large and very finely built, containing water, baths, furnace, &c. All the necessary out-buildings for a large farm; greenhouse, ice-house, (filled,) farmer's lodges, &c. Full particulars, with maps and photograph, may be seen at the office of W. L. SEYMOUR, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5; or W. N. SEYMOUR, No. 4 Chatham-square.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT TARRYTOWN, on the Hudson River, 26 miles from the City. The place comprises seven acres, part in fine woodland; garden and grounds well stocked with fruit and flowering shrubs; house large and convenient; gardener's-house, carriage-house, &c. Situation retired, yet convenient to churches, schools, dépôt and landing; views of the river and country very beautiful, and neighborhood of the first class. A house of moderate value, if satisfactorily located in the City, will be taken in part payment, and most of the balance can remain on mortgage. For further particulars, apply to COBB, MARCH & GROSS, No. 62 Front-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT BERGEN HILL to let or lease, for a term of years; the Summer residence of the late Col. James Harrison; the premises consist of a large double two-story and attic frame house, with bath-room, hot and cold water, two-story brick stable, cow stable, ice-house, observatory, Summer houses, smoke-house, granary, chicken house; would be suitable for a Summer garden, being only one and a half miles from the Jersey City or Hoboken ferries, stages and horse cars pass every five minutes until 1 o'clock at night. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., Metropolitan Bank.

CALDWELL & JANES, NO. 96 BROADWAY, offer for sale several improved country places: 12 acres on Staten Island, with furniture, &c., $65,000. 90 acres adjoining Morristown, N. J., $15,000. 84 acres one and one-half miles from Mt. Vernon, on N. H. R., $25,000. 105 acres two miles from Pelham, on N. H. R., $20,000. 87 acres two miles from Rye on N. H. R., $20,000. 55 acres one mile from Mt. Vernon, on N. H. R., $9,000. 35 acres one-half mile from Mt. Vernon, on N. H. R., $7,000. 38 acres one mile from Pelham, on do., $5,000.

FOR SALE—AT NEWARK, N. J., ON EASY terms, four first-class four-story brown-stone front English basement houses, situated on the corner of East Kinney and Orchard sts., near Broad-st., and within five minutes' walk of the Chestnut-st. station. The above are nearly finished, in the best manner, and are to contain all the modern improvements of the day. For further particulars, inquire of CHARLES PARSONS, No. 32 Liberty-st., Newark, N. J., or CHARLES B. GRANNISS, No. 205 Pearl-st., New-York.

FARM FOR SALE.—THE ADMINISTRATORS of WM. COVERT, deceased, will sell at public auction on Feb. 15, at 12 M., on the premises, situated on the Long Island Railroad, at Westbury, half a mile from the Westbury Station, and 23 miles from New-York, containing 119 acres, in a high state of cultivation, with large and commodious dwelling and out-buildings, nearly new and in good repair. By order of
ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Surrogate of Kings County.

WANTED—A RESIDENCE OF FIFTEEN ACRES or upwards, on or near the banks of the Hudson River, with good comfortable dwelling house and necessary out-buildings. Would prefer the east side of the river and a moderate-priced place, depending of course upon the size. Wishing to purchase and not to exchange, parties will please name the lowest price; also, give full particulars. Address RESIDENCE, Box No. 113 *Times* Office.

A VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE at Orange, N. J., for sale; having grounds tastefully laid out with fruit trees and shrubbery, and having outhouses; all in complete order. The house contains all the modern improvements of a city house, and its location near the dépôt and accessible to churches, schools, &c., renders it one of the most desirable places for any party looking for comfort and convenience. For particulars, address Box No. 2,261 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED TO LEASE—FOR ONE OR MORE years, with the privilege of purchasing, a country residence, with from one to five acres of land attached, within one hour's ride of the City, convenient to railroad or other modes of conveyance. The house must be of medium size, (8 or 10 rooms,) well arranged, and in good order. New-Jersey preferred. Address, with full descriptions of locality, price, &c., A. B., Box No. 3,298 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—IN THE TOWN of Fishkill, near New-Hamburgh station on the Hudson River Railroad, about 2½ hours' from New-York by Railroad; it contains about 18 acres of first-rate land in good condition, with a good dwelling house with nine finished rooms; churches, schools, post-office convenient; location is very healthy and pleasant; price $3,500: terms easy. Inquire of HOUGHTON & BRO., No. 90 Walker-st., or of B. CLAPP, No. 19 Amity-place.

HOUSE AND LANDS FOR SALE IN NEWBURGH.—An excellent house, commanding a fine view of the Hudson, desirably located, thoroughly built, with stable, and all modern conveniences of water, gas, and heating; all in perfect order. Grounds finely laid out, numerous fruit and ornamental trees. For particulars, apply to JOHN HOOPER & CO.'S Advertising Agency, No. 41 Park-row, *Times* Building, New-York.

FOR SALE — IN FAIRMOUNTVILLE, WESTchester County, near West Farms Village, on high, elevated ground, with beautiful scenery around, a plot of ground containing 358 feet front on Woodruff-av., and 150 feet deep a nice Gothic cottage, carriage house and stable, and well stocked with the choicest of fruit. To be appreciated, it must be seen. For further particulars, apply to the owner, No. 195 10th-av., near 23d-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL VILLA ON THE banks of the Hudson, 45 minutes from Chambers-st., with a splendid view of the river, surrounded by fine old shade trees. The house, which is Gothic, is very complete, containing 12 rooms, all in perfect order. Water and gas throughout. Also, good garden and carriage-house. Apply at J. H. & W. WILLIAMS' Office, No. 46 Walker-st., New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT WANTED.—ON THE EAST bank of the Hudson River, at or below Tarrytown—one of moderate price, with a good modern house and necessary outbuildings, with plenty of fruit and shade trees, in exchange for a fine four-story brown stone house, eligibly situated between 5th and 6th avs. Address, with full particulars and price B. G., Box No. 377, Post Office.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE—ON THE Hudson River, 30 miles from the City; one-third of a mile from the Dépôt. Good buildings; well fruited and watered, and grounds highly improved. Three-quarters of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Inquire of EDMUND COFFIN, No. 27 Nassau-st. Possession immediately.

COTTAGE AND FARM FOR SALE.—A GENteel village residence, in perfect order, and farm of 90 acres choice fruit, &c., very low, to close an estate. Possession immediate. S. EDDY & CO., 51 Liberty-st.

TO PARTIES HAVING COUNTRY RESIDENCES to let, either furnished or unfurnished: will please send their address, with description and terms, to W. L. SEYMOUR, Auctioneer and Real Estate Broker, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A HIGH-STOOP house, 22½ to 25 feet front. Location between 23d and 42d sts., 4th and 6th avs. Price $12,000 to $17,000. Possession on or about the 1st of May. Address J. P. H., Box No. 2,607 Post-office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A HOUSE ELIGIBLY located above 25th-st., between 4th and 7th avs., having the modern improvements. Price $7,000 to $9,000. Address R. H., Box No. 165 *Times* Office, with full particulars, both as regards location and price.

WANTED TO LEASE FOR FIVE YEARS—In Jersey City or Newark, a house suitable for a respectable private family; rent not over $400. Address Box No. 2,392 Post-office.

WANTED—A LARGE HOUSE OR TWO FOUR-story houses, for a first-class boarding-house, between 4th and 15th sts., convenient to Broadway. Address M. C., Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

TO LET.

ROBT. R. BABB, REAL ESTATE AGENT, 167 BROADWAY.—Houses let, Loans negotiated, &c. References—Ex-Mayor Harper, Leonard W. Kipp, Esq.

TO LET.

A large number of houses of various styles.

ALSO,

Numerous parts of houses, to suit all applicants.

Apply to
J. F. WILLIAMS, No. 442 8th-av.

TO LET—SPACIOUS ROOMS ON HOUSTON-ST., corner of Greene-st., comprising the 2d, 4th and 5th stories of the building just erected and suitable for workshops, &c., size of each story 80x100 feet; each story is furnished with a steam-engine ready for use. The above premises can be supplied with steam for heating and power. Apply at No. 610 Houston-st., corner of Greene-st. Also one store on 1st floor of above building, 50x80 feet.

TO LET—AT WILLIAMSBURGH, L. I., AT A reasonable price, to a good tenant, a good and large house with 16 lots, (one acre of ground,) laid out as a garden, with fruit, shrubbery, &c., situated on south side of Grand-st., between Lorimer and Leonard sts., (with 2 lamps in front of the door.) For particulars, &c., apply to C. R. W. HOWES, at the Park Bank, Beekman-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE STORE AND HOUSE, NO. 1,092 Broadway, corner of 32d-st., one of the best stands for the grocery business in the City. Store would be extended the whole depth of the lot to a good tenant. Also two new houses on 31st-st., near 7th-av.; rent $600 each. Also the upper part of house No. 1,066 Broadway. Also several houses at Carmansville and a Hotel on the Hudson River, 152d-st. Inquire of R. F. CARMAN, No. 1,088 Broadway.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY, ATTIC AND BASEMENT brick house, with shop on rear, No. 129 Amity-st., between 6th-av. and McDougal-st.; the above house has a bath, hot and cold water and gas on each floor; possession in April if required; rent $700 per year. Apply to S. THOMSON, Agent, corner 3d-av. and 83d-st., Yorkville.

TO LET OR LEASE—POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY—The Metropolitan Academy and Gymnasium, Nos. 93 and 95 6th-av., near 8th-st., together with the whole apparatus and fixtures, both in the Academy and Gymnasium, all in complete order, and suitable for a first class institution. Apply to R. L. SUYDAM, No. 158 Waverley-place, near 6th-av.

STORE AND HOUSE NO. 710 BROADWAY TO LET—The five-story house No. 710 Broadway; the first floor of which is a spacious store. The basement (being high) is also a store. The upper stories contain 22 rooms. Would be let either separately or together. Apply to GEORGE CHESTERMAN or S. C. SCHENK, No. 80 Nassau-st.

STORES NO. 16 BEEKMAN-STREET AND NO. 39 JOHN-STREET TO LET—The new five-story store No. 16 Beekman-st., with spacious lofts, dry basement, under-cellar, &c. Also the store No. 39 John-st., with large lofts, basement, &c., &c. Apply to GEO. CHESTERMAN or S. C. SCHENK, No. 80 Nassau-st.

WATER FRONT ON HUDSON RIVER TO LEASE.—Lots fronting on Hammond-st., Bank-st., West-st., and Thirteenth-av., with bulk-head and water front on the Hudson River, to lease, suitable for lumber yards, coal yards, or for manufacturing purposes. Apply to C. S. GROOT, No. 7 Beekman-st.

TO LET OR TO LEASE—AT HUNTER'S Point, L. I., opposite 45th-st., East River, New-York, a large brick building, 16 lots of ground, out-buildings and water privilege; suitable for an iron foundry or any other manufacturing purposes. Inquire of P. ROLLHAUS, No. 250 Water-st., New-York.

A PRIVATE DWELLING HOUSE TO LET—No. 17 St. Luke's-place (Leroy-st.) Height—basement, brown-stone front, four stories, with all the modern improvements. Can be seen from 12 to 4 o'clock. Rent $700. Apply to A. FREEMAN, No. 84 Fulton-st.

TO LET—SPLENDID OFFICES IN THE NEW building No. 207 Broadway, corner Fulton-st., suitable for Banking, Insurance, Brokers, Lawyers, Jewelers, Architects, &c. Apply on the premises to J. M. JAQUES, Room No. 7.

TO LEASE—FOR THREE YEARS, THE WHOLE upper part of the building No. 338 Broadway, known as Sperry's Clock Store. Inquire of SPERRY & CO., No. 487 Broadway, corner of Broome-st., or of HENRY HUDSON, No. 282 Pearl-st.

TO LET—THE SALOON NO. 210 WILLIAM-ST., 100 ft. deep, with a room adjoining 39 ft. square; 7 bedrooms, workshops for light manufacturing, No. 208 William and No. 113 Nassau-st. Inquire of M. GILHOOLEY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO LET.—THE BROWN-STONE FRONT THREE-story high basement house in 41st-st., third door west of Lexington-av.; all the modern improvements. Rent $800. Inquire of W. M. SMITH, No. 4 Maiden-lane, or No. 108 East 17th-st.

BROADWAY STORE TO LET—ONE-HALF of store in Broadway, in one of the best locations. Address Box No. 1,210 Lower Post-office, stating the kind business it is wanted for.

TO LET OR LEASE—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES, the valuable property, No. 7 Bond-st., near Broadway, with immediate possession. Apply of GEO. W. FARNUM, No. 518 Broadway, or at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, on 12th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 22d, 23d, 26th, 27th, 29th, 32d, 33d and 35th sts. SAMUEL BEMAN & CO., No. 1,078 Broadway, or DINGEE, HOLDEN & CO., No. 9 Nassau-st.

TO LEASE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK house No. 14 Clinton-place, near Broadway; if required, an extension room will be built to suit the lessee. For terms, &c., inquire, before 12 o'clock, or after 4 in the afternoon, at No. 7 East 17th-st.

BROADWAY STORE TO LEASE.—A FIRST-rate store to lease for a term of years, situated in the upper part of Broadway, below Union-square. For particulars apply to M. S. MYERS, No. 423 Broadway, Room No. 20, from 11 to 1 o'clock.

TO LET IN WALL-STREET—OFFICES ON first floor, suitable for banking or insurance business. Apply on the premises to
BABCOCK, BROS. & CO., No. 27 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE FIVE-STORY NEW STORE, NO. 150 Chambers-st.; also, the two story brick house, No. 150 Lawrence-st., between Prince and Hanson sts. Apply at No. 144 Chambers-st., to E. P. DICKIE.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT POWER, THE first-floor, 25x60, of the 5-story brick building No. 104 Centre-st. Possession immediately. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—THE STORE NO. 872 BROADWAY, corner of 18th-st., suitable for any retail business. Apply to J. H. GIFFING, No. 5 Tryon-row, from 1 to 2 P. M.

TO LET—THE TWO-STORY AND ATTIC HOUSE No. 49 Laight-st. Can be seen between the hours 10 to 12 and 2 to 4. J. W. STICKLER, Orange, N. J.

TO LET—NO. 61 BROADWAY, STORE, BASEMENT and cellar, 42x200. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF HOUSE NO. 671 Houston-st., near Thompson; gas, Croton water, &c. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE NEW FOUR-story store No. 349 Pearl-st. Apply to J. H. GIFFING, No. 5 Tryon-row, from 1 to 2 P. M.

TO RENT—A LARGE ROOM, WELL LIGHTED, in the fifth story of the *Times* Building. Possession can be had at once.

TO LET—THE LOFTS OF STORE NO. 56 BEEKMAN-st.; offices in store No. 110 Pearl-st., corner of Old Slip.
JOHN W. TOWT.

TO LET, WITH STEAM POWER—A ROOM 60x60 feet; and, also, smaller rooms in the new building corner of Bank and West sts. Possession given 1st February. For particulars apply to
GULIAN HOOK, No. 17 Park-place.

LAW OFFICES TO LET—THREE FINE rooms on the first floor, and three fine rooms on the third floor of the premises No. 11 Chambers-st., suitable for law offices. Can be had for a term of years. Possession of the first floor given immediately. Inquire on the premises, of STILWELL & SWAIN.

OFFICES TO LET—AT VERY LOW RATES, at No. 62 William-st., opposite the Underwriters' and Chamber of Commerce buildings. Rents from $75 to $200 for good sized offices. Apply at Office No. 2.

LOFTS AND CELLARS TO LET.—SIX LOFTS and two cellars in the store occupied by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Nos. 7 and 9 Pine-st.

FARMS.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS, OWNING FARMS AND COUNTRY RESIDENCES, WHO WISH TO DISPOSE OF THEM THIS SEASON.—The constant and increasing demand at my office for Farms and Residences, all through the country, warrant my applying to those wishing to sell or exchange their property to send me a full and minute description as soon as possible, that they may be registered upon my books, and receive such attention as will facilitate and insure a speedy sale. Would refer to present patrons. Call, or address W. L. SEYMOUR, Auctioneer and Real Estate Broker, No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

TO BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN IF APPLIED for this month, or would exchange for a lot up town, a farm, with water power, in Sullivan County, consisting of 100 acres, 10 of which are under cultivation, the rest in wood, but all well adapted for the plow; with dwelling house, barn and mill; the mill was built for wood-turning, but could easily be converted to any other purpose where power is applied. It lies four miles from Shohola Station, on the New-York and Erie Railroad. Apply to JOHN CASSIE, foot of 45th-st., or at Messrs. HIGGINS & CO.'s Carpet Factory, foot of 43d-st., North River.

FOR SALE.—1,000 ACRES OF FARMING LAND, with house and barn, for sale on Long Island, having a half mill front on the Long Island Railroad, possessing peculiar advantages for the cultivation of grass and grain. A portion of it well adapted to the growth of cranberries. Water abundant and pure; 64 miles distant from New-York. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, No. 35 Wall-st.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

FIRE PROOF BUILDINGS.

PERFECT PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE, and other accidents to buildings, can be secured by using THE SOLID WROUGHT IRON BEAMS, manufactured by the Trenton Iron Company. THE EXTRA COST IS TRIFLING.

Such floors as have been constructed in the buildings of THE TIMES, THE TRIBUNE, AND OF MESSRS. BALL, BLACK & CO., and in nearly all the NEW BANKING HOUSES in this City, cost less than FIFTY CENTS PER SQUARE FOOT for the beams and brick arches ready for use, where the spans do not exceed 25 feet.

These beams make the cheapest and strongest covering FOR VAULTS.

For full particulars and estimates, which are gladly furnished without charge, apply personally, or by letter, to COOPER, HEWITT & CO., No. 17 Burling-slip.

5,000 TONS FORGE PIG IRON OF A superior quality for sale, in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to the LACKAWANNA IRON AND COAL COMPANY, No. 46 Exchange-place.

AMERICAN SHEET-IRON—OF SUPERIOR quality, and at low price, for sale by
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, Lead, Mt. Hope Cut Nails, &c.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

MEDICAL.

ADVICE TO THE SICK.

SCARLET FEVER, PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA, CROUP, MEASLES, HOOPING COUGH, and SMALL-POX, and other malignant fevers, are prevailing to an alarming extent throughout the country—resulting in many instances fatally. It is well known that the system of medication adopted by the regular Faculty in the treatment of malignant fevers—and more especially scarlet fever in its several forms—is uncertain, for the majority of the patients, afflicted with the more severe forms of this disease, or scarlatina maligna—die under the treatment of the most experienced physicians; and, where there is a recovery, leaves the patient often deaf and shattered in constitution.

POSITIVE CURATIVE.

IN DR. RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS AND READY RELIEF, we have a positive curative of each form of scarlet fever, as well as a preventive against its attack. As a proof of the positive curative qualities of these medicines in every form of malignant fever, from the terrible yellow, typhoid, ship, bilious, scarlet fever, intermittents and remittents, and in all eruptive fevers where these remedies have been administered, they have always saved the life of the patient.

HOW TO CURE.

If the patient is seized with Scarlet Fever, in the form of putrid sore throat, full doses of Radway's Regulating Pills should be given every six hours, or until free evacuations from the bowels take place, after which the bowels are to be kept open—the surface of the body sponged with the Ready Relief and tepid water—the Ready Relief applied clear to the throat, neck, over the chest, back of the head.

In the second place, 10 to 15 drops of the Ready Relief, mixed with water, should be given as a drink, when required, which invariably has the effect to bring the rash to the surface, much to the relief of the internal organs.

THIRDLY—A gargle of the Ready Relief and water sweetened with honey should be frequently administered, by the means of a small swab, to the inside of the throat: by so doing we neutralize the acrid sloughing discharge from the ulcers, and cleanse and purify them. It is this discharge from the ulcers, being swallowed by the patient, that brings on a distressing acrid form of diarrhœa, and also irritates and causes the running from the nose and fretting of the upper lip.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR BLEEDING.

The application of the Ready Relief to the throat will secure to the patient all the beneficial results which physicians hope to achieve from leeches or bleeding, which is frequently resorted to in this stage of the fever, and save the patient from the weakness which must necessarily follow from the loss of blood. Radway's Regulating Pills not only expel the corrupt humors from the system, which induce and sustain the disease, but will equalize the circulation of the blood, and restore a healthful and regular action of the organs of the system—the blood in its circulation, the heart, the liver, the skin, the pulse, become regular in the performance of their duties.

The application of Radway's Ready Relief to the head will subdue and prevent the violent delirium, coma, or stupor, which frequently occurs.

HOW TO PREVENT SICKNESS.

If RADWAY'S Regulating Pills are given, and the Ready Relief applied to the throat, chest, neck, and head, on the first symptoms of scarlet or other malignant fevers, or when pains in the head or back, sore throat, lassitude or languor, weariness, cold chills, and vomiting take place, and the eyes become red and swollen, and watery discharges from the eyes and nose, the disease will be speedily arrested, and no further difficulty will follow.

The treatment we have advised will bring the patient through safely, without subjecting him to the dangerous dropsical effusions that often follow scarlet fever.

MEASLES, MUMPS, CROUP, WHOOPING-COUGH.

The prompt action of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF and REGULATING PILLS in arresting these troublesome and oft-times fatal diseases, should induce every family to keep these remedies always in the house.

Hundreds of lives have been saved by the application of the READY RELIEF, in Croup. We refer the reader to the following instances where these remedies have saved the lives of patients, after all other medication failed:

Dr. FREDERICK B. PAGE, a distinguished physician in Mississippi, has met with with great success with

RADWAY'S PILLS AND READY RELIEF

in the treatment of Scarlet Fever, Measles, and other malignant Fevers.

Mr. Thos. Curtis, of Leedsville, Va., lost four children by the regular mode of practice. He had two others who were seized with this disease, and expected they would die; he, however, administered

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS and READY RELIEF,

and saved their lives. Mr. Curtis was instrumental in saving the lives of several other children, by giving Radway's Pills and Ready Relief.

CROUP.

In this distressing complaint, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF and REGULATING PILLS have never failed in saving the life of the patient. On the first symptoms of Croup, give from one to four Pills, (according to the age of the child,) and bathe the throat and chest freely with the Ready Relief, and no danger need be apprehended.

Dr. JAS. W. STEWART, a practicing physician in Louisiana, under a letter dated Jan. 23, 1858, states that, in all cases of Scarlet Fever, Measles, Croup, Whooping-Cough—and even Small Pox—he has always succeeded in saving the lives of his patients by administering Radway's Pills and Ready Relief.

MUMPS

W. H. BURTON, of Wedowee, Alabama, writes under date of March 31, 1836: "There is a large quantity of your Ready Relief and Regulating Pills used here for Scarlet Fever, Small Pox, Measles and Mumps. I have heard of several cases of the former disease that were cured by your medicines, and have witnessed their curative effects in Mumps.

PRUDENCE BAILEY, of Rushville, Ind., writes us: "I have cured some very bad cases of scarlet, typhoid, and chills and fever, with RADWAY'S READY RELIEF AND REGULATING PILLS.

SMALL-POX CURED.

Mr. ELIJAH WEST, of Hckeah, Min., writes us: "That he was cured of a severe small-pox and liver complaint by the use only of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF AND REGULATING PILLS."

CROUP CURED.

JOHN HOGG, Esq., of Collingwood, C. W., writes us: "That a child of his that was seized with croup, and given up as incurable by the physicians, was speedily cured by RADWAY'S READY RELIEF AND REGULATING PILLS."

SORE THROAT CURED.

Mr. B. L. POTTER, of Laurens' C. H., S. C., writes us: "That he had been confined to his bed one week with a malignant sore throat; his doctor could do him no good; he told the doctor he was determined to try RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. The doctor laughed. Mr. Potter used the Ready Relief, and was cured in one night."

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF AND REGULATING PILLS will always afford relief. Let the sick give them a trial: they are sold by druggists and storekeeper's everywhere. Price, 25 cents per bottle and box. Principal office No. 23 John-st., New-York.
RADWAY & CO.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES.—MARRIED AND SINGLE, IN HEALTH OR DISEASE.—DR. LARMONT'S PARIS, LONDON, AND NEW-YORK MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE, 30th edition. Over 400 pages. 12mo., cloth; about 100 electrotyped engravings. Price $1. Sold also by H. G. LAWRENCE, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House. Among the contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction European Hospital practice; quacks, (advertisers,) their receipts and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment. At No. 647 Broadway, up stairs, three blocks above St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7 till 9 o'clock.

We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work.—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, N. Y. Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat, Essex Standard, Railway Advocate, Police Gazette, New-Brunswick Times, Mercury, Atlas,* &c.

DR. MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL, OR ELIXIR OF LOVE.—This delightful and positive invigorant of the human system is fast superseding all other remedies; in fact when its virtues become fully known it will be the only remedy in use. Its action on the nervous system and reproductive organs, is most extraordinary, allaying all over excitement, and infusing into the nervous organization that degree of tension which is requisite to give the human system the enjoyment of its full powers, both mentally and physically. As an appetizer it is equally remarkable; assimilated with the gastric juices of the stomach, it assists them in more readily dissolving all nutritious substances, and converting them into pure and wholesome blood; thus the digestion is improved, and the whole framework of man moves on in a more vigorous and harmonious manner thereby. Price $3 per bottle, or two bottles for $5. Principal office No. 203 Fulton-st., New-York.
DR. MAGNIN.

DR. WATSON TREATS ALL FORMS OF a certain class of disease with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are safe, and cause no interruption from business. Dr. WATSON'S work—"The Cause and Cure,"—has been pronounced by the reviewers the best popular compendium on all diseases of a private nature, including Spermatorrhœa and debility, the results of early abuse, excess, or other causes. "Should be read by all persons previous to marriage."—*Medical Gazette.* Fine colored plates. Price $1. To be had of CHARLES MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, New-York, and of the author, at his private residence, No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
☞ Separate consulting rooms.

IS NERVOUS DEBILITY OR SPERMATORRHŒA INCURABLE?—Yes, by any means but those I advocate. Beware of persons copying my advertisements. There is no person advertising as a "former sufferer," &c., who hasn't purloined it from my notices and circulars, while they neither know how nor care to cure you. Before commencing any treatment, learn how the writer cured himself, and subsequently hundreds of others.

Inclose a post-paid superscribed envelope to Box No 176, Charlestown, Mass.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the *Scalpel*, attends exclusively to operative surgery, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, hæmorrhoids, fistula and concealed abscess of the rectum are cured without the knife or ligature. Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 P. M., at No. 42 5th-av. At all other hours he is at his private hospital, where every comfort of domestic life is provided for those who require the more important operations, or careful dietetic treatment.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY, IS A regularly-educated physician, wholly devoted to the speciality of private and female diseases. His remedies are prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe, and a more extended practice than any other living physician. Dr. WARD alone can restore you sound. Consult him at No. 483 Broadway. He charges moderate, and tenders advice free. In female diseases he is a skilled physician and adviser, and warrants relief in all cases. Hundreds of ladies are monthly cured by his efficacious and infallible treatment.

$500 REWARD.—CROSSMAN'S SPECIFIC MIXTURE.—Of all remedies yet discovered, this is the most certain. It makes a speedy and permanent cure, without the least restriction in diet, drink or exposure, or change in application to business; many are cured in two days. Sold at the drug-stores, at the Astor House, No. 227 Broadway, and at No. 100 Fulton-st., corner of William.

DR. COOPER, NO 14 DUANE-STREET, may be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. 20 years exclusively devoted to the treatment of secret diseases enables him to warrant a cure in all cases undertaken. The victims of misplaced confidence who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge.

MEDICAL.

HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES

Stand confessedly at the head of remedial means for the use of the people. They are alike removed from the poisonous, dangerous, and repulsive doses of quackery, or Old School practice; the inconvenience of Water-Cure, or the intricate and perplexing obscurities of the usual Homœopathic books and medicines. Consisting of simple specifics for the various diseases to which they are related—put up in the form of simple sugar pellets, and prepared of ingredients neither dangerous nor disgusting, they are the ready aid of the parent or nurse, and the comfort of the complaining and invalid.

They possess these positive advantages: They are harmless—no injury can arise from their use. They are simple—you always know what to take, and how to take it. They are convenient—you can give the proper Sugar Pills at a moment's warning, without hesitation or delay. They are efficient—in thousands of cases disease is arrested at once, and the system freed without prostration or delay.

LIST OF HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES.

	Price of Single Boxes—Cents.
No. 1.—For Fever, Congestion and Inflammation—Heat, Pain, Restlessness	25
2.—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Voracious Appetite, Wetting the Bed	25
3.—For Colic, Teething, Crying and Wakefulness, Slow Growth, and Feebleness of Infants	25
4.—For Diarrhea of Children or Adults; Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaint	25
5.—For Dysentery or Bloody Flux, Colic, Gripings, Bilious Colic, Fall Dysentery	25
6.—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Nausea, and Vomiting, Asthmatic Breathing	25
7.—For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Sore Throat	25
8.—For Toothache, Faceache, Nervous Pains, Neuralgia, and Tic Doloreux	25
9.—For Headaches, Sick Headaches, Vertigo, Rush of Blood to the Head	25
10.—For Dyspepsia, Weak, Acid, or Deranged Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaint	25
11.—For Suppressed Menses, or Scanty, or Painful, or Delaying, or Green Sickness	25
12.—For Leucorrhœa or Whites, Bearing Down, too Profuse Menses	25
13.—For Croup, Hoarse Croupy Cough, Difficult and Oppressive Breathing	25
14.—For Salt Rheum, Crusty Eruptions, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Barber's Itch	25
15.—For Rheumatism, Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Side, or Limbs	25
16.—For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Dumb Ague, old Inveterate Agues	50
17.—For Piles, Internal or External, Blind or Bleeding, Recent or Obstinate	50
18.—For Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes or Eyelids, Failing or Weak Sight	50
19.—For Catarrh, Acute or Chronic, Dry or Flowing; Cold in the Head, Influenza	50
20.—For Whooping Cough, shortening and palliating it, or Spasmodic Cough	50
21.—For Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, Cough and Expectoration	50
22.—For Ear Discharges, Noise in the Head, Impaired Hearing, Earache	50
23.—For Scrofula, Enlarged Glands and Tonsils, Swellings and old Ulcers	50
24.—For General Debility, Physical or Nervous Weakness	50
25.—For Dropsy, Fluid Accumulations, Tumid Swellings, with Scanty Secretions	50
26.—For Sea Sickness, Prostration, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomiting	50
27.—For Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult or Painful Urination	50
28.—For Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges and consequent Prostration and Debility	100

PRICE.

The entire set, case of twenty-eight large vials, in morocco, and Book of Direction	$7 00
Case of twenty large vials, in morocco, and Book of Directions	5 00
Case of twenty large vials, plain case, and Book of Directions	4 00
Case of fifteen boxes (Nos. 1 to 15,) and Book of Directions	2 00
Case of any six boxes, (Nos. 1 to 15,) and Book of Directions	1 00

Single boxes, with Directions as above, 25 cents, 50 cents, or $1.

Persons who wish to place themselves under the professional care, or to seek advice of Prof. Humphreys, can do so at his office, No. 562 Broadway, daily, at from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., or by letter.

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.

☞ We send these remedies, by the single box or full case, to any part of the country, by mail or express, free of charge, on receipt of the price.

N. B.—The boxes Nos. 1 to 15 are small size, Nos. 16 to 28 large size, and in making up a $2 or $1 case this must be remembered. The vials are uniform in size and price, and in sending for a vial case no attention is necessary on this point.

Look over the list, make up a case of what kinds you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps, by mail, to our address at No. 562 Broadway, New-York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express.

NO FAMILY or TRAVELER should be without these invaluable curatives. Thousands use them with the most triumphant success.
DR. F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New-York.

DR. VAN HAMBERT'S

FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are a safe remedy for obstruction, &c., from Cold or any cause, $1 per box.

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, HOOPING COUGH, &c., cured by the Syrup of Naptha; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Roger's Liverwort and Tar. Each $1.

FEVER AND AGUE AND ALL FEVERS cured with Ind Chologogue, Deshler's Pills. Each $1 50 and $1.

SCROFULA, RHEUMATISM, Acute or Chronic, use Hyatt's Balsam; Townsend's Sarsaparilla, or Kenedy's Discovery. Always at
GUION'S, No. 127 Bowery, corner of Grand-st.

QUERU'S COD LIVER OIL JELLY,

Approved by the Academy of Medicine, is the only cure for Consumption, Asthma, and all kinds of Coughs. It is twice more efficacious than the liquid oil.

ALSO,

QUERU'S PATENT JELLIFIED CASTOR OIL, pleasantly flavored, taken without nausea, and does not cause constipation after use. It is the best purgative for children. To be had of the inventor, No. 135 4th-av., and all respectable druggists. PENFOLD, PARKER & MOWER, No. 15 Beekman-st., wholesale agents.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR COUGHS,

Incipient Consumption and all affections of the throat and lungs. M. Dames' Cough Lozenges. 159 Water-st.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on DR. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence, is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease, exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

PROPOSALS.

NAVY AGENCY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 7, 1860.

SEALED PROPOSALS, INDORSED "PROPOSALS for Beef" and "Proposals for Pork," as the case may be, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, on SATURDAY, the 18th inst., for furnishing and delivering, free of all cost and risk, to the United States at the Navy Yard at Brooklyn,

1,000 BARRELS OF BEEF,
1,000 BARRELS OF PORK,

within thirty days. The beef must be from well fattened cattle. The pork must be packed from corn-fed, well fattened hogs. The barrels must conform as near to Navy Beef and Pork contract barrels as any original barrels not expressly made for the Navy; to be made of the best seasoned heart of white oak staves and headings, and each barrel to be hooped with four iron hoops.

Every offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation immediately, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the articles proposed.

This guarantee must be accompanied by the certificate of the United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, Collector, Postmaster or Navy Agent, that the guarantors are able to make good their guarantee.

No proposals will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee.

The beef and pork must conform to the usual inspection of the Navy-Yard. Full particulars may be ascertained upon application to the Commandant of the Navy Yard or at this office.
GEORGE N. SANDERS, Navy Agent.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Officers of the XVIIth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until MONDAY, the 20th of February instant at 12 o'clock, noon, for the desks, chairs, settees, &c., necessary for furnishing the Schoolhouse known as Ward School No. 19, in said Ward, according to plans and specifications on file, and to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby st. The School Officers of the Ward reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.

FRANCIS DUNCAN,
JOSEPH McGUIRE,
SAM'L CANTRELL,
H. H. WILLIAMS,
MICHAEL HAHN,
Building Committee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION PIERS AND SLIPS TO BE LEASED AT AUCTION.—Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller will, on THURSDAY, the 1st day of March, 1860, at 12 o'clock noon, at the City Hall, lease on bids at public auction, several of the piers and slips belonging to the Corporation, for the term of five years from the 1st day of May next. Catalogues containing the description, location and terms of sale may be had at this office, where maps will also be shown of the Corporation wharves and piers.
ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Jan. 31, 1860.

MACHINERY.

ERICSSON'S CALORIC ENGINES.

I. P. MORRIS & CO.,
No. 125 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.
Manufacture and sell Ericsson's Caloric Engines.

SILK MACHINERY FOR SALE.—COMPLETE machinery for throwing about 200 pounds of silk a week, all in the best order is offered for sale at 50 per cent. on its original cost. This machinery is of the latest style, and has been in operation for six months only. It can be seen by calling on S. NEWMAN, No. 30 William-st., Newark, N. J.

PORTABLE STEAM AND HOISTING ENGINES, of the manufacture of HITTINGER, COOK & CO., the reputation of which is thoroughly established, all sizes, both vertical and horizontal, for sale by
CHARLES W. COPELAND, Sole Agent,
No. 122 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE CHEAP—TWENTY-FOUR INCH cylinder caloric Ericsson engine.—Has been used only two months. Apply No. 16 White-st., rear.

FOR SALE—CAR WHEEL PRESS COMPLETE. Price $65, cost $100. Inquire at AYRES & TAYLOR'S Foundry, in 40th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

FINANCIAL.

SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK,

For the Year end ng Jan. 31, 1860.

OFFICE, NO. 94 BROADWAY.

Cash assets Feb. 1, 1859		$5,188,933 42
RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.		
For Premiums	$1,056,404 86	
For Interest	361,110 11	
For Annuities	28,437 00—	1,445,951 97
Total		$6,631,885 39
DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR.		
Paid Claims by Death	$341,614 79	
Paid Additions on same	44,904 43	
Paid Surrendered Policies	70,629 97	
Paid Annuities	8,680 43	
Paid Reductions of Premiums	1,446 77	
Paid Commissions	43,964 76	
Paid Expenses, viz: Exchange, Postage, Medical Examinations, Salaries, Printing, Stationery, Advertising, Rent, Fuel, &c.	65,674 72	
Paid Taxes for the year	6,694 65	
Total	$583,598 52	
Add Taxes paid for the years 1851 and 1852, not properly belonging to the expenses of this year	37,431 67—	621,030 19
Cash Assets Feb 1, 1860		$6,013,855 20
INVESTED AS FOLLOWS:		
Cash on hand and in Bank	$108,454 64	
Bonds and Mortgages	5,636,854 93	
United States Stock	200,000 00	
Real Estate	51,911 04	
Due from Agents	16,634 59—	6,013,855 20
Add Interest accrued, but not due		$65,000 00
Add Deferred Premium account, estimated		135,000 00
Add Premiums collected, in hands of agents		19,661 85
Gross Assets, Feb. 1, 1860		$6,233,517 05
Net increase in cash assets		824,921 78
Amount at risk Feb. 1, 1859		$32,575,099 00
Amount issued during the year		5,343,325 00
Total		37,918,424 00
Deduct:		
Surrendered, cancelled, forfeited, expired, and dead		2,599,145 00
Amount at risk Feb. 1, 1860		35,319,279 00
Of which are for life	33,166,879 00	
Of which for short term	1,168,250 00	
Of which for Endowment—Assurances	984,150 00—	35,319,279 00
Number of Policies in force Feb. 1, 1859		10,993
Number of Policies issued during year		1,721
Total		12,714
Deduct:		
Surrendered, cancelled, forfeited, expired and dead		882
Number of Policies Feb. 1, 1860		11,832
Of which are for life	11,182	
Of which for short term	359	
Of which for Endowment—Assurances	291	11,832
Net increase in policies during the year		839
Increase of Life policies	932	
Increase of Endowment	52—	984
Decrease in short time	145—	839

I have carefully examined the foregoing statement, and find the same to be correct.

SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Fred'k S. Winston, A. W. Bradford, Millard Fillmore,
John V. L. Pruyn, John M. Stuart, Sam'l D. Babcock,
Wm. Moore, George R. Clark, Hamilton Blake,
Joseph Blunt, Sam'l E. Spreulls, David Hoadley,
Rob. H. McCurdy, Sam'l M. Cornell, Henry A. Smythe,
Isaac G. Pearson, Lucius Robinson, Wm. V. Brady,
John H. Swift, W. Smith Brown, W. E. Dodge,
Wm. J. Bunker, Richard Patrick, George S. Coe,
William Betts, Wm. H. Popham, Wm. K. Strong,
John P. Yelverton, Lycur. Edgerton, Nathan'l Hayden,
John Wadsworth, Ezra Wheeler, Wm. M. Vermilye,
Alfred Edwards, Cephas H. Norton, John E. Develin.

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

Secretary, Isaac Abbatt. Actuary, Sheppard Homans.
Medical Examiner, Minturn Post, M. D.

NOTE.—The business of this Company is conducted on the MUTUAL principle, in the strictest sense of the term; the entire surplus, DEDUCTING NECESSARY EXPENSES ALONE, being equitably divided among the Assured.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT
for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO., BANKERS, No. 50 Wall-st., issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschild, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

EUGENE THOMSON,
AUCTIONEER AND BROKER,
No. 37 William-st., buys and sells Stocks and Bonds at Brokers' Board; Insurance Stock at private sale. Price current of Insurance Stock issued semi-monthly.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
Second Mortgage Bonds,
Income Bonds,
And Stock,
Bought by
H. MEIGS, Jr., & SMITH,
New-York, Jan. 31, 1860. No 39 William-st.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS, &c.,
Issue circular notes and letters for travelers, available in all the cities of the United States, Canada, the West India Islands, South America, &c., &c.

SEYTON & WAINWRIGHT, STOCK BROKERS, NO. 37 WILLIAM-ST.—STOCKS, BONDS and all current SECURITIES, BOUGHT and SOLD at the New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and London Stock Exchanges, and at private sale. Branch office, No. 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers-st. Collections made through READ, DREXEL & CO. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.'s Foreign Bills from £1 upward. A. D. WILLIAMS, Agent at Branch Office.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD BONDS.—Sealed proposals will be received until Saturday, the 26th instant, at noon, for the sale to the Trustees of the Sinking Fund, of $22,500 worth of the Mortgage Convertible Bonds of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company, dated July 1, 1858, and payable 25 years after dates. Proposals may be addressed to H. H. HUNNEWELL, Boston, and indorsed "Proposals to Trustees."

H. H. HUNNEWELL,
SIDNEY BARTLETT, } Trustees.
H. P. KIDDER,

Boston, Feb. 2, 1860.

OFFICE OF THE METROPOLITAN GAS-LIGHT CO., No. 402 4th-av., New-York, Jan. 20, 1860. }

THE FOLLOWING-NAMED GENTLEMEN have been elected Directors of this Company for the ensuing year:

CHRISTIAN H. SAND, WASHINGTON S. WHITNEY,
U. GODFREY GUNTHER, JOSEPH NOBLE,
EUGENE S. BALLIN, JOHN D. SCOTT,
EDWARD HAIGHT, JAMES HOY,
HERMANN MARCUSE, ROBT. H. ARKENBURGH.
THOMAS ACHELIS,
EDWARD SCHELL,

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, CHRISTIAN H. SAND was unanimously elected President.

W. TITUS, Secretary.

New-York, Jan. 20, 1860.

IRVING BANK, NEW-YORK, Feb. 6, 1860.

ELECTION.—THE FOLLOWING NAMED PERSONS were this day elected Directors of the Irving Bank for the ensuing year:

JOHN THOMSON, JOHN ROMER,
WM. RADFORD, WALTER W. CONKLIN,
H. J. HART, DAVID B. MOSES,
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, HERMAN H. BRUNJES,
ABM. FRAZER, JOHN SHOTWELL,
ISAAC ODELL.

And for Inspectors of the next election, JOHN CASTREE, ALBERT VAN WINKLE and JOHN T. WILSON.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board JOHN THOMSON was unanimously reëlected President.

DANIEL V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier.

EAST RIVER BANK.—AT AN ELECTION held on the 7th day of February, 1860 at their Banking-house, No. 680 Broadway, for fifteen Directors for the Association, the following persons were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

DAVID BANKS, Sr., AMOS WOODRUFF,
JOHN M. FERRIER, HENRY A. KERR,
DAVID CULVER, JOSEPH ROGERS,
JOSEPH H. JENNINGS, DAVID BANKS, Jr.,
CHARLES COOPER, CHARLES JENKINS,
JOHN NICHOLS, E. E. ANDERSON,
LINUS SCUDDER, ELLERY E. ANDERSON,
EDWARD C. CHAPIN, SAMUEL CANTRELL.

At a meeting of the Board held subsequently, CHAS. JENKINS, was reëlected President.

W. S. CARMAN, Cashier.

NOTICE.—MY USUAL ANNUAL REPORT OF the Insurance Companies, as reported to the Superintendent of the Insurance Department for the State Legislature, and furnished to me by the State Department, is now ready for distribution, and can be obtained gratuitously on application at my office.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Auctioneer and Stock Broker,
No. 52 William-st., near Wall.

GAS-LIGHT STOCK FOR SALE.—THREE hundred thousand dollars stock of various Gas-light Companies in the United States, paying 8 to 12 per cent. dividend. JOHN B. MURRAY, Rooms of the American Gas-light Journal, Iron Buildings, No. 254 Canal-st., near Broadway.

MARINE BANK, Feb. 9, 1860.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank and for three Inspectors of the next election will be held at the Banking-house on TUESDAY, 21st inst. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

J. C. BEACH, Cashier.

THE COUPONS DUE JULY 1, 1857, OF the First Mortgage Bond of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company, will be paid on and after Feb. 23 inst. between 12 and 1 o'clock, by WALTER L. CUTTING, No. 54 William-st.

FINANCIAL.

CONTINENTAL BANK, FEB. 6, 1860.—AT the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Continental Bank, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

WM. T. HOOKER, S. B. CHITTENDEN,
CHAS. H. MARSHALL, NEHEMIAH KNIGHT,
DAVID LANE, ELISHA E. MORGAN,
C. F. DAMBMANN, F. C. GEBHARD,
URIAL A. MURDOCK, ASA S. PORTER,
JAMES BRYCE, JOHN D. JONES,
GEO. A. TOWNSEND, HERMAN MARCUSE,
PAUL ALDEN, CHAS. STECKER.
JOHN J. AGNEW.

FOR INSPECTOR OF THE NEXT ELECTION.
THOS. TILESTON, WM. V. BRADY,
WM. STURGIS, Jr.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board WM. T. HOOKER was reëlected President, and CHAS. H. MARSHALL Vice-President. B. F. WARNER, Cashier.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, AUCTIONEER and Stock Broker, No. 52 William-st.—Insurance stock and other securities at private sale. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board.

BROOKLYN AND WILLIAMSBURG GAS-light stock wanted by JOHN B. MURRAY, Rooms of American Gas-light Journal, No. 254 Canal-st., near Broadway.

AUCTION SALES.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell, at auction, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 15, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

The five lots on the south side of TWENTIETH-STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH AVENUES, commencing 195 feet from 5th-av.; each lot 25 feet front, 92 feet deep. On account of the superior character of the improvements on this entire block, and the elegant location of these lots, they are considered among the most desirable building sites in the City. Title perfect. Terms easy.

ALSO:

The house and lot No. 77 CLINTON-PLACE, (8th-st.,) north side, between 5th and 6th avs.; lot 31½ feet front, 93 feet 11 inches deep; house three stories, brownstone front, built in the most substantial manner, by the best builders in the City, and now in capital condition.

ALSO:

The house and lot No. 79 CLINTON-PLACE, adjoining above; lot 25 feet front by 93 feet 11 inches deep; house brick, three stories, with attic in the rear, built in same manner and by same builders as above. Also in good condition.

For particulars and maps of above property, apply at the office of the auctioneer.

The houses can be seen by applying at No. 79 Clinton-place, between the hours of 9 and 11 o'clock A. M. each day, with tickets to be obtained at the auctioneer's office, No. 35 Wall-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer—Office No. 35 Wall-st.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS,

On SATURDAY, Feb. 11,

At 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Executor of John C. Clarkson, deceased:

100 sh. Fulton Bank. 1 sh. Society Library.
112 sh. Merchants' Ex. B'k. 28 sh. Mechanics' Bank.
72 sh. Tradesmen's Bank. 30 sh. North River Bank.
120 sh. Bost. and Prov. R. 20 sh. Equitable Fire Ins.
12 sh. N. Y. and N. H. R., (genuine stock.) 44 sh. N. J. R. & Trans. Co.
95 sh. N. Y. Central R. 6 sh. N. J. R. & T. Scrip Stock.

$1,000 Chicago and Rock Island Railroad 7 per cent. Bond of 1870.

$1,000 Galena and Chicago Railroad, 7 per cent. Bond of 1862.

$1,500 Hudson River Railroad 7 per cent. Bond of 1870.

$2,000 Hudson River Railroad 7 per cent. Bond of 1860.

$6,000 New-York Central Railroad 6 per cent. Bond of 1883.

$300 New-York Central Railroad Interest Scrip of 1883.

$12,000 Pennsylvania Coal 7 per cent Bond of 1861.

Regular Stock sales every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. Real estate sales any days required.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

STOCKS AND BONDS AT AUCTION THIS DAY—(In addition to the Executor's sale above.)—By order of the Administrator of Nathaniel Richards, deceased:

1 share Society Library.
1 share Clinton Hall Association, $100.
For account of whom it may concern:
$5,000 Fremont and Indiana Railroad Co. 7 per cent.
50 shares Bowery Fire Insurance Co., $25 each.
50 shares North River Fire Insurance Co., 25 each.
50 shares Washington Insurance Co., (new stock,) $50 each.
75 shares Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, $25 each.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S POSITIVE SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, ON WORTH, WHITE AND WILLIAM STREETS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, to close the estate of Elizabeth Eckert, deceased.

WORTH-ST.—The frame house and lot, No. 57 Worth-st., north side, 75 feet west of Church-st.; lot, 25.4x100 feet.

WHITE-ST.—The two-story brick front house and lot, No. 43 White-st., south side, between Broadway and Church-st.; lot, 25.3½x100 feet.

WILLIAM-ST.—The frame house and lot, No. 231 William-st., west side, 100 feet south of Duane-st.; lot, 27 feet 9 inches front, 25 feet 3 inches rear, by 88 feet 2 inches on southerly side, and 87 feet 6 inches on northerly side.

Sixty per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage, for one, two, or three years.

For maps and further particulars apply to the auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

PARTITION SALE.—JAMES M. MILLER WILL sell at auction, on

SATURDAY, Feb. 11, 1860,

At 2 o'clock, at Col. Williams' Hotel, Peekskill, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of H. W. Robinson, Referee, the following valuable property:

The beautiful and desirable residence of the late Daniel R. Jones, consisting of a handsome 3½-story dwelling, containing 12 rooms, gas, &c., with extensive piazzas, arbors, carriage-house, &c., situated in the village of Peekskill, Westchester County, N. Y., with an acre of ground attached and finely shaded. It is well located and in first-rate order.

The valuable farm in the town of Cortlandt, Westchester County, N. Y., near Verplanck's Station, and 2½ miles below the village of Peekskill, containing about 80 acres, with several dwellings thereon, well located and ready for immediate improvement. Will be sold in parcels or together.

Terms easy. For maps and further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VERY DESIRABLE LOTS ON 23D AND 24TH STS., NEAR 5TH-AV. AND MADISON-SQUARE.—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Feb. 14, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

23D-ST.—2 valuable lots on the N. S. of 23d-st., commencing 239 feet 8½ inches W. of 5th-av.

24TH-ST.—Also, 4 valuable lots on the S. S. of 24th-st., commencing 195 feet 1 inch W. of 5th-av.

These lots are situated in one of the most pleasant and convenient localities in New-York, for private residences, in the midst of first-class improvements, and are deserving the attention of those wishing to secure elegant building sites. 75 per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps, &c., at the Auctioneer's office, No. 35 Wall-st.

JOSEPH M. KISSAM, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—WILL BE SOLD AT public auction at Sibery's Hotel, in the village of New-Rochelle, on THURSDAY, Feb. 23, 1860, at 11 o'clock, A. M., the farm of the late Hannah Pugsley, deceased, of about 151 acres by survey made by John F. Jenkins, Surveyor, situate in the town of New-Rochelle, about one mile north of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad dépôt at New-Rochelle, on the east side of the road leading to White Plains. For particulars of boundaries, apply to JOHN PINE, or to JOSEPH M. KISSAM, Auctioneer, of New-Rochelle village, or to the undersigned, in the upper part of New-Rochelle, who will point out the Farm, and furnish maps of the same. JOHN SOULICE,

Sole surviving Executor of Hannah Pugsley, deceased.

NEW-ROCHELLE, Jan. 4, 1860.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

THIRTY-FIRST, THIRTY-SIXTH, FORTY-SEVENTH STS., AND SIXTH-AV.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Feb. 16, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

On 6th-av., 4-story brick store and dwelling, No. 730.

On 31st-st., 3-story and basement high-stoop house, brown-stone trimmings, No. 123, E., near 2d-av.

On 36th-st., two 3-story brick houses and lots, Nos. 88 and 90, W.

On 47th-st., the 4-story brown-stone front house and lot, south side, 350 feet E. 6th-av. Lot 20x100.5.

Maps, terms, &c., at No. 7 Pine-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

SPLENDID LOTS ON NINETY-THIRD and 125th-sts.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, Feb. 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange.

ON 93D-STREET—4 lots, s. s. 399 feet east 5th av., near Central Park; 25 6x½ blk. each; grade and location very desirable.

ON 125TH-STREET—(100 feet wide), 2 lots and 1 gore, n. s., 110 feet east 6th-av.; lots 25x½ blk., each.

Terms liberal. Maps, &c., at No. 7 Pine-st.

BROWNE & NICHOLS, Auctioneers.

THIS DAY, (SATURDAY,) FEB. 11—AT 10½ o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 35 Nassau-st. Continuation sale of furniture from Chestnut Grove Hotel, at Clifton, Staten Island, comprising the furniture unsold from Wednesday, together with a lage quantity since received, consisting of rosewood and mahogany parlor furniture, enameled and painted chamber suites, hair mattresses, feather beds, pillows and bolsters; Brussels, ingrain and three-ply carpets; heavy French plate pier and mantel glasses, rosewood secretary bookcase, oak extension tables, oak chairs and other dining-room furniture; crockery, China and glassware, table cutlery and kitchen utensils. Also, a seven-octave rosewood piano-forte.

JAMES COLE, Auctioneer.

20 SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—EXECUTORS' SALE.—JAMES COLE & SON, will sell on TUESDAY, Feb. 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Executors of Adam Tredwell, deceased, 20 lots located on Remsen, Hicks and Joralemon sts., IIId Ward, Brooklyn. These are the best lots in the city ever offered at auction. Most of the lots have stable privileges. 75 per cent. on mortgage. For maps, apply to the auctioneers, No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, and No. 45 Nassau-st., New-York.

BROWNE & NICHOLS, Auctioneers.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, (SATURDAY,) Feb. 11, at their salesroom, No. 35 Nassau-st., a full-size rosewood billiard table, with balls, cues and fixtures all complete and in perfect order; has been in use but six months at the Chestnut-Grove Hotel, Staten Island.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

WELLINGTON & ABBOTT,
(Successors to A. Seignette & Co.,)
No. 47 Water-st.,
Sole Agents for
JULES ROBIN & CO., COGNAC,
ALEX. SEIGNETTE BRANDY,
GRAPELEAF GIN,
DEWDROP GIN.

ROCKWELL'S PURE GRAPE AND BLACKBERRY WINE, for which Gold and Silver Medals were awarded at the late Fair of the American Institute. Sold by E. GOODENOUGH, No. 122 Nassau-st.; HEGEMAN, CLARK & CO., Nos. 161, 399, 511 and 756 Broadway, N. Y.; R. J. DAVIES, No. 260 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Also, by the producer, in kegs of five gallons or over, at $2 per gallon, and in bottles at $8 per dozen delivered in New York free of charge.

F. A. ROCKWELL, Ridgefield, Conn.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD. WINTER ARRANGEMENT—FARE $3 TO ALBANY.—On and after Wednesday, Jan. 18, 1860, trains will leave 26th-st., Station, New-York, as follows:

For Williams' Bridge—6:30 and 11 A. M.; 3:00 and 8:30 P. M.
For White Plains—12:30 and 5 P. M.
For White Plains—3:15 P. M., from dépôt corner White and Centre sts.
For Croton Falls—4 P. M., from 26th-st.
For Millerton—3 P. M., from 26th-st.
For Albany—9 A. M., from 26th-st. Mail train.
For Albany—3:30 P. M., from 26th-st. Express train.

All through trains connect with the New-York Central Railroad for the West.

RETURNING, WILL LEAVE

Williams' Bridge—6:40 and 9:30 A. M.; 1 and 3:40 P. M.
White Plains—5 A. M., 7:20 A. M.; 4:50 P. M.
Croton Falls—7 A. M.
Millerton—7 A. M.
Albany, Mail train—11 A. M., Mail, and 4:10 P. M., Express train.

9 A. M.—Mail connects at Chatham for all stations on Western Railroad.

3:30 P. M.—Express also connects at Chatham with a train for stations as far as Pittsfield.

Baggage checked for the Mail and Express corner of White and Centre sts., from 7 to 8:15 A. M., and from 1 to 2:45 P. M.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing Dec. 19, 1859.—Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places, from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 8 A. M., 12 M., and 4:10 P. M. For Somerville, by the above trains, at 5:30 P. M. From Pier No. 2, North River, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., and 3:30 P. M., for Easton and intermediate stations. For Somerville, by the above trains at 4:30 P. M.

The 12 M. train from foot of Cortlandt-st., and the 11:30 A. M. train from Pier No. 2, North River, make a close connection at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and thence, via East Pennsylvania Railroad, to Reading, without change of cars, and connects at Reading direct for Pottsville and Harrisburgh.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave New-York, from foot of Cortland-st., at 8 A. M., or at 7:30 from Pier No. 2, North River. For Lehigh Valley Railroad, at 8 A. M. and 12 M. from foot of Cortlandt-st., or from Pier No. 2, North River, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M.

JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM DEC. 22, 1859, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains, 7 and 11 A. M., and 4:30 P. M.; for Sing Sing, 3:45 and 6:40 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie, 7:30 A. M., and 12:20 and 3:20 P. M.; for Peekskill, 5:15 P. M. A Montreal and Buffalo Passenger Train, (with sleeping cars,) leaves 31st-st., daily, at 9:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Peekskill and Sing Sing Trains stop at most of the way stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 6:15 and 10:10 A. M., and 4 and 9 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sunday at 6:15 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD CO.—Leave Fulton Market slip for FLUSHING, per steamer MATTANO, at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., 4 P. M., and 6 P. M., connecting with cars at Hunter's Point. Returning—leave Flushing at 6:30, 8 and 10 A. M., and 3 and 5 P. M. Extra trains leave Hunter's Point for Flushing at 7:15 and 11:15 A. M.; returning, leave Flushing at 1 P. M.: passengers by this train will cross the 34th-st. Ferry. Fare 15 cents. Fare from Fulton Market-slip, 25 cents. All above trains stop at the way stations, Calvary Cemetery, Winfield, Newtown and West Flushing. On Sundays cars leave Hunter's Point for Flushing and all way stations at 9:30, 11, 4, and 5 o'clock; returning, leave Flushing at 8:30, 10, 3 and 4:30 o'clock. Excursion tickets for the trip, 25 cents.

NEW-YORK, PROVIDENCE AND BOSTON MID-DAY EXPRESS TRAIN, via SHORE LINE.—Leave New-York, corner of 27th-st. and 4th-av., at 12:15 P. M., and arrive in Providence at 7:30 P. M. and Boston at 9 P. M.

Leave Boston, from dépôt of Boston and Providence Railroad, at 11:10 A. M., and Providence at 12:35 P. M., and arrive in New-York at 7:30 P. M.

Through without change of cars.

F. J. CALHOUN, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—From pier foot of Duane-st.—Dunkirk Express, at 7 A. M. for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua, and principal stations. Newburgh Express, at 3:30 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 4:30 P. M. for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua, and principal stations.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—TRAINS LEAVE Brooklyn for Greenport at 10 A. M.; Yaphank, 10 A. M., and on Saturdays at 3:30 P. M.; North Islip at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; Syosset at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; for Hempstead at 10 A. M., 3:30 and 5 P. M.; for Jamaica at 10 A. M., 3:30, 5 and 6:30 P. M.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leaves New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M.; 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3; 12 M., fare $2 25. Through baggage checked in 7 A. M. and 6 P. M.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND.—OFFICE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE Company, No. 16 Wall-st., Jan. 12, 1860.

Capital ... $150,000
Surplus over ... 147,000

This Company have to-day declared a Dividend of Seven and a Half Dollars per share, payable to Stockholders on demand.

They have also declared an interest Dividend of Six per Cent. upon their outstanding Scrip, payable on Tuesday, the 14th day of February next, in cash.

They have further declared a Scrip Dividend on the earned premiums of the year, ending the 31st day of December, 1859, of Fifty per Cent., the certificates deliverable to parties entitled thereto, on Tuesday, the 14th day of February next.

ROBERT S. HONE, President.

DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—THE NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 67 Wall-st., Feb. 8, 1860.—The Directors have this day declared a dividend of ten per cent. on the capital stock for the last six months, payable on demand. This Company, with a cash capital of $200,000, and a surplus of $104,018, Jan. 1, 1860, continues to insure against fire on the usual terms.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.

L. G. IRVING, Secretary.
P. NOTMAN, Acting Secretary.

ST. NICHOLAS BANK, No. 7 WALL-STREET. NEW-YORK, FEB. 1st, 1860. }

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have declared a semi-annual DIVIDEND of three and a-half per cent., payable on and after the 13th inst. The transfer-book will be closed until 13th inst inclusive. A. PARKHURST, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.—OCEAN BANK, NEW-YORK FEB. 1, 1860.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Three and a Half per cent., out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst. The transfer books will be closed until that date. PARKER HANDY, Cashier.

LORILLARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE, MECHANICS' BANK BUILDING, 31 WALL-ST. NEW YORK, Feb. 2, 1860. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared their semi-annual dividend of Eight Per Cent., payable on demand.

GEO. D. CRARY, Secretary.

BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, NEW-YORK, JAN. 31, 1860.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the Bank the last six months, is this day declared, payable on MONDAY, 13th February, prox. R. H. LOWRY, Cashier.

MARINE BANK, Feb. 3, 1860.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER cent. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, has been declared payable on and after Monday the 13th inst. The transfer-books will be closed until the 14th inst.

J. C. BEACH, Cashier.

CITY BANK, BROOKLYN, Feb. 3, 1860.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a dividend of Three and One-Half per cent out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders on the 13th inst.

R. P. PERRIN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 8, 1860. }

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi Annual Dividend of Ten per cent., payable on demand at the office of the Company, No. 72 Wall-st.

D. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

EXCHANGE FIRE INSURANCE CO.—THE Board of Directors of this Company have declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six per Cent., payable on and after Feb. 1. R. C. COMBES, Secretary.

CALIFORNIA STATE AND SAN FRANCISCO City Interest Coupons purchased by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

INSURANCE.

CLINTON
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 52 WALL-STREET.

CASH CAPITAL ... $250,000
WITH A LARGE SURPLUS.

DIRECTORS:

HUGH LAING, NOAH S. HUNT,
EFF'GHAM TOWNSEND, THOMAS SMULL,
CHAS R. SWORDS, J. H. RANSOM,
JOHN PENFOLD, GEO. A. TOWNSEND,
JOHN COMPTON, DON ALONZO CUSHMAN,
D. HENRY HAIGHT, U. J. SMITH,
JOSEPH LAWRENCE, ALFRED WILLIS,
LEONARDO S. SUAREZ, SYLVESTER L. H. WARD,
SILAS BRONSON, ALVE E. LAING,
A. R. ENO, ROBERT M. BRUCE,
JOHN WATSON, J. S. BOYD,
JOSEPH W. CORLIES, A. YZNAGA DEL VALLE,
SAMUEL WILLETS, LAWRENCE TURNURE,
S. T. NICOLL, HENRY S. LEVERICH,
GEO. GRISWOLD, Jr.

HUGH LAING, President.

JAMES B. AMES, Jr., Secretary.

HOMESTEAD FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
NEW-YORK,
OFFICE, WHITLOCK BUILDING,
No. 136 Nassau, corner of Beekman-st.

Capital ... $150,000
Surplus, Jan. 1, 1860 ... 20,000
Capital being increased to ... 200,000

Insures buildings, merchandise, furniture and all kinds of insurable property against loss or damage by fire, at the lowest rates charged by responsible Companies. We respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

WM. CHAUNCEY, President.
PHILO HURD, Vice-President.
JNO. K. OAKLEY, Secretary.
JAS. E. DUNHAM, General Agent.

FURNITURE.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE IN all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape, fruit and flowers. Also, solid chestnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental at H. F. FARRINGTON'S Warerooms, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster-st. Manufactory Nos. 46 and 48 Wooster-st. Established 1843.

FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR READY MONEY.—A fair value given for furniture, carpets, books, &c., at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

BOAT FOR SALE—THE HULL FOR A SMALL steam (or caloric) boat, of beautiful model, built by one of our best boat builders. She is 75 feet long and 12 feet beam, (inside,) with guards; elegant cabins, forward and aft, with space left for engines. She is coppered and all complete, except engines, so that the party purchasing can put in such as he pleases. She will be sold as she is, or with engines. Inquire at Caloric Engine Agency, No. 164 Duane-st.

SHIPPING.

IN ADVANCE OF THE U. S. MAIL!
OLD MAIL LINE
FOR
CALIFORNIA,
VIA
PANAMA RAILROAD.
EXTRA STEAMERS AT PANAMA AND ACAPULCO.
REGULAR DAYS.
5TH AND 20TH OF EACH MONTH.

On MONDAY, Feb. 20, at 2 P. M., the NORTH ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid steamship

ATLANTIC,
R. H. PEARSON, Commander,

for ASPINWALL, direct and will connect via PANAMA RAILROAD with Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer

SONORA,
F. R. BABY, Commander,

and proceed direct to SAN FRANCISCO.

For freight, apply at the Office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st. For passage, apply at the office over the gate—on the wharf—at the foot of Canal-st., to

WM. H. WICKHAM.

N. B.—Letters to all parts of California will be taken by WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S and FREEMAN & CO.'S EXPRESS, by these steamers.

TAPSCOTT'S LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

The subscribers continue to grant certificates of passage to or from Liverpool, by their favorite line of packets comprising in part the following ships, viz.:

WM. TAPSCOTT, EMERALD ISLE, ALBION,
DREADNOUGHT, MIDDLESEX, VICTORY,
BENJ. ADAMS, CONSTELLATION, JOHN J. BOYD
WEST POINT, SWITZERLAND, PHENIX,
UNDERWRITER, SHAMROCK, CAMBRIA.

Making together with others, a ship every five days.

The subscribers are also agents for the X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS, for all of which they grant certificates on liberal terms.

REMITTANCES TO IRELAND, &c.

T. & Co. also continue to issue drafts, payable on demand, throughout England. Ireland, Scotland, and Wales. Send or call for circulars.

Circulars, with all particulars, may be had on application: if by letter, inclose postage stamp to

TAPSCOTT & CO., No. 86 South-st., New-York.
TAPSCOTT, SMITH & CO., Liverpool.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage ... $130
Second Cabin Passage ... 75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage ... $110
Second Cabin Passage ... 60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins, CANADA, Capt. Lang,
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone, AMERICA, Capt. Millar,
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott, NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson,
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon, EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch,
SCOTIA, (now building.)

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head, green on starboard bow, red on port bow.

ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, Feb. 15.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 22.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 29.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves Boston Wednesday, March 7.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, March 14.
AMERICA, Millar, leaves Boston Wed'day, March 21.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-Green.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

The United States Mail
STEAMER ARAGO,
D. LINES, Commander,

Will leave for HAVRE, touching at SOUTHAMPTON, to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, March 3, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.

This ship has five water-tight compartments, inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Price of passage in Second Cabin, $75 and $60.

For freight or passage, apply to

W. S. DRAYTON, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer FULTON will succeed the ARAGO, and sail March 31.

FOR NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH.

The new and first-class steamship POTOMAC, Capt. GEO. W. WATSON, will leave Pier No. 12, North River, EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., connecting with Norfolk and Petersburgh Railroad for Richmond and Petersburgh.

Freight to Norfolk, six cents per foot; to Petersburgh, eight cents per foot, and proportionate rates.

Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
THE SPLENDID STEAMSHIP ST. LOUIS,
W. H. HUDSON, Commander,

With unsurpassed accommodations for passengers, and capacity for 700 tons of freight, will be dispatched for New-Orleans direct, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 22, from wharf foot of Canal-st. For passage or freight apply at office of Pacific Mail Steamship Company, 88 Wall-st.

PORTLAND AND CANADA.—SEMI-WEEKLY Line via Victoria Bridge.—The first-class screw steamships

CHESAPEAKE, Capt. SIDNEY CROWELL,
PATAPSCO, Capt. L. H. LAYFIELD,

Will leave Pier No. 12 North River, New-York, and Brown's Wharf, Portland, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. Running time, 36 hours. These steamers connect with the Grand Trunk Railroad, forming the cheapest and most expeditious freight line to Montreal and Quebec.

Passage, including meals and stateroom, $5. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST via CHARLESTON, S. C.—SEMI-WEEKLY U. S. MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.—Cabin passage, $15; Deck, $6. The favorite steamship JAMES ADGER, R. ADAMS, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4, N. R., on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 15, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely. Through tickets to the following places: To New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, Ala., $35; Montgomery, Ala., $26; Nashville, Tenn., $30; Memphis, $33 50; Knoxville, $27; Chattanooga, $27; Augusta, Ga., $20; Atlanta, Ga., $23; Columbia, S. C., $20; Charlotte, N. C., $22; Fernandina, Fla., $20; Jacksonville, $21, Pilatka, $23. For freight or passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 23 Broadway. The COLUMBIA, Capt. BERRY, succeeds on SATURDAY, Feb. 18. NOTICE.—No form of bills of lading signed but those furnished by the Company. No freight received after 2 o'clock on day of leaving.

NEW-ORLEANS, MOBILE, MONTGOMERY, Atlanta, Albany, Columbus, Macon, Augusta, and various places in Florida, via Savannah, Ga.

The FLORIDA, Capt. ISAAC CROWELL, will leave on SATURDAY, Feb. 11, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River. Tickets can be had for the following places—fare as low as by any other steamer from New-York to Savannah; accommodations superior:

New-York to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $26; Atlanta, Ga., $23; Albany, Ga., $24; Columbus, Ga., $23; Macon, Ga., $21; Augusta, $20; Savannah, $15.

SAMUEL L. MITCHILL & SON, No. 13 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and favorite steamship HUNTSVILLE, JNO. A. POST, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12, N. R., THURSDAY, Feb. 16, at 3 P. M. Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15. Through tickets to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $26; Albany, Ga., $24; Columbus, $23; Atlanta, $23; Macon, $21; Augusta, $20; also, to principal places in Florida at lowest rates. Freight 10 cents per foot. Insurance one-half per cent. No risk taken under $200. Apply to

H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FREIGHT FOR TENNESSEE, NORTH CAROLINA, PORTSMOUTH, NORFOLK, CITY POINT, AND RICHMOND.—The steamship YORKTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, will receive freight for the above places on Friday and Saturday, at Pier No. 13, North River, and will leave on SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. Freight to Norfolk or Portsmouth, 6 cents per foot; to City Point, 7 cents; to Richmond, 8 cents. Passage to Norfolk, (state-room and meals included,) $8; to Petersburgh or Richmond, $10.

LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

FOR WASHINGTON, ALEXANDRIA AND GEORGETOWN.—The New-York and Virginia Screw Steamship Company's new and elegant steamship MOUNT VERNON, F. C. SMITH Commander, will leave pier No. 12 North River, EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Passage, including state-room and fare, $7 50.

Freight 8 cents per foot and proportionate rates.

Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES VISITING EUROPE.—Facilities for securing responsible couriers and traveling servants. Couriers and Traveling Servants' Society, (composed of respectable men of different nations,) established in 1851, and enrolled according to act of Parliament. "The safest plan is to apply to the Secretary of the Society, No. 12 Bury-st., St. James', London, as all the couriers of that Society are competent and trustworthy."—*Editor Bradshaw's Guide.*

STEAMBOATS.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—FOR PORT MONMOUTH, MIDDLETOWN, RED BANK SHREWSBURY, EATON TOWN, &c., via steamer ALICE PRICE. Leave Murray-st. wharf Feb. 1, 11½ A. M.; 2, 12½ P. M.; 3, 1½ P. M.; 4, 3½ P. M.; 6, 5½ A. M. and 4 P. M.; 7, 6 A. M.; 8, 6 A. M.; 9, 6½ A. M.; 10, 7 A. M.; 11, 9 A. M.; 13, 9½ A. M.; 14, 11 A. M.; 15, 12 M. Returning, will leave Red Bank 2½ hours after the boat leaves New-York.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—FARE FIFTY CENTS.—Steamer ANSONIA, Capt. CHAS. DUTCHER, leaves Peck-slip, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 M. Freight taken at the lowest rates.

T. LOCKYER & CO., No. 113 South-st.

FOR BOSTON.—NORWICH AND WORCESTER Line, from foot of Cortlandt-st., North River, daily, at 4 o'clock P. M.

EXPRESSES.

HARNDEN'S EXPRESS.
DAILY.

Forwards valuables and merchandize to and from, and collects drafts, bills, &c., in all parts of the
EAST, WEST AND SOUTH.
Will receive goods or orders to "call" at
No. 74 Broadway.

DENTISTRY.

A CLEAN AND WHOLESOME APPEARANCE OF THE MOUTH IS THE STRONGEST LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION.—Pain and loss of teeth entirely prevented by my new method of filling, which is warranted. Teeth and fangs ingeniously removed without sensation. Old sets exchanged, fitted or repaired; and new sets in handsomest style.

VINCENT W. BATE, Dentist,
No. 235 Broadway, corner of 13th-st.

ASTROLOGY.

N. B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEBRATED MADAME PREWSTER? She has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities, with entire satisfaction; she feels confident she has no equal; she tells the name of future wife or husband, also that of her visitor. If you wish the truth, give her a call, at No. 251 3d-av., above 21st-st. Ladies 50 cents; gentlemen $1.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
PATTI MATINEE.
THIS (Saturday) MORNING, at 1 o'clock.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.—In consequence of the Philharmonic Rehearsal concluding at 12, the doors for the Matinée can only be opened at 12½.

FIRST GRAND PATTI MATINEE.
NO RESERVED SEATS. Admission $1.
Positively the only performance of Bellini's Opera of
I PURITANI,
MISS PATTI, BRIGNOLI, FERRI SUSINI.

Tickets are for sale at the principal hotels and music-stores, at the Academy Sibell's, Breusing's, and at the door; in Brooklyn, at Prox's and Rose's.

SUNDAY—ORATORIO AND SACRED CONCERT.
(Full Programme in extra advertisement.)
SUNDAY EVENING, FEB. 12, AT 7½ O'CLOCK.
FIFTY CENTS TO ALL PARTS.
The Amphitheatre 25 cents.
NO RESERVED SEATS.
GRAND ORATORIO,
AND GRAND SACRED CONCERT.
THE WHOLE OF ROSSINI'S STABAT MATER.
Mme. COLSON, Mme. STRAKOSCH,
BRIGNOLI, STIGELLI, FERRI, AMODIO,
SUSINI, JUNCA, MULLER AND QUINTO.
THE ENTIRE GRAND ORCHESTRA AND CHORUS.
The Oratorio of the Stabat Mater will be followed by
A GRAND SACRED CONCERT.

Conductors ... Muzio and Bergmann
Admission to parquet and boxes, family circle ... 50 cents
Amphitheatre ... 25 cents

Tickets for sale at the hotels, music-stores, the regular ticket offices, and at the Academy of Music.

On MONDAY second and last night of
THE BARBER OF SEVILLE.

Madame GAZZANIGA will make her most positively ONLY APPEARANCE as Saffo.

OPERA IN NEWARK, at Concert Hall, on TUESDAY, Feb. 14, LA TRAVIATA, with Colson, Stigelli, Amodio, and full Chorus and Orchestra.

LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR and LA SONNAMBULA

Due notice will be given of Miss PATTI'S appearance in these two operas.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
SUNDAY EVENING, Feb. 12, at 7½ o'clock.
FIFTY CENTS TO ALL PARTS.
The Amphitheatre 25 cents.
No reserved seats.
GRAND ORATORIO
AND GRAND SACRED CONCERT.
THE WHOLE OF ROSSINI'S STABAT MATER.
Mad. COLSON, Mad. STRAKOSCH,
STIGELLI, AMODIO,
SUSINI, JUNCA, MULLER and QUINTO.
The entire Grand Orchestra and Chorus.

The performance will commence with the whole of Rossini's Oratorio of

THE STABAT MATER.
Mad. COLSON, Mad. STRAKOSCH,
STIGELLI, SUSINI, MULLER, QUINTO.
Grand Chorus and full Orchestra.
To be followed by
A GRAND SACRED CONCERT.

PROGRAMME—1. Overture, by Beethoven. 2. Aria, from I Martiri. 3. The Tear, by Stigelli. 4. Oh! Isis and Osiris, by Junca. 5 The Coronation March, from the Prophet, by Meyerbeer.

Conductors ... Muzio and Bergmann
Admission to parquet and boxes, family circle } ... Fifty Cents
Amphitheatre ... Twenty-five cents

Tickets for sale at the hotels, music stores, the regular ticket offices, and at the Academy of Music.

On MONDAY, second and last night of
THE BARBER OF SEVILLE.

SAFFO.—MADAME GAZZANIGA will make her most positively only appearance prior to her intended concert tour through the United States. On this occasion Madame Gazzaniga will appear in her great role of SAFFO.

OPERA IN NEWARK, at Concert Hall, Tuesday, Feb. 14 LA TRAVIATA, by Colson, Stigelli, Amodio. Full chorus and orchestra.

LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR and LA SONNAMBULA.

Due notice will be given of Miss PATTI'S appearance in these two operas.

OPERA IN NEWARK.
NEWARK CONCERT HALL.

The first Grand Opera ever given in Newark will take place on TUESDAY, Feb. 14, by the ARTISTS OF THE NEW-YORK ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

Including the Chorus, Orchestra, Dresses and Properties from the same celebrated establishment, when will be performed the whole of Verdi's celebrated Opera, in four acts, of

LA TRAVIATA,
By Mme. COLSON, STIGELLI, AMODIO and others.

Admission $1. Seats secured in advance without any extra charge.

The sale of seats begins on Saturday, at 9 A. M., at the music store of S. P. Hinds, Esq., No. 4 Bank-st. Seats are likewise to be had at the door on the evening of the performance.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 7½.
PARTICULAR NOTICE.

In consequence of the early hour at which the performance terminates, the management is enabled to allow

TEN MINUTES INTERMISSION
BETWEEN THE THIRD AND FOURTH ACTS,
for the accommodation of those wishing to procure
REFRESHMENTS.
ENTIRE SUCCESS.

TO-NIGHT,
And Every Evening till further notice,
THE ROMANCE
OF
A POOR YOUNG MAN.

Adapted expressly for this Theatre by Messrs. Pierrepont Edwards and Lester Wallack.

PROLOGUE.

Manuel, Marquis de Champcey ... Mr. Lester Wallack
Doctor Desmarets (formerly of the French army) ... Mr. Brougham
Louise Vauberger (formerly nurse to Manuel, now keeper of a lodging-house) ... Mrs. Walcot

THE DRAMA.

Manuel, (stewart to M. Laroque) ... Mr. Lester Wallack
Doctor Desmarets ... Mr. Brougham
M. de Bevennes (a man of the world) ... Mr. Walcot
Gaspar Laroque (an aged man, formerly Captain of a privateer) ... Mr. Dyott
Alain (a confidential domestic) ... Mr. Young
M. Nouret (a Notary) ... Mr. Levere
Yvonnet (a Breton shepherd) ... Mr. C. Parsloe
Henri ... Mr. Oliver
Louis ... Mr. Coburn
Madame Laroque (daughter-in-law to Gaspar) ... Mrs. Vernon
Marguerite (her daughter) ... Mrs. Hoey
Madame Aubrey (a relative of the Laroque family) ... Miss Mary Gannon
Mlle. Helouin (a governess) ... Miss Fanny Morant
Christine (a Breton peasant girl) ... Miss Fanny Reeves

Music by Mr. Robert Stoepel.

The Scenery entirely new by Isherwood.

Between the first and second acts a lapse of two months. Between fourth and fifth acts a lapse of some months.

Box Book open six days in advance.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
NEW SCOTTISH DRAMA TO-NIGHT,
SATURDAY, Feb. 11, 1860,
AND EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.

MISS AGNES ROBERTSON as JENNIE DEANS,
MISS LAURA KEENE as EFFIE DEANS,

In Sir Walter Scott's beautiful domestic story, dramatized expressly for this Theatre by DION BOURCICAULT, Esq., author of "Jessie Brown,"

In three acts.
JEANIE DEANS;
OR,
THE HEART OF MID-LOTHIAN.

Produced under the direction and superintendence of Mr. Bourcicault, with

NEW SCENERY AND NEW COSTUMES.
EDINBURGH IN 1737.
THE TRIAL OF EFFIE DEANS,
realizing Lander's celebrated picture,
THE ATTACK ON THE TOLBOOTH.

A new Overture to "The Heart of Mid Lothian, and new descriptive music, has been composed expressly to accompany and illustrate this story, by

MR. THOMAS BAKER.

Dress Circle seats may be secured one week in advance.

Doors open at 6½; to commence at 7½ o'clock.
Performance over at 10 o'clock.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
PRE-EMINENT SUCCESS
OF
DION BOURCICAULT'S
Great drama of
THE OCTOROON!
THE OCTOROON!
THE OCTOROON!
THE OCTOROON! THE OCTOROON!
THE OCTOROON! THE OCTOROON!
THE OCTOROON! THE OCTOROON!
THE OCTOROON!
THE OCTOROON!
THE OCTOROON!
OR,
LIFE IN LOUISIANA.

gotten up sumptuously
FROM THE AUTHOR'S COPY,
with entirely New Scenery, by W. Wallace and assistants.

Original Music ... by ... Mollenhauer.
Costumes ... by R. Walker and assistants.
Effects ... by ... Charles Burns.
Properties ... by ... Charles Wilson.

Now Witnessed by
CROWDS OF DELIGHTED PEOPLE,
and represented as expressly prepared for this establishment, with the
ORCHESTRAL STRENGTH GREATLY AUGMENTED
to give effect to the music, led by Mr. Alexander Tyte.
The OCTOROON will be presented to-day,
SATURDAY, Feb. 11, 1860,
In the AFTERNOON, at 3,
And also
In the EVENING, at 7 o'clock.
IN FIVE ACTS:

First Act—The Plantation of Terrebonne.
Second Act—The Landing on the Atchafalaya.
Third Act—Parlor and Hall at Terrebonne, with the thrilling Slave Sale, in which Zoe is sold for $25,000.
Fourth Act—The boiler-deck of the Magnolia; the Lynch Trial, and the Burning of the Steamer!
Fifth Act—The Negro Quarter; The Poison Vial; The Cane Brake; The Cedar Swamp; The Indian and his Victim; The Suicide of the Octoroon Girl; The Victim of the Avenger!

The entire play produced in the excellent manner which won it so much applause at the WINTER GARDEN, and the cast of characters will embrace

EVERY MEMBER OF THE COMPANY.

Wax statue of John Brown, Living Baby Anacondas and enormous Serpents, Living Kangaroos, Seals, &c., beautiful Aquaria.

Admittance, 25 cents; children, under ten, 13 cents; parquette, 13 cents extra.

GEORGE CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS,
AT NIBLO'S SALOON.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME. GEORGE CHRISTY'S great Farce of SCHERMERHORN'S BOY. GEORGE CHRISTY in his popular character of SHERMERHORN'S BOY. M. GUSTAVE BIDAUX, first baritone of the Italian Opera, &c. Mr. F. WILLMARTH, the great ballad singer.

ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY,
in all its shades and phases

Doors open at 6½; to commence at 7½.
Tickets 25 cents.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.—TWO GRAND FLORAL CONCERTS will be given in the Brooklyn Athenæum, on MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, Feb. 13 and 14, under the direction of Mr. J. M. HAGER, the proceeds of which are to be applied to aid one Sabbath School of the Middle Reformed Dutch Church, (Rev. N. E. SMITH, Pastor.) Mr. C. H. BADGER, (pupil of Mr. S. B. MILLS,) will, during each evening, perform a Solo on a Steinway Overstrung Grand Piano. Miss FRANCIS A. HAGER will preside at the Piano. Tickets to the Monday Evening Concert will be furnished to schools at 10 cents each. Adults 25 cents. All tickets to the Tuesday Evening Concert, 25 cents. Tickets issued for Tuesday Evening will not be received on Monday Evening.

JACKSON DEERING,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROSSITER'S
THREE LARGE SCRIPTURAL PICTURES
JEREMIAH, NOAH, MIRIAM.
Now on exhibition, cor. Broadway and 9th-st.
Admission 25 cents.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
COOKE'S ROYAL AMPHITHEATRE.
GRAND EQUESTRIAN
MATINEE.

SATURDAY, Feb. 11, commencing at 2 o'clock. The evening entertainments begin, as usual, at 7½ o'clock. The performances will commence with

THE SPORTS OF OLD ENGLAND.

In order to get a sight of this beautiful pageant
VISITORS ARE ADVISED TO COME EARLY.

The various performances given in the ring on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS are the same in every respect as those exhibited in the evening; the house brilliantly lighted up, and the attendance generally as great. Persons residing in the suburbs of this City may visit this extraordinary exhibition and return home before dark.

Mlle. ELLA ZOYARA, JAMES ROBINSON, the BROTHERS HANLON, and all the other great performers appear in both entertainments.

Boxes, 50 cents; Orchestra Chairs, $1; Private Boxes, $5 and $6.

☞ No improper characters, either male or female, admitted to any part of this house. J. M. NIXON.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.
BROADWAY BOUDOIR.
THE MISSES
WEBB'S THEATRE, NO. 444 BROADWAY.
SATURDAY, FEB. 10, 1860.
THE KING'S WATCH.

Charles II ... H. Plunkett,
Edward ... Miss Emma Webb,

Miss Ada Webb as Mary Copp.
MANAGER'S DAUGHTER.
Miss Ada Webb in six characters.

SINGING and DANCING, by Miss Ada Webb, Miss Ada Price and Mr. Billy O'Neil.

MILES BOY.

Miles' Boy ... Mr. Billy O'Neil.

Doors open at 6½ o'clock; to commence at 7½.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Between Hester and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, Feb. 11,
The performance will commence with
THREE FAST MEN.

Jenny Fairlove, Miss Lucille | Maggy Rosely, Miss Helen
Harry Jordan ... Mr. J. G. Hanley

The piece will terminate with a display of fireworks.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—585 BROADWAY.
SAMEDI, 11 FEVRIER, 1860.
LE DEMI MONDE.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE,
AT PALACE GARDEN, 14TH ST., NEAR 6TH-AV.
EVERY MORNING, AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
Animals fed at 12 o'clock each day.
LARGEST COLLECTION OF ANIMALS IN THE WORLD.

Everything rare and curious in the Animal Kingdom.

ONLY MENAGERIE IN AMERICA.

Uncontrollable laughter and shouts of applause greet the perfoming Ponies, Monkeys, Mules, Jack, Elephant, Lions, &c.

A LIBERAL REDUCTION MADE TO SCHOOLS.

WHITLOCK'S
FREE GALLERY
OF OIL PAINTINGS,
No. 366 CANAL-ST.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW-YORK.—EIGHTEENTH SEASON, 1859-'60.—The third Concert will take place on SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 11, at the Academy of Music, on which occasion the following eminent artists will appear: Madame COLSON and Mr. S. B. MILLS, Piano. Conductor, Mr. THEODORE EISFELD. Tickets for sale at the music stores of Messrs. Sharfenberg & Luis, No. 769 Broadway; C. Breusing, No. 701 Broadway, and M. Walker, No. 167 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Members will please procure their extra tickets before the day of the Concert. All tickets sold at the door on the evening of the Concert will be $1 50 each. No secured seats. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

By order. L. SPIER, Secretary.

MUSICAL.

THE OVAL PIANO-FORTE,
(With the over-strung bass,)
The most graceful in form, and the best-toned horizontal piano in the world.

The Driggs Piano Company, by greatly extending their facilities of manufacture and improvement in their machinery, are prepared to receive advance orders for these graceful and elegant instruments. The demand has heretofore been far beyond our ability to supply, and for most of the time during the last year we have not had an instrument of this peculiar style to exhibit. This is the original shape of the Driggs patent, or violin piano, and it closely approximates, not only in the principles of its construction, but in its shape, to the violin, —"the most perfect because the most responsive instrument in the world." The case is a vibratory shell, free from all strain of the strings, and the oval shape retains more perfectly the vibratory circles, sustaining the tones with wonderful purity, and making the instrument more responsive and perfect. Warerooms No. 555 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

S. B. DRIGGS, Inventor and Patentee.

CHICKERING & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.

C. & SONS have been awarded 35 prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 35 years.

ALSO FOR SALE,
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
for parlors, churches, vestries and lodges,
at wholesale and retail.
PIANOS TO RENT.

JOHN B. DUNHAM,
ESTABLISHED IN 1834,
Manufacturer of
THE OVER-STRUNG
GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES.
Manufactory and Warerooms,
Nos. 75 to 85 East 13th-st.,
near Broadway, New-York.

Purchasers may rely upon these instruments. They are warranted for five years, and the prices moderate.

A NEW INSTRUMENT.
TRIOLODEON Warerooms, No. 618 Broadway,
VAN OECKELEN & DUCKER, Patentees.
Highest Testimonials of
THALBERG and VIEUXTEMPS,
Large Silver Medal.

J. M. PELTON,
Nos. 841 and 843 Broadway, New-York,
First-class PIANOS, MELODEONS and HARMONIUMS, fully warranted, at the lowest prices. PIANOS and MELODEONS to let or sold on installments.

HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS, long known as the best Pianos made, PRATT'S MELODEONS. Good second-hand pianos very low. Pianos and Melodeons to let.

T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway,
Marble Building corner Grand-st.

LIGHTE & BRADBURY'S, MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES—Constructed with all the improvements conducive to superiority of tone, touch and durability, and to any required style of furniture. An extensive assortment always on sale at their Warerooms and office, No. 421 Broome-st.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, New-York, have always received the first premium where and whenever in competition with the best makers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every piano warranted for three years.

RAVEN, BACON & CO.—(SUCCESSORS TO Bacon & Raven,) piano forte manufacturers, warerooms No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusive of our own manufacture, warranted in every respect.

HAZLETON BROS., PIANO-FORTE MANufacturers, No. 99 Prince-st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full toned Pianos, at the lowest rates. Warranted to give satisfaction; guaranteed for three years.

BANJO TAUGHT! BANJO TAUGHT! BANJO TAUGHT!—At the pupils residence, by the quarter, course, or single lesson. Young gentlemen desirous of learning this popular instrument, will find it to their advantage to take lessons from me, as I am the only perfect teacher now in America, and most reasonable. Address G. CLIFTON, Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

T. H. CHAMBERS, (FORMERLY DUBOIS & Stodart and Dubois, Bacon & Chambers, Piano Manufacturer, Bible House, corner of 8th-st. and 4th-av., opposite the Cooper Institute.

A. H. GALE & CO., PIANO-FORTES, NO. 107 East 12th-st., invite attention to their new Scale Pianos. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

CHURCH ORGANIST.—ONE OF MUCH EXperience, with City references, wishes a situation; salary, $100. Address J. L., No. 70 Monroe st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—JAMES A. BOORMAN against FREDERIC W. RHINELANDER and EDWIN A. POST—Summons for money demand on contract.—To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was Feb. 7, 1860, filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City, County and State of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 34 Pine-street, in said City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of four thousand and five hundred dollars, ($4,500,) with interest from the fourth (4th) day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, besides the cost of this action.—Dated New-York, Feb. 7, 1860.

JOHN L. SOUTHERLAND, Plff's Atty.

f10-law12wS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against FRANCIS P. CUNIFFE, late of the City of New-York, Merchant, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 46 Warren street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of July next. Dated New-York, the 30th day of December, 1859.

JAMES McMILLAN, Executor.

law6mS*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MOSES P. CLARK, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the store of Messrs. Draper, Clark & Co., No. 22 Park-place, in the City of New-York, on or before the twentieth day of March next.—Dated, New-York, Sept. 16, 1859.

ARETHUSA E. CLARK, Executrix, &c.
ELIJAH F. CLARK, Executor, &c.

s17-law6mS*

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE PARTNERSHIP EXISTING BETWEEN PETER GIEGEN and AUGUST COHRS, is this day dissolved by mutal consent. Said PETER GIEGEN is to receive all dues and pay all the debts of said house, No 135 Water-st., cor. of Pine New-York.

PETER GIEGEN,
AUGUST COHRS.

TYPE FOR SALE.—THE TYPE, IMPOSING-stones, cases, &c., recently used in the printing of a weekly publication, will be sold cheap. Apply at No. 119 Nassau-st., Room No. 14, between 11 and 12 o'clock.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Movement for the Repression of the Slave-Trade.

The Wyandotte Constitution before the House.

Mr. Ferry, of Connecticut, Expounds the Republican Platform.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 10.

The following interesting correspondence is the same alluded to in my dispatch a few evenings since. The letter of Secretary Cass will be read with pleasure by our citizens of foreign birth.

FROM SENATOR PUGH, OF OHIO, TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23, 1860.

Hon. Lewis Cass, Secretary of State:

SIR: Mr. JOHN DETLEFS, Auditor of Ottawa County, Ohio, wishes to obtain a passport, and, at the same time, to be advised whether he can safely visit his aged mother in the Duchy of Holstein. He is a native of that country, but came to the United States before he had attained the age of twenty years, and, as you will discover by his certificate herewith enclosed, was regularly naturalized in the Court of Common Pleas for Ottawa County, Ohio, on the 10th of May, 1853.

Although not subject to military service, at the date of his emigration, Mr. DETLEFS has been pronounced a deserter (in his absence) by the Danish authorities; and is apprehensive that he may be arrested, fined, and imprisoned, or compelled to serve as a soldier, in case he should return to his native land.

An answer will much oblige

Yours respectfully, G. E. PUGH.

REPLY OF SECRETARY CASS.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, Feb. 1, 1860.

Hon. Geo. E. Pugh:

SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, and I inclose for your information an extract of a letter to the Minister of the United States in Berlin, dated July 25, 1859, which explains the views of this Government concerning the rights of American citizens abroad, and from which it will not depart. It is proper to remark that Mr. ERNST, upon the representation of our Minister, Mr. WRIGHT, was discharged from the service of the Hanoverian Government. You will perceive that, agreeably to the principles laid down in this dispatch to Mr. WRIGHT, Mr. DETLEFS owes no military service in Denmark, as he left there before he had been called into the Army or Navy, and therefore could not be rightfully considered a deserter. We deny that contingent obligations, depending on time or other circumstances for their fulfillment, create any liability on the part of an American naturalized citizen, to which he can be subjected when returning to the country of his birth. A case involving these principles recently occurred in Denmark. Mr. SMIDT, a native of that country, but an American naturalized citizen, was forced into the Danish military service in September last. Our Minister at Copenhagen, Mr. BUCHANAN, immediately remonstrated against this violation of the rights of our countrymen, and reported his proceedings to this Department for its consideration. His course was approved, and he was informed that "the President has taken much interest in this case, involving, as it does, the claim of a foreign Government to interfere with the personal security and liberty of so many of our citizens whose interests may require them to return, for temporary purposes, to the respective countries of which they were once inhabitants."

The Minister of Foreign Affairs of Denmark informed Mr. BUCHANAN, in answer to his application, that the Government was upon the point of taking the necessary measures for the discharge of Mr. SMIDT "as a special and exceptional measure," when it was ascertained that he had already been released from the service in consequence of his place having been supplied by a substitute.

As soon as the necessary descriptive list is received, a passport for Mr. DETLEFS will be made out and forwarded to you.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

LEWIS CASS.

The Standing Committees of the House, as arranged by Mr. Speaker PENNINGTON, are pronounced able even by those who feel disappointed in not receiving positions of prominence on them. At the head of the Committee on Claims is placed Mr. TAPPAN, of New-Hampshire, one of the ablest lawyers, as well as one of the most laborious men in Congress. With an efficient Committee to back him, private citizens who are, and have been for years, the creditors of the Government, may now hope to have their claims examined and disposed of. A movement is on foot to abolish the Court of Claims.

After a protracted scramble over the resolution allowing Clerks to certain Committees, the House went into Committee of the Whole for the first time, and Mr. FERRY of Connecticut opened the Slavery ball in an able speech, which was briefly responded to by Mr. REAGAN of Texas. Mr. ANDERSON has the floor for a set speech on the general questions involved in the President's Message.

Many Senators were on the floor to-day—the Senate not being in session—operating in favor of the amendments to the Post-office bill, which the House Committee on Ways and Means will report back to-morrow, with the Senate amendment on the franking privilege stricken out and disagreed to. A general discussion on abolishing the franking privilege will follow.

Most of the Committees have gone to work in earnest to dispose of the accumulated business. Among those whose integrity and legal ability have been complimented, by being placed on the Committee on Claims, is Hon. ALFRED ELY, of New-York. This is one of the most laborious and responsible of the Standing Committees, and is composed generally of the ablest lawyers and the best men in Congress.

The new officers have all been regularly installed, from pages up. The usual excitement no longer continues, and the galleries are nearly deserted.

Mr. MCLANE and Señor OCAMPO are expected to-morrow.

Count EDWARD HERRMANN JUROWITZ RALLETTY was arrested here to-day as an impostor, and lodged in jail.

Q.

From the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 10.

The receipts in December were, from Customs nearly $11,000,000; Treasury notes under act of December, 1857, $4,000,000; the aggregate being, with receipts from other sources, $15,500,000. The expenditures were over $16,000,000.

The aggregate amount reported by the Commissioners for expenses incurred in the Indian War in Oregon and Washington Territories is over $6,000,000, but the Third Auditor of the Treasury has reduced it to $2,750,000, on the basis of instructions adopted by the last House of Representatives.

It is the intention of Mr. GROW to introduce a bill establishing Territorial Government in Dakotah and one in the western portion of Kansas.

Mr. FLORENCE to-day gave notice that he will introduce a French spoliation bill, and a bill to equalize the Army, Navy and Marine pensions.

The War Department has ordered the re-advertisement of proposals for the transportation of Army supplies on the routes to and throughout New-Mexico. Sixty days' notice is given, which must receive general competition, as many parties in the West possess large means of transportation.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 10.

Mr. REAGAN, of Texas, (Dem.,) was appointed a member of the Committee on Indian Affairs, in place of Mr. FARNSWORTH, excused.

Mr. THOMAS, of Tennessee, (Dem.,) was appointed a member of the Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, in place of Mr. REAGAN, excused.

Mr. HINDMAN, of Arkansas, (Dem.,) was appointed a member of the Committee on Private Land Claims, in place of Mr. HAMILTON, excused.

Mr. MORSE, of Maine, (Rep.,) offered a resolution, which lies over, calling on the President to communicate copies of all communications which have been received from the British Government and other officers, on the subject of the African Slave-trade, since January, 1858, and copies of all the correspondence between the British and the United States Governments on the subject of the Slave-trade.

On motion of Mr. MORSE, the Committee on Commerce were directed to inquire into the expediency of prohibiting by law all American vessels engaging in the Coolie trade, or for transporting apprentices to the West Indies or other parts of the world.

The Speaker laid before the House a copy of the State Constitution recently adopted at Wyandotte, as preliminary to the admission of Kansas into the Union.

Mr. MORSE introduced a resolution that the several standing Committees who were authorized to employ clerks at the last session of Congress, be now authorized to do so, with the addition of the Committees on Accounts and Territories.

The resolution was resisted on the Democratic side.

Mr. HOUSTON, of Alabama (Dem.,) said there was no present necessity for clerks. He moved to table the resolution. Negatived.

Mr. BURNETT, of Kentucky (Dem.,) said they would be of no use except as private secretaries to the Chairmen.

Mr. MAYNARD, of Tennessee (American) said the Committees were thus to be provided for. Last session complaints were made that clerks were appointed when there was nothing to do.

The Democrats continued to oppose the resolution by dilatory motions, without disposing of it.

The House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Mr. WASHBURN, of Illinois (Rep.,) in the Chair.

Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio (Rep.,) offered a series of resolutions referring the various branches of the President's Annual Message to the appropriate Standing Committees, and the Pacific Railroad question to a select Committee of fifteen.

Mr. FERRY, of Connecticut, (Rep.,) said he was unconscious of being actuated in his public acts by the interests of any one section beyond those of any others. He had sought always to advocate such measures as in his judgment were calculated to promote the welfare of the entire country, acting for the future as well as the present; not only for the twenty-five millions of the present generation, but the forty millions of the next; not only for the thirty-four States of to-day, but the fifty sovereignties of the next generation. In other words, he had aimed not to be a politician, but a statesman. From such motives he had made his choice between the great political organizations of the country. His only antagonists were the advocates of schemes which he believed injurious to the whole country. He had no controversy with the people of the South, and was heartily tired of the sectional watch-words which had resounded so long in this Hall. Hence he would not permit himself to be drawn into a dispute upon local and geographical distinctions. His controversy was with those who guide the Democratic Party, for there he found the source of all evils. It was that party which talked treasonable sentiments, and which had led this Government into a well nigh universal betrayal of the common rights of humanity. There was once a Democratic Party of a far different character, and which spoke with a widely different utterance; from whose platform all mention of the inalienable rights of man was not erased, and in whose ears freedom did not have a hateful sound. But that party was no more. He spoke not of it. It was the living issues of the present that he chose to meet. For the first eight weeks of this session the Democratic Party in this House had occupied its time almost uninterruptedly in the discussion of the Slavery question. The President devoted a large portion of his Message to the same topic. The Vice-President had addressed the country upon the same subject from the legislative halls of his own State; the Democratic Senator from Ohio had introduced it in the Senate, and the vexed question had been opened anew by other leading Democrats. The consequence had been a widespread agitation throughout the country, disturbing its business and endangering the good order of society. The discussions in this House had contribted a large share towards this agitation, nor was the manner in which that discussion had been conducted by gentlemen on the other side calculated to soothe. With a few honorable exceptions, they had suffered passion to usurp the place of reason, and abusive epithets the place of argument. He would not follow those examples. If he could not preserve the ordinary courtesies of life in debate he would hold his peace; but the Republican members would be negligent of their duty to the true and loyal men who sent them here, if they did not reply at a fitting time to some of the assaults which had been made upon them. In the discharge of that duty he proposed now to endeavor to state fairly what seem, to be the natural results of the doctrines avowed by the Democratic Party, to controvert those doctrines, and to set forth frankly his own views. The time had come when they should fully understand each other; and honorable gentlemen would agree with him that they ought no longer to deceive themselves with ambitious declarations, and platforms admitting of double constructions. He contended that the prevalent opinion of those who framed the Constitution, was that, politically and economically, Slavery should be regarded as an evil. To some extent it was a necessary evil in communities where it had long existed—but still an evil. It was justly considered a great moral wrong—a sin against God, and a crime against man, as well as against sound political doctrine. Such continued to be the general opinion of the country for more than a generation after the adoption of the Constitution. He would not weary the House with quotations, but the proofs of this were full and complete; yet the Democratic Party of to-day denounced these doctrines as false and fanatical. It held as an abstract proposition that property in man exists as a natural right, no more to be condemned in morals, or deprecated in policy, than the idea of property in cattle or merchandise; that the system of American liberty is based upon property in man; that property in man is not merely right where it exists as an involuntary inheritance, but right to be introduced in recently-established communities. That as a system it is expedient and productive of the greatest benefits in societies where, from favoring circumstances in soils and climate, it may be newly established. The Democratic Party, moreover, insisted that this property in man is, to use the phrase of the day, recognized and protected by the Constitution of the United States; that whenever the term "property" is used in that instrument it embraces slaves as fully as any other object of legitimate ownership, and that every conclusion of legal and logical consequence in the language of the Constitution, which may apply to merchandise of any description, is equally applicable to slave property. He knew there was a section of the Democratic Party, to which he would presently refer, which did not concur in all those views, but the influence of that section was comparatively small. The Executive department of Government, the Democratic members of the Federal Judiciary, and an overwhelming majority of Democratic members of Congress in both Houses, embraced the opinions he had named in the late discussions in this and in the other wing of the capitol. He had heard these doctrines set forth and received almost without question as part of the Democratic creed. Indeed, he might assume that but for the stern resistance of the Republican Party, these doctrines would be practically carried out in all their logical results by all the Departments of Government. What were those results in brief? In the first place, if those doctrines were correct there was no justification or apology for the laws of the United States against the African Slave-trade. If property in man, as in merchandise, exists as a natural right, if it is established by the Constitution, if that instrument applies to it all the guarantees which are universally applied to all objects of ownership, then human beings are property, an article of commerce, and the statute declaring the Slave-trade piracy is a tyrannical enactment, and its execution judicial murder. Again, it is the imperative duty of Congress to provide forthwith for the protection of property in slaves in the Territories of the United States. The emigrants to the Territories are very generally those who do not hold to that belief, and consequently slaveholders feel that their property is insecure when removed from the States. They say that the Constitution guarantees their property and rights, and if that be so, then to refuse a remedy for a violation of those rights is but a hollow mockery. And the same reasoning would apply against the capacity of the people of a territory to abolish Slavery, and every State which has emerged from the territorial condition since 1789, and in so doing has incorporated the Anti-Slavery clause into its Constitution, relying hitherto upon that clause as sufficient security against the institution, is to-day, according to these expositions of the Constitution as much a Slave State as South Carolina or Georgia. For where did the people of any State acquire power to abolish Slavery within their borders? Not from inherent right, not from any act of Congress, not from the Constitution of the United States. All these are vehemently denied. The gentleman from Texas, (REAGAN,) a few weeks ago, gave the only answer when he said the power was a revolutionary one against all constitution, all laws, all governmental authority. The whole Democratic territorial policy was thus to be reduced to a system not of order, but of disorder; not of regular law, but of chronic anarchy; not of peace and stability, but of revolution. Such were the fundamental principles of the Democratic Party, and such their legitimate results. He would meet them in their very beginning, for it was there he found the starting point of divergence; and he affirmed that property in man does not and cannot exist as a natural right. It filled him with mortification to be compelled, at this enlightened day and in this Christian Republic, to go back and demonstrate the primary truths of morality; but the necessity existed for it. The Democratic organization was fast becoming debauched and demoralized in regard to the whole matter. Its leaders were teaching that Slavery is right, and the masses all over the land were being gradually led by a course downward in morals and backward in civilization to adopt that teaching as true. If this doctrine should ever become the predominant feeling, then real freedom would speedily disappear from this Republic. He repeated that property in men could not exist as a natural right. No word of inspiration gave man dominion over his fellow man as it did over the fishes of the sea and the fowl of the air. He appealed to the just instincts of the human heart, and to the literature of every age and nation, which declared Slavery worse than death. Not a man in that Hall but would rather die than become a bondsman, and not a man but would sooner see the lid of the coffin closed over his child's face, than to see that child sold into Slavery. If long ages of bondage had produced isolated instances of those who preferred that state, the common sense of mankind would find in such phenomenon more conclusive proof of the brutalizing influence of the institution. The laws made for the security of that species of property furnished evidence against the system. It was impossible that any relation, right in itself, should require such utterly repugnant enactments for its maintenance in a civilized society. He found those laws constituting a remorseless, terrible system of machinery for changing a man into a brute. But one step was lacking: no Slave State had yet legalized murder. He found Judges declaring this fearful system absolutely necessary for the preservation of property in man, and that declaration proved that that property did not exist of right. But the Constitution was cited in support of the institution, and to natural right was said to be superadded the guarantee of positive law. He might reply that the best expounders of constitutional law had agreed with great unanimity that the Constitution does not become part of territorial law until made so by act of Congress; but that line of argument was unnecessary. His answer to the assumption was that the Constitution of the United States nowhere recognizes any right of property in man, and nowhere creates such right. The Constitution purposely, carefully, guardedly, ignores the very existence of Slavery. It speaks of persons, not chattels; the rendition clause proposes to restore, not merchandise to its owner, but the debtor to his creditor; and representation is based upon persons, not property. All that the Constitution does in reference to this species of property is to let it alone. The protection it enjoys is the protection of State sovereignty, not of the Federal Constitution; the protection of the person is not delegated to Congress. The Constitution nowhere designates or defines property; but whatever the local authority treats as property, just so far it is treated as property by the United States. If ever an instrument of government breathed the very spirit of Freedom, it was the Constitution of the United States. Mr. FERRY here recounted the objects for which the Constitution was established, contending that not a word in it could be construed to imply any restriction or disability of race or lineage; and those who sought such distinctions were compelled to resort to indirect and outside interpretations. Every page of the Constitution was radiant with the light of universal liberty, and he who would find either pretext or excuse for bondage must turn his back upon that light and grope his way through the shadows of doubtful construction. He urged that the battles of the Revolution were fought for the principles of universal equality and political right, and the indefeasible right of all men to liberty. Other wars had been struggles for conquest without thought of the masses; but our ancestors justified their taking up arms upon the rights of all men to liberty and universal equality. It had been said that the language of the solemn declaration of our ancestors referred only to the white race. But, in hundreds of instances, Slavery was spoken of by the fathers of the Republic as antagonistic to the principles of the declaration, which were intended to be universal in their application, or were indeed a tissue of glittering generalities. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, the philosopher, and ROGER SHERMAN, of Connecticut, signed that declaration, and he did not believe either of those grave men put his name to what he regarded as an unmeaning formula. In all countries the masses must be those who labor with their hands. The theory of Kings has been as the theory of the Democratic Party now is, that for those masses servitude is the normal, fitting and safe condition. The theory of the Republicans of 1776 was, and the theory of the Republicans of 1860 now is, that for those masses liberty is right, and safest and best. He appreciated the difficulty that surrounds that theory in a society where Slavery has existed for centuries, and he rejoiced that no political duty demanded of him a solution of those difficulties; but that a practical application of those principles ought to be made whenever and wherever a new community was to be established he could not doubt; and both the history and the language of the Constitution proved that such was the opinion of the founders of this Government. He referred to the declarations of JEFFERSON, MADISON, GEORGE MASON, and other eminent Southern statesmen at the period of the formation of the Constitution, to show that their opinions were averse from the institution of Slavery, and especially from its extension, and also to the opinions expressed at a later period by MARSHALL, GOV. MCDOWELL, of Virginia, and others to the same effect. In the opinion of these upright Southern patriots and statesmen, Slavery was the fruitful parent of ignorance, poverty and vice, and destructive of all true popular liberty, freedom of speech and of political action, and especially hurtful to the laboring classes of freemen. It was no reply to say these opinions were formed while the slave trade was in operation, for that infamous traffic had ceased in 1832, when occurred the memorable debate in the Virginia Legislature. He had no particular apprehension as to the safety of the Union, but he was sensible of its manifold advantages, and condemned everything having a tendency to weaken it, and nothing in his opinion had a greater tendency in that direction than the schemes for the extension of Slavery. He quoted from a speech of Gov. MCDOWELL, of Virginia, in the Virginia House of Delegates in 1832, in which Gov. MCDOWELL declared that Slavery was marring the prosperity of the country by sowing broadcast the seeds of unkindness and suspicion, by fostering sectional animosities and struggles for sectional power, and predicted that Slavery would endanger the national Union, being the repulsive element between the members of our Republic tending to excite political distrust, alienation and hostility. That statesman foresaw that if disunion was to be apprehended at all it was not because of opposition to Slavery, but because of Slavery itself. To give this cause force and prominence by expanding and strengthening the institution was to act the part of the madman who applies the torch to his own dwelling. It had been said that those who strive for the expansion of Slavery were seeking colonization and empire in a direction not inconsistent with the rights of any freeman of the North. But that expansion was sought under the flag and Government of the Union. Northern men would carry with them into new States no system to which any man North or South objected; but slaveholders proposed to carry a system which the North believed hateful in the sight of God and unjust to man, and under the protection of the Government for which the North is responsible. They were acting not for the present only, but for the future, and their children were to be called on thereafter to quench in blood the aspirations of freedom sure to rise, sooner or later, in the hearts of the slave, and to betray the fugitive from Sonora or Colorado. The slaves of the South already maintain twenty Representatives in Congress, and it was the business of the North, when they were asked to maintain more.

He would next consider that portion of the Democratic Party which stands without the pale of full communion, and supposed he might look to Judge DOUGLAS, of Illinois, as the exponent of their opinions. These opinions were to his mind more detestable in morals, and worse in logic than the doctrines he had already considered. The starting point of divergence between the Republican and Democratic parties was upon the question, "Is it right or wrong to establish Slavery?" The Democrats, in full communion, asserts the former, and reasons properly enough upon this theory, but with Senator DOUGLAS, right and wrong on this question is a matter of profound indifference. His faith is political atheism. Slavery is a curse or a blessing, just as you please. How it is to affect coming generations is a question for statesmen. But he returns to answer. He does not care how it is answered. For aught he knows or cares, Slavery is just as good as Freedom, and Freedom no better than Slavery. A position worse in morals, or more opposed to the first elements of statesmanship, he had never seen. It was the abandonment of all principle for the narrowest most shuffling expediency. It was a position exactly adapted to the wants of swindling politicians and lying demagogues, and proceeded from a source where unscrupulous ambition, unblushing inconsistencies and brazen assurance were the chief characteristics. This party was now seeking to evade responsibility, by shifting it from the Legislature to the Judiciary. Faithless to every thing save personal ambition, it had taught all parties that it cannot be trusted beyond the circle of its own interests. It was destined to be crushed out, as it ought to be, between parties which are thoroughly in earnest, and animated by convictions of right and duty. His own principles would forbid all interference with Slavery in the States where it exists, because that would be violative of the Constitution. The Abolitionists proper warred upon his party and upon the Constitution, for this very reason. He was not responsible for Slavery in the States, and hence it was not his duty to interfere with it. He was bound to respect local, as well as Federal rights, and condemned any attempt to interfere by stealth and induction to aid in the escape of slaves by the underground railroad or otherwise, as a violation of Constitutional obligations. There was nothing to compare with the manifold horrors of a servile insurrection, and for that reason he prayed God in his mercy and in his own good time and way, to remove the dangers from our land. But the man who in the possession of all his faculties goes into a Slave State to rescue bondmen, and persists in his purpose to the sacrifice of life, however just his motives, however lofty his courage, and however Christian-like his demeanor, is guilty of murder, and no one, not even the wife of his bosom or the child of his age, can demand that the stern sentence with which the law visits that crime should not be executed. He did not believe it necessary that Congress should exclude Slavery from the Territories by law. He held that Congress had the power, and the Supreme Court had made no decision to the contrary, and the time might come for its exercise. At present, however, he would only insist on the right of Congress to supervise the legislation of the Territories, and annul any laws recognizing the institution of Slavery. He would elect a conservative Executive and judicial officers; would enact a Homestead bill inviting free men to settle the public domain; would pledge the revenues of Government for the purchase of a remote territory for the colonization of free negroes; and then he would risk Slavery-expansion.

Mr. REAGAN explained his views, denying the legal authority, either on the part of Congress or the people of a Territory, to deprive a man of his slave property therein. When, however, the people of a Territory come to form a Constitution, they may, by the exercise of a revolutionary right, destroy Slavery, but in no other way.

The Committee rose.

A memorial from Mr. BLAIR, of Missouri, contesting Mr. BARRETT's seat, was presented, and referred to the Committee on Elections. Adjourned.

Sympathy with the Cause of Italy.

CALL FOR A PUBLIC MEETING.

In view of the hopeful condition of Italian affairs, the unanimous devotion of the people of Italy to the cause of Italian independence, and the spirit of moderation, patience, self-sacrifice and self-control which has marked their counsels and efforts for this end, the undersigned, believing that the timely expression of sympathy from the people of the United States with the people of Italy, in their struggles and hopes for Freedom, would strengthen and animate Italian patriots and other Europeans who sympathize with their cause, do hereby respectfully invite their fellow-citizens to convene, for the purpose of such an expression, at the City Assembly Rooms, No. 448 Broadway, on Feb. 17th instant, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

W. H. APPLETON, W. F. HAVEMEYER,
H. W. BEECHER, FRANCIS L. HAWKS,
AUGUST BELMONT, HIRAM KETCHUM,
GEORGE W. BLUNT, CHARLES KING,
W. C. BRYANT, ROBERT B. MINTURN,
CHARLES BUTLER, SAMUEL F. B. MORSE,
W. ALLEN BUTLER, WILLIAM B. OGDEN,
JOHN A. DIX, SAMUEL OSGOOD,
THEODORE DWIGHT, GEORGE POTTS,
DAVID D. FIELD, WINFIELD SCOTT,
ISAAC FERRIS, WATTS SHERMAN,
HAMILTON FISH, H. B. SMITH,
GEORGE H. FOLSOM, JAMES F. SOUTTER,
JOHN W. FRANCIS, JOS. P. THOMPSON,
MOSES H. GRINNELL, H. T. TUCKERMAN.

The Royal Asiatic Society has sent a number of valuable Chinese publications to this country, which have excited much attention. The works were printed at Shanghai, in the office of the North China *Herald*, and number one of the series is the first publication *ever* issued in the North of China, and besides being a curiosity in its way, contains articles of great research, and of particular interest to Oriental scholars. Prof. Agassiz, Prof. Jewett, (for Public Library,) Dr. Dana, (Academy of Arts and Sciences,) various Salem institutions, Harvard College, and numerous individuals interested in such matters, have purchased copies, finding them works of rare value.

[Advertisement.]

Mr. Schaus' Gallery.

Mr. JAS. W. HART's beautiful picture of "Placid Lake" may be seen for a short time at SCHAUS' Gallery, in Broadway. At the same place BERANGER's charming little picture, representing "BEATRICE CENCI in prison," attracts much attention.

[Advertisement.]

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

WOLFE'S COGNAC BRANDY.
WOLFE'S PURE PORT WINE.
WOLFE'S PURE MADEIRA WINE.
WOLFE'S PURE SHERRY WINE.
WOLFE'S PURE SCOTCH WHISKY.
WOLFE'S PURE IRISH WHISKY.
WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.

The subscriber begs leave to inform country merchants that he is now importing and bottling the above named articles, all of which are warranted pure and the best quality. A list of prices can be had at the office. UDOLPHO WOLFE, No. 22 Beaver-st.

[Advertisement.]

LONDON CLUB SAUCE.—This unrivaled Sauce, manufactured by PARKER BROTHERS, London, can be obtained of their agent in this City, A. J. PARKER, at No. 15 Beekman-street. This article is superior to the Worcestershire Sauce, and can be obtained at one-half the price.

[Advertisement.]

BALL UP—SKATING AT THE CENTRAL PARK.—Skates to suit everybody. Books on the Art. Skating Lanterns, Shinny-Sticks, Skate-Bags, Straps, &c., at the Central Park Skate Emporium.

CONOVER & WALKER, No. 298 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Pains in the back or limbs, stiff neck, rheumatism, rheumatic gout, neuralgia, and sore throat, are cured by rubbing in this great antidote to diseases of the muscles and nerves. Sold at 80 Maiden-lane, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Millions of bottles are now used every year in the United States for children teething, with never-failing success. Relief is immediate and certain. Only 25 cents a bottle.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—FEB. 10.

$10,000 Tenn. 6s, '90.s10	88	100 Har. R., Pref. b30	34
10,000 do	88	700 Reading R. b60	39¼
10,000 do b60	88¼	100 do b60	39⅛
1,000 Virginia St. 6s	92¾	1100 do	39
5,000 do	92⅝	15 Cleve. & Tol. R.	19½
2,000 Missouri St. 6s	81	100 do	19¾
19,000 do s10	80¾	50 Norwich & Wor. R.	37
10,000 do b10	80⅞	50 Mich.S.&N.Ia G.S.	15⅛
10,000 do	80¾	100 do b15	15⅛
4,000 N. C. State 6s	95	100 do b30	15½
3,500 Cal. State 7s	86½	200 do b15	15¼
7,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s	92	100 do	15⅛
1,000 N.Y.Cen. Bs.'76	100½	100 do s30	15
2,000 Erie R.4th M.Bs.	49½	300 do	15
1,000 Hud.Riv.R.1 M.	102½	50 do b30	15
3,000 Hud.Riv.R.3d M.	81	5 Panama Railroad	132¼
1,000 Mich.So.S.F.Bs	56	77 do	132
1,000 Mich.So.2d M.Bs.	34	150 do b60	132
20 Hanover Bank	88	100 Ill. Cent. R. s60	56
10 Park Bank	106¼	100 do	56¼
15 Metropolitan Bk	107½	750 Galena & Chicago R	57¾
8 Am. Ex. Bank	97½	500 do s60	57½
35 Pacific M. S. Co	79½	100 do b30	57⅞
6 Del. & H. Canal Co	93½	50 do b60	58
50 Canton Co b60	17	160 Chi. & Rock I. R.	62¾
25 N. Y. Cent. R. opg	70⅞	175 do	62⅞
500 do b60	71	300 do b30	63
42 do opg	71	50 do b60	63
50 do b45	71	100 do s10	62⅞
50 do opg	70⅞		

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000 U. S. 5s, '65	99½	250 N. Y. Cen. R.	71¼
12,000 Missouri St. 6s	80⅞	250 do b30	71¼
2,000 Cal. Large Bs.7s	85	100 do s30	71¼
8,000 Brook.C.W. L'n	101	50 do b3	71¼
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s	92	23 Erie Railroad	9
3,000 Mich.So.S.F.Bs	55¾	100 Reading Railroad	39
1,000 do	56	100 Mich. So. & N. I. R.	5⅜
2,000 M.C.R. 8 ℘ ct. 1st		50 M.S.&N.I.G.S. s60	14½
M.S.F.Cvt. Bs.	95½	100 Galena & Chi. R.	57⅞
150 Canton Co b60	17	50 do b30	58
50 Pacific Mail S. Co	79¾	100 Cleve. & Tol. R.	19¾
80 do	80	200 Chic. & R. Isl. R.	63

FRIDAY, Feb. 10—P. M.

A further improvement in prices was had on the Stock Exchange to-day, and the general market ruled firm. Among the Railway Shares, New-York Central felt the influence of the proceedings in the State Assembly, yesterday, on the Pro Rating measure. The preliminary action of that body, without reflecting anything like a final decision, is regarded as manifesting a fairer spirit of discussion and investigation than was looked for from the earlier proceedings of the friends of the bill. And the belief is very prevalent in this quarter of the State that the whole scheme of oppression on the Railways will fall to the ground whenever the facts involved are placed rightly before an unprejudiced majority of either House. The discussion yesterday, and vote on printing the evidence, strengthens this opinion. These certainly weakened the proposition, if it ever had any real strength, with the public at large, and already the popular dissatisfaction at this species of legislation is becoming unmistakable. The California arrival this forenoon, and the continued low range of the Foreign Exchanges, more than qualify the unexpected delay at Washington in passing the Post-office Deficiency bill; so that the gradual improvement of the Stock market meets no drawback from the want of present confidence in Money affairs. In State Stocks the demand continues good for Tennessees, Virginias and Missouris. The latter opened a fraction under the top rate of yesterday, closing 80⅞ against 81 ℘ cent. There was further inquiry for Brooklyn City Water sixes at 101, and for New-York Central sixes at 92 ℘ cent. In Railway Bonds the offerings were limited, and the bids generally steady. Michigan Southern Sinking Funds sold at 55¾@56 ℘ cent., while the shares of the Company, of both classes, were lower, the preference stock losing 1 ℘ cent. of the recent recovery, and closing $14 50. The 8 ℘ cents. of the Michigan Central rose to 95½ ℘ cent. The Railway shares, with the exception of Michigan Southern, sympathized with New-York Central. That stock opened at 70⅞, and sold up to 71¼ ℘ cent., making the whole rise since yesterday forenoon ⅜@½ ℘ cent. This decided rise brought forward fewer sellers than are sometimes found on the turn of ¼@½ ℘ cent. in the opposite direction, and the whole registered business is only 1,300 shares. After the Second Board, some business was done at 71⅛ ℘ cent. Rock Island rose to 63 ℘ cent. sales, and after the printed list the quotation stood 63⅛@¼ ℘ cent. The demand for Reading continues at 39@38⅞ ℘ cent., and Galena shows more steadiness at 57⅞@58 ℘ cent. The shares of the Illinois Central seem almost stationary at 56@56¼, while the Construction Bonds are firm at 88¾@89 ℘ cent. There is not much done in Delaware and Hudson or Pennsylvania Coal. The last named Company declare their usual half-yearly Dividend of 3½ ℘ cent. Both the Panama and Pacific shares were firm this afternoon; the advices by the *Atlantic*, as far as known, being deemed satisfactory. For Panama, 132½ ℘ cent. buyer 60 days, was bid at the close. The general quotations at the close were marked firm by the Brokers.

There is fair employment for Money on temporary Loan at 6 ℘ cent., while Discounts, outside of Bank, are less active at 7 ℘ cent. The demand for Exchange for Saturday's steamer was of a moderate trade nature, on London at 108⅞ ℘ cent., and where large sums could be placed at 108⅞, that figure was accepted. On Paris, the rates are unsettled, ranging all the way from f.5.21¼ to f.5.18¾ to the dollar. The Gold delivered by the *Atlantic* amounts to $1,476,626, (as against $1,319,924 the corresponding steamer last season,) and a good part of the Bar Gold was taken up by the Bullion Brokers to await an export demand later in the season. This calculation is formed by the fact that Sight Exchange on London, by the recent alteration in the Bank of England interest, is relatively better than 60 day Bills. The Customs paid in cash to-day, are $205,000, and the further sum of $200,000 was paid in for account of the recent Loan; other receipts into the Sub-Treasury, $197,000; disbursements, $392,000; balance this afternoon, $9,468,956.

The following is a summary of the market advices from San Francisco, to Jan. 20, received by the California steamer to-day:

"Since closing our statements of stocks on hand at the end of the year, importations have been on a scale that increases present supplies. But with an ordinary demand the tonnage to reach us in the next ninety days will not bring any greater quantity of staple goods than the current requirement will work off, and a confidence is entertained that an improving market will result. Shippers should not lose sight of the fact, however, that we are already supplied with a superabundance of nearly all goods, nor assume that a moderate advance upon present prices will warrant further shipments until old stocks shall be reduced in due course.

The money market has been rather quiet during the fortnight, with a tendency to greater ease for parties seeking accommodation. Receipts of dust from the country are fair for the season, and the indebtedness of the interior is met with commendable punctuality. The demand for money is assuming more of a casual character, and there is not that urgency for loans that was witnessed when importations of foreign staples were coming to hand so freely. For to-morrow's engagements the inquiry as yet shows no indications of being more than ordinarily active. Approved collateral and prime paper command funds at 2 ℘ cent., and single names and less choice indorsement are done at 2½. Upon real estate money is readily had at 1@1½ ℘ cent., and the demand continues rather slack.

Bars are current to-day at 880 par for such lots as are offered in the street. Banker's rates will not be fixed until to-morrow, and will likely not vary much from that figure. Banker's Sight Exchange on New-York rules at 2½ premium, but something better can probably be done for a large sum. Private bills for large amounts can be had at 2 ℘ cent. Rates of freight on Treasure by the Pacific steamers are 3½ ℘ cent., and the Vanderbilt boat will take down a small amount at something less.

Mexican Dollars have been slow at 10½ premium, Gold bars being preferred for remittance to Hong Kong. The *Early Bird* sailed last week with $173,741 treasure, of which the greater portion was in gold and silver bars. The bulk of the Mexican Dollars are now held at 11 ℘ cent."

The following is the treasure list of the *Atlantic*:

Order	$5,500	J. Hecht, Bros. & Co.	$3,500
Thos. J. Hand & Co.	2,500	August Belmont&Co	160,000
Renard & Co.	9,100	Wm. Meyer	3,320
J. B. Weir	8,386	Jacob Cohen & Co	2,500
Wm. Heller & Co.	13,000	Metropolitan Bank	15,000
H. Unger & Co.	5,100	Ballin & Sanders	31,000
Wm. Parsons	9,865	Ross, Falconer & Co.	6,795
Colvin C. Baker	6,435	A. A. Low & Bros	6,249
Order	2,500	A. S. Rosenbaum&Co	20,000
J. G. Parker & Son	9,000	Eugene Kelly & Co.	60,000
Order	12,000	Jas. Patrick & Co	37,000
J. H. Coghill	14,000	Conroy & O'Connor	10,000
F. Nickerson & Co	7,694	Jennings & Brewster	13,000
J. Strauss, Bros.&Co.	61,000	Amer. Exch. Bank	50,000
J. Heller & Brothers	9,000	P. Naylor	8,000
J. Goldsmith & Co	9,000	Roberts, Morris'n&Co	15,000
Wm. T. Coleman&Co	35,200	Eugene Kelly & Co.	20,000
Scholle Brothers	24,500	Ta[illegible] McCahill & Co	60,043
A. Rich & Brothers	6,800	H[illegible] & Co.	3,000
R.Meader&O.Adams	7,000	Chas. W. Crosby	16,000
Crocker & Warren	14,036	Richard Patrick	24,000
J. B. Newton & Co	4,960	Duncan, Sher'n & Co.	177,602
John Durand & Co	14,239	Wm. Hoge & Co	32,500
Order	4,000	Wm. Hoge & Co	10,000
D. Hamburger	3,850	Amer. Exch. Bank	35,000
Wellington & Abbott	3,500	Amer. Exch. Bank	51,000
J. Stanwood	6,500	Neustadter Bros	18,750
Wm. Seligman & Co.	50,000	Freeman & Co	13,300
Stephen Tilton & Co.	1,896	Wells, Fargo & Co	172,000
Kirby, Byrne & Co	6,000	Wells, Fargo & Co	34,500
Total			$1,476,625

The outside Stock-jobbers of the Ante-Room, who consider themselves badly treated by the regular Exchange Board in shutting off certain facilities for obtaining early quotations through the main entry, have followed up their memorial to the Legislature, with the following draught of a Bill to open the Stock Exchange to the public. We publish it as part of the Street news of the day, without intending to be made a party to the controversy in its present form, and certainly without encouraging the belief that Albany legislation is to be looked to as the best or only source of reforming the practice of the Stock Exchange, any more than the proper authority to regulate Railway competition. As touching the single proposal for opening the dealings of the Exchange to the whole public—as on the Corn Exchange with the reservation of a commission to the brokers on the business transacted—we believe there is a large and highly respectable party in the regular Board already in favor of giving the reform a fair and early trial.

An act to prevent fictitious and fraudulent sales of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities at the New-York Stock Exchange Brokers' Board, and for other purposes.

The people of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The business of buying and selling of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities at the New-York Stock Exchange Brokers' Board shall be in a public manner, and that any person shall be at liberty to attend said Board—and that no member of the same shall buy or sell any Stocks, Bonds or other securities for any other member of the Board, when said member is present. And all contracts for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds or other securities, shall be void unless the purchase and sale shall have been made in a public manner as aforesaid.

SEC. 2. The Board of Brokers shall keep a daily record of all sales of Stocks, Bonds and other securities, and shall, on the second Tuesday of each month, make a statement, verified on oath of the President or Secretary of such Board of Brokers, showing the correct amount of sales for the previous month, and file the same at the office of the State Treasurer. And the President, Secretary or Treasurer shall pay into the State Treasury for State purposes, at the time aforesaid, one-fourth of a mill on each dollar of par value of such Stocks, Bonds and other securities sold.

SEC. 3. If any officer or member of the New-York Stock Exchange Brokers' Board shall violate any of the provisions of this act, they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined and imprisoned as the Court may direct.

SEC. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act, are hereby modified and repealed, and this act shall take effect in thirty days from its passage.

The traffic of the Harlem Railroad in January was $97,016 against $90,858 same month last season.

The following has been sent to us by the New-York representative of the Pennsylvania Central Road:

CORRECTION.—The agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company requests us to state that the report contained in the telegraphic dispatch from Albany, to the effect that agents of that Company were in Albany, advocating the passage of the *pro rata* law, is without foundation. There are no such persons connected with, or employed by, the Pennsylvania Railroad, as Messrs. HART, ROBINSON and JOHNSON; nor has that Company, directly or indirectly, attempted to influence members of the New-York Legislature on that or any other subject.

The following is a comparative statement of the imports of foreign Dry Goods at New-York for the week and since Jan. 1:

For the Week.	1858.	1859.	1860.
Entered at the port	$1,439,218	$3,414,073	$2,314,692
Thrown on Market	1,752,751	3,533,295	2,599,637
Since Jan. 1.			
Entered at the port	$5,916,990	$17,700,829	$17,648,024
Thrown on Market	7,415,740	18,314,578	18,137,736

The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT. Pkgs.	Value.	WAREHOUSED. Pkgs.	Value.	WITHDRAWN. Pkgs.	Value.
Mf. of Wool	1,497	$729,769	168	$38,907	330	$93,147
Mf. of Cotton	1,343	554,255	111	22,802	784	176,959
Mf. of Silk	880	648,222	133	35,189	130	67,430
Mf. of Flax	473	167,601	27	8,950	188	41,681
Miscellan's	1,625	86,633	1,218	22,384	1,077	33,940
Total	5,818	$2,186,480	1,657	$128,212	2,509	$413,157
		128,212				2,186,480

Total Entered...$2,314,692 Total Marketed..$2,597,637

Commerce of Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Feb. 10.

Exports of the week	$95,597
Dec., as compared with same week last year	25,745
Imports of the week	154,879
Increase over same week last year	14,608

Sales of Real Estate—Feb. 9.

BY ADRIAN H. MULLER.

1 lot S. S. 57th-st., 108 ft. 8½ in. W. av. A. 25x100.5	$1,4[illegible]
1 lot S. S. 57th-st., adjoining, 25 by about 126ft. 6in.	1,4[illegible]
1 lot S. S. 57th-st., adjoining, 25 by about 124ft. 9in.	1,415
1 lot S. S. 57th-st., adjoining, 25 by about 123ft.	1,415
4 lots N.S. 58th-st., 108ft. 5½in. W. av. A. 25x100.4 ea	905
1 lot N.S. 58th-st., adjoining, 25x100.4	905
1 lot N.S. 58th-st., adjoining, 25x100.4	1,000
4 lots N.S. 58th-st., adjoining, 25x100.4 each	920
4 lots N.S. 58th-st., adjoining, 25x100.4 each	1,0[illegible]
1 gore S. S. 59th-st., 47ft. 7in. front	[illegible]
1 lot S.S. 59th-st, adjoining 25x100.4	900
1 lot S.S. 59th-st., adjoining, 25x100.4	[illegible]
1 lot S.S. 59th-st., adjoining, 25x100.4	[illegible]
3 lots S.S. 59th-st., adjoining, 25x100.4 each	[illegible]
1 lot N.S. 59th-st., 203ft.5½in., W. av. A. 25 b. abt. 160	1,2[illegible]
1 lot N S. 59th-st., adjoining, 25 by about 175	1,2[illegible]
1 lot N. S. 59th st., adjoining, 25 by about 165	1,2[illegible]
1 lot N. S. 59th-st., adjoining, 35ft. 3in. by abt. 156	1,[illegible]

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, Feb. 9.

COTTON—Sales to-day 9,000 bales, at easier but not quotably lower prices. SUGAR buoyant and advanced ⅛c. FLOUR closed with an advance of 25c. COFFEE closed firm; sales 17,500 bags at 11¼c.@11⅜c. MOLASSES, 40¾c.@41c. BARLEY, 95c. OATS, 60c. MESS PORK buoyant at $18 37½@$18 75. Freights and Exchange unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Thursday, Feb. 9.

COTTON unchanged. Sales, to-day, 1,525 bales; sales of the week, 8,500 bales; receipts of same time, 18,000 bales, against 12,000 in same time last year; increased receipts at this port 49,000 bales; do. at all ports, 492,340 bales; stock, 92,740 bales. Exchange on London irregular—quoted 108@108½; on New-York unchanged.

MOBILE, Thursday, Feb. 9.

COTTON quiet and easier, but quotations unchanged; sales to-day 3,500 bales Middling, at 10⅝c.@10¾c.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Feb. 10.

FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT dull at $1 30@$1 45. CORN dull, and declined 1c.; sales at 70c @72c. for Yellow, and 69c.@70c. for White. PROVISIONS quiet. WHISKY scarce and wanted, at an advance.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Feb. 10.

FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT steady at $1 34@$1 36 for red, and $1 40@$1 50 for white. CORN firm at 78c. PROVISIONS active. MESS PORK, $18 25@$18 50. WHISKY steady, at 22c.@25c.

CINCINNATI, Friday, Feb. 10.

MESS PORK quiet at $18. LARD firm. FLOUR quiet at $5 30@$5 35 for superfine. WHEAT dull, at $1 30 for white. CORN dull.

CITY POST-OFFICE.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas.........3 P. M.
North and West Way Mail.........5½ A. M.
Western Mail *via* Erie Railroad..5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail....5 A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Railroad....5½ A. M. and 2 P. M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat.........3 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, *via* St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.,) to Placerville, *via* Salt Lake City, leave St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland, *via* St. Joseph."

Departure of Ocean Mails.

The European mails for the *City of Baltimore* will close on Saturday, Feb. 11, at 10½ A. M.

The Havana mail for the *Cahawba* will close on Monday, Feb. 13, at 11½ A. M.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

Name.	Date.	Leaves	For
FOR EUROPE.			
City of Baltimore	Feb. 11	New-York	Liverpool.
North American	Feb. 11	Portland	Liverpool.
Asia	Feb. 15	New-York	Liverpool.
Bremen	Feb. 18	New-York	Bremen.
City of Washing'n	Feb. 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Canada	Feb. 22	Boston	Liverpool.
United Kingdom	Feb. 22	New-York	Glasgow.
Kangaroo	Feb. 25	New-York	Liverpool.
FROM EUROPE.			
Bremen	Jan. 7	Bremen	New-York
Ocean Queen	Jan. 17	Havre	New-York
Canada	Jan. 28	Liverpool	Boston.
United Kingdom	Jan. 28	Glasgow	New-York
Etna	Jan. 28	Liverpool	New-York
Saxonia	Feb 1	Hamburg	New-York
Arabia	Feb. 4	Liverpool	New-York
Prince Albert	Feb. 4	Galway	New-York
Arago	Feb. 7	Havre	New-York
Glasgow	Feb 8	Glasgow	New-York
Europa	Feb. 11	Liverpool	Boston.
Jura	Feb. 11	Liverpool	New-York.
Africa	Feb. 18	Liverpool	New-York
America	Feb. 25	Liverpool	Boston.
Australasian	Feb. 25	Liverpool	New-York
FOR THE WEST INDIES.			
Cahawba	Feb. 13	New-York	Havana.
Karnak	Mar. 3	New-York	Nas. & Ha.
FOR CALIFORNIA.			
Atlantic	Feb. 20	New-York	Aspinwall.
North Star	Feb. 20	New-York	Aspinwall.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Atlantic, from Aspinwall—Mr. George T. Knox and child R. A. Swain, wife. infant and servant; F. Hinckley, M. Frederick and wife, Capt. J. M. Hosmont, Dr. Paul Gueroit, J. Triplett Smith, Mrs. Melbourne, Mrs. Still and infant, Mrs. Harlowe, A. Berwin, M. Berwin, Loreyro, E. R. Falkner and wife, R. Pacheco, H. R. Kemp, O. Lawton, W. A. Verplank, J. W. Britton, S. Steinhart, Richard Watson, George Swain and wife, Capt. E. A. Chapel, J. Leopold, Judge Creanor, Mrs. Samuel Lathrop, Rutenberg, Miss E. M. Feeny, Mrs. Maria Wagner, J. V. Curry, Otey Bradford, Mrs. L. Covington and wife, J. McCulloch, J. Wagner, Mrs. Downs, Miss Downs Scott, John Ogden, wife and child, P. Smith, wife and 4 children; W. W. Upton, G. W. Woodruff, A. Benson, O. H. P. Craig, Samuel Longly, B. F. Cooper, B. L. Lount and wife, agent California menagerie; Mr. Overacker, wife and infant; T. W. White, R. W. Buckley, W. B. Van Dyck, Mrs. Garden and 2 children, R. S. Haven, J. M. Lee, Whitman, Osman Reed, Godine, Miss Watkins, Gould, messenger, and 285 in second cabin and steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 6 59 | Sun sets.... 5 30 | Moon sets.... 11 30

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.10 51 | Gov. Island.11 40 | Hell Gate.... 1 02

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Feb. 10.

Cleared.

Ships Realm, Dunn, New-Orleans, Robson & Fosdick; Uncle Toby, Soule, Antwerp, W. F. Schmidt; Victory, Carlton, Acapulco, H. G. Brookman & Co.

Brigs Ruth, Lloyd, Amsterdam, Kolf & Persuhn; Brooking, Roper, St. John N. F., Gillespie, Dean & Co.; Commonwealth, (Br.,) Hiltz, Antigua, D. R. De Wolff; Charlena, Means, Havana, H. S. Vining; C. B. Allen, Ray, Lack, F. Talbot & Co.

Schooners J. W. Holmes, Brewster, Apalachicola, W. H. Hazard; W. A. Griffin, Ruland, Grenada, J. W. Hubbard & Co.; Susan, Bearse, Boston, S. W. Lewis; Alice, Davis, Norfolk, ——; Senator, Wicks, Savannah, Sturges, Clearman & Co.; D. C. Hulse, Conklin, Charleston, J. Smith & Co.; R. Caldwell, Hudson, Charleston, McCready, Mott & Co.

Sloops Gleaner, Coleman, New-Haven, master; F. Brown, Carr, Providence, master.

Arrived.

Steamship Atlantic, Pearson, Aspinwall 7 ds., with treasure and passengers from California, and dates to 20th ult., consigned to North Atlantic Steamship Co.

Steamship Mount Vernon, Smith, Portland, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

BELOW—One bark and 2 brigs.

WIND—During the day N. W. and fresh.

By Telegraph.

SANDY HOOK, Feb. 10, sunset.—No inward-bound vessels in sight. Wind a gale, N. W.

NEW-ORLEANS, Feb. 9.—Arr. ships Dragon, from Calcutta; Isabella, from Boston; Harvey Birch, from Liverpool; Columbia, from New-York; Edward Everett, from Leghorn.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 9.—Arr. ship Sandusky, Liverpool; barks Amatic, Medora and Maria Morton, New-York; brig Sam Boyd, Cardenas.

Feb. 10.—The steamship Augusta, from New-York, arr. here at 7 o'clock on the evening of the 7th inst., with all well on board of her.

NORFOLK, Feb. 10—The ship Silver Star sailed on a voyage last night.

Miscellaneous.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 25.—The ship Benjamin Adams, of New-York, Chase, from New-York has arr. here with a general cargo, and has experienced very heavy weather. The captain reports that at one time she had 8 feet of water in her hold, and considerable quantities of wheat pumped up. Foremast is sprung, and the mainmast is thought to be the same.

MOBILE, Feb. 9.—The schr. Montrose (previously reported ashore) was got off after taking out about half her cargo, and has arr. at the city.—(By telegraph.)

BALTIMORE, Feb. 10.—The bark Edward Everett, for Charleston has dragged ashore on the middle ground in Patapsco River; no danger is apprehended. The schr. Brilliant, from New-York, during the gale of Thursday, had deck swept and cargo shifted.—By telegraph to Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters.

Foreign Ports.

ASPINWALL—Jan. 20, arr. Br. brig River Belle, Boston; Prussian bark William, Cardiff; Br. brig Henry, Liverpool; 21st, Sardinian brig Annettina, Genoa and Gibraltar; Feb. 1, Am. bark Magdalena, New-York; 2d, Am. brig Amos M. Roberts, New-York. Sld., Jan. 21, Am. brig Arabella, New-York; 23d, Br. ship Tiviot, St. Thomas; 26th, U. S. sloop-of-war Preble, Vera Cruz; Am. bark Wilkin, Trinidad; 27th, Am. brig Ocean Belle, Baltimore, via Nevassa; Br. bark Rival ——; 31st, Am. bark E. Foster, Trinidad; Br. bark Crinoline, Carthagena. Feb. 1, Am. brig Ortolan, Trinidad; 2d, Sardinian brig Annettina, Greytown.

CALLAO—Dec. 28, arr. Peruvian schr. Florencia, 112 ds. from New-York; 30th, Am. ships Chas. A. Farwell, Coquimbo; Cincinnatus, 48 ds. from Australia; Jan. 7, Wellfleet, 40 ds. from Melbourne; Juliet, 15 ds. from Valparaiso; 9th, State of Maine, 80 ds. from Melbourne. Sld., Dec. 28, Am. ships George Raynes, for the United States; Dashaway, do.; Fair Wind, do.; Walter Scott, Europe; Peruvian, Chinchas; 30th, Spark of the Ocean, do.; Jan. 2, Chas. A. Farwell, do.; 5th, Cincinnatus, do.; 7th, Palmetto, for Guayaquil, 10th, Wellfleet, for the Chinchas.

VALPARAISO—Dec. 24, arr. Am. schr Crimea, Montevideo. Sld., Dec. 21, Am. ship Independence, Caldera; 23d, Am. bark Hugh Birkhead, Cobija; 29th, Am. ship Juliet, Callao; 30th, Am. schr Crimea, Coronel.

A ship which arrived at Valparaiso Dec. 26, left the following vessels at the Malvina Islands Oct. 14: Danish bark Denmark, from Liverpool for California, to repair damages; 19th, Am. brigantine William Purrington, from Montevideo for London; 26th, Am. bark Howard, from Havana for Valparaiso, to repair damages; 28th, Am. bark Washington, from Boston for Honolulu, to repair damages; 31st Am. ship Kit Carson, from Islay for Liverpool, put in for water. All these vessels were at the Malvina Islands Nov. 4.

PAITA—Jan. 1, off and on, Am. whalebark Eben Dodge, 480 sperm.

[PER CANADA.]

Arrived from New-York—Sir Robert Peel, Hamburgh.

Arrived from New-Orleans—Antioch, at Queenstown; R. Jacobs, Mountaineer and Tropic, at Liverpool.

Arrived from Mobile—R. S. Ely, at Liverpool.

Mem.—The Eagle Speed, for Boston, has put back leaky.

THE FLYING ARTILLERY.—THE PRAYING Band will be at the Greene-st. Methodist Episcopal Church all Sabbath next. Prayer Meeting at [illegible] and 1½. Lord's Supper and Prayer Meeting at 3 o'clock.